## ARTICLE 89-08 DAMS, DIKES, AND OTHER DEVICES

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## CHAPTER 89-08-01 DEFINITIONS

## Section

89-08-01-01 Definitions

89-08-01-02 Definition of Unsafe Dam, Dike, or Other Device [Repealed]

## 89-08-01-01. Definitions.

The following definitions apply in this article:

- 1. "Appurtenant works" means all works incident or attached to a dam, dike, or other device, including:
  - a. A spillway, either in the dam or separate from it;
  - b. The reservoir and its rim;
  - c. A low-level outlet; and
  - d. A water conduit, such as a tunnel, pipeline, or penstock, either through the dam, dike, or other device or their abutments.
- 2. "Construction" or "construct" means any activity for which a permit is required by North Dakota Century Code section 61-16.1-38, including construction, alteration, enlargement, or modification of a dam. dike. or other device.
- 3. "Dam" means any barrier, including any appurtenant works, constructed across a watercourse or an area that drains naturally to impound or attenuate the flow of water. All structures necessary to impound a single body of water are considered a single dam.
- "Dike" means any artificial barrier, including any appurtenant works, constructed along a
  watercourse or an area that drains naturally to divert the flow of water to protect real or
  personal property.
- 5. "Diversion" means any open channel, culvert, or ditch constructed to reroute a watercourse as defined by North Dakota Century Code section 61-01-06.
- 6. "Embankment" means a structure created by an artificial deposit of material upon the natural surface of the land that is designed to act as a water control device, support roads or railways, or for other similar purposes.
- 7. "Engineer" means a person who has been duly registered and licensed as an engineer by the North Dakota state board of registration for professional engineers and land surveyors.
- 8. "Height" means the maximum vertical distance from the stream channel bottom or lowest elevation of a naturally draining area to the top of dam.

- 9. "High-hazard dam" means a dam located upstream of developed or urban areas where failure may cause serious damage to homes, industrial and commercial buildings, and major public utilities. There is potential for the loss of more than a few lives if the dam fails.
- 10. "Holding pond, lagoon, or dugout" means any artificial, hydraulically disconnected structure, including any appurtenant works, constructed to store water.
- 11. "Inspection" means a visual or mechanical check, a measurement, a boring, or any other method necessary for determination of the adequacy of construction techniques, conformity of work with approved plans and specifications, or the safety and operating performance of a dam, dike, or other device.
- 12. "Low-hazard dam" means a dam located in a rural or agricultural area where there is little possibility of future development. Failure of low-hazard dams may result in damage to agricultural land, township and county roads, and farm buildings other than residences. No loss of life is expected if the dam fails.
- 13. "Medium-hazard dam" means a dam located in a predominately rural or agricultural area where failure may damage isolated homes, main highways, or railroads, or cause interruption of minor public utilities. There is potential for the loss of a few lives if the dam fails.
- 14. "Other device" means a water control structure, other than a dam or dike, including diversions and holding ponds, lagoons, or dugouts.
- 15. "Owner" means any person who owns, controls, operates, maintains, manages, or proposes to construct a dam, dike, or other device. For the purpose of a construction permit application, "owner" means the person who owns the property or interest in property where the dam, dike, or other device will be built.
- 16. "Top of dam" means the top of the settled embankment or the elevation of the uppermost surface of a nonembankment dam, excluding accessory features, such as railings.
- 17. "Unsafe dam, dike, or other device" means any such structure that threatens harm to life or property or is improperly maintained.

History: Effective November 1, 1989; amended effective January 1, 2015.

General Authority: NDCC 28-32-02, 61-03-13

Law Implemented: NDCC 61-16.1-38

89-08-01-02. Definition of unsafe dam, dike, or other device.

Repealed effective January 1, 2015.