## FISCAL NOTE

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Bill/Resolution No.:				dment to:	нв 1040		
Requested by Legislative Council			Date	of Request: _	at:2-10-99		
	ate the fiscal impa es, cities, and scho	•	mounts) of the	e above meas	ure for state gen	eral or special	
program. Atmospheric amendment, but feels	or such purpose in the 10 total \$267M annually, according to an econorartment of Agricultury vailable upon request. ents to HB-1040 also de Resource Board con	1999-2001 bient y in increased by comic study of the ral Economics. Clarify the ability unsel has reviewed by Legislative	nium. Statewide isiness activity, when the project for the A copy of the exty of privately-furwed existing law	program benefits which will general period of 1988- ecutive summary anded entities to pay and legislative	from decreased hail te an estimated addit 1997, authored by F.J. of the study is attac articipate in the exist thistory, and finds	damage and additional \$5.1M in general L. Leistritz and R. Sched to this fiscal noting cloud modificatit consistent with the	
		nium Special Funds	1999-2001 General Fund		2001-03 E General Fund	Biennium Special Funds	
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Date Prepared: _	02 - 11- 1999		Department	partmentAtmospheric R		Board	
			Phone Num	ber 8-	2788		

## HIGHLIGHTS

North Dakota producers experience substantial losses to farm output and fixed assets because of hail. The North Dakota Cloud Modification Project (NDCMP) has actively practiced cloud modification in five or six counties in western North Dakota during the past 10 years. A recent study concluded that crop-hail damage in the cloud modification counties was reduced by 45 percent for the wheat, barley, oats, corn, sunflower, and flax. Another impact of the cloud modification project is enhanced rainfall. Enhanced rainfall does not always benefit all producers, depending on the subsequent impacts on yield, quality, and price. The economic impact to the state of enhanced rainfall is also estimated. The crops used in estimating the combined impacts of hail reduction and rainfall enhancement were wheat, barley, oats, sunflower, corn, flax, soybeans, and dry edible beans.

Estimates of crop-hail losses and crop losses prevented with cloud modification for all counties were based upon crop production and hail data from 1988 to 1997. These estimates required multiplying the county level gross values of production by its annual loss-cost ratio to get the expected hail loss and then multiplying the expected loss by the 45 percent reduction factor to estimate the crop output savable with cloud modification. Slightly different equations were necessary depending on whether the county had an on-going cloud modification project in place.

Changes in crop production due to increased rainfall were determined. The effects of increased wheat production on price received were considered. A change in crop production was estimated by changing yields per acre, not acres of crop harvested.

The direct impact of hail reduction was \$34 million and the direct impact of rainfall enhancement was \$52 million statewide, which resulted in a total direct impact of nearly \$87 million annually. This direct impact results in an increase in total business activity of \$267 million or an average \$14.52 per planted acre. Seventy-five percent of the total economic impact occurred in two sectors of the economy, 'households' and 'retail trade.' Pembina County is projected to experience a slight negative impact from the additional rainfall (-\$0.28 per planted acre), but this is more than offset by the projected benefits from hail suppression activities (+\$3.05 per planted acre). All other counties are expected to be positive in both categories. Total impacts were generally greater in the eastern one-half of North Dakota while the impacts as a percentage of gross receipts were greater in western North Dakota.

The estimated annual cost of operating the NDCMP statewide was \$3.2 million. Increased state tax revenue from sales and use tax, personal income tax, and corporate income tax as a result of the program was \$5.1 million annually. Thus, the increased state tax revenue would substantially exceed the cost of the program.