

**HOUSE BILL NO. 1273**

Introduced by

Representatives Carlisle, Keiser, Kliniske

Senators G. Nelson, Stenehjem, Wardner

1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new chapter to title 13 of the North Dakota Century  
2 Code, relating to the licensing of deferred presentment service providers; and to provide a  
3 penalty.

4 **BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:**

5 **SECTION 1.** A new chapter to title 13 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and  
6 enacted as follows:

7 **Definitions.** As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

- 8 1. "Check" means a personal check signed by the maker and made payable to a  
9 licensee.
- 10 2. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of banking and financial institutions.
- 11 3. "Completed deferred presentment service transaction" means a transaction that is  
12 completed when a check is redeemed by the maker by payment in full to the  
13 licensee in cash, money order, or certified check or by negotiation or deposit by the  
14 licensee.
- 15 4. "Deferred presentment service transaction" means a transaction made under a  
16 written agreement between a licensee and the maker of a check under which the  
17 licensee (a) pays to the maker of the check the amount of the check, less the fees  
18 permitted under this chapter, and accepts a check from the maker dated on the  
19 date of the transaction and agrees to hold the check for a period of time before  
20 negotiation or presentment or (b) accepts a check dated after the date of the  
21 transaction and agrees to hold the check for deposit until the date written on the  
22 check.
- 23 5. "Licensee" means a person licensed under this chapter to provide deferred  
24 presentment services.

1           **License requirements.** A person may not engage in the business of deferred  
2 presentment service without a license issued under this chapter. A separate license is required  
3 for each location from which the business of deferred presentment service is conducted.

4           **Qualifications for license.** To qualify for a license, an applicant shall satisfy the  
5 following requirements:

- 6           1. Each applicant shall maintain unencumbered assets of at least twenty-five  
7           thousand dollars per licensed location, determined in accordance with generally  
8           accepted accounting principles.
- 9           2. The financial responsibility, financial condition, business experience, character,  
10          and general fitness of the applicant must reasonably warrant the belief that the  
11          applicant's business will be conducted lawfully and fairly. In determining whether  
12          this qualification is met, and for the purpose of investigating compliance with this  
13          chapter, the commissioner may review and consider the relevant business records  
14          and the capital adequacy of the applicant and the competence, experience,  
15          integrity, and financial ability of any person who is a member, partner, director,  
16          officer, or twenty-five percent or more shareholder of the applicant.
- 17          3. Each applicant shall establish that neither the applicant nor any principal of the  
18          applicant has been convicted of a felony.
- 19          4. Each applicant shall maintain a bond issued by a surety company authorized to do  
20          business in this state, in the amount of twenty thousand dollars, and the  
21          commissioner may require a larger bond if the commissioner determines the larger  
22          bond is necessary based on the volume of the applicant's business.

23          **Application for license.** Each application for a license must be in the form prescribed  
24 by the commissioner and must include:

- 25          1. The legal name of the applicant, residence of the applicant, business address of  
26          the applicant, and address at which deferred presentment service is provided if  
27          different from the business address and, if the applicant is a partnership,  
28          association, or corporation, the name and address of every member, officer, and  
29          director;
- 30          2. The location at which the registered office of the applicant is located; and

3. Other data and information the commissioner may require with respect to the applicant and the applicant's directors, officers, members, and shareholders.

**Application fees - Financial statements - Annual fee - Deposit of fees.** Each applicant for licensure shall include with the application an application and background investigation fee of five hundred fifty dollars, which is not subject to refund but which, if the license is granted, constitutes the license fee for the first license year or part of the first license year, and each applicant for licensure shall include with the application proof of the required surety bond. The annual license fee is two hundred fifty dollars. Each fee set forth in this section is applicable to each location. The commissioner shall deposit fees and costs collected by the commissioner under this chapter in the department of banking and financial institutions regulatory fund.

**Issuance of license - Posting.**

1. Upon receipt of a complete application, the commissioner shall determine whether the qualifications prescribed under this chapter are satisfied. If the commissioner determines the qualifications are satisfied and approves the documents, the commissioner shall issue to the applicant a license to engage in the deferred presentment service business.
2. A licensee shall keep the license conspicuously posted in the place of business of the licensee.
3. A license issued under this section is effective through the remainder of the fiscal year ending June thirtieth after the license's date of issuance unless earlier surrendered, suspended, or revoked under this chapter.

**Nontransferability - Change in control of license.** A license issued under this chapter is not transferable or assignable. The prior written approval of the commissioner is required for the continued operation of a deferred presentment service business if a change in control of a licensee occurs. Control in the case of a corporation means direct or indirect ownership; the right to control twenty-five percent or more of the voting shares of the corporation; or the ability of any person to elect a majority of the directors or otherwise affect a change in policy. Control in the case of any other entity means the ability to exchange the principals of the organization, whether active or passive. In the case of a change of control request, the commissioner may require information the commissioner deems necessary to

determine whether a new application is required. A licensee shall notify the commissioner fifteen days before any proposed change in the licensee's business location or name.

**Reports of commissioner.** Within fifteen days of the occurrence of any one of the following events, a licensee shall file a written report with the commissioner describing the event and the event's expected impact on the activities of the licensee in the state:

1. The filing for bankruptcy or reorganization by the licensee;
2. The institution of revocation or suspension proceedings against the licensee by any governmental authority;
3. Any felony indictment of the licensee or any of the licensee's members, directors, officers, or shareholders; and
4. Any other event the commissioner identifies by rule.

**Expiration of license - Renewal.** Licenses issued under this chapter expire as of July first of each year. A license may be renewed for the ensuing twelve-month period upon application by the licensee establishing continued compliance with the requirements of this chapter and the payment to the commissioner of the annual license fee before July first of each year.

**Regulations - Examinations.** The commissioner may adopt rules for the implementation and enforcement of this chapter. A copy of a rule adopted by the commissioner must be mailed to each licensee at least thirty days before the date the rule takes effect. To assure compliance with this chapter, the commissioner may examine the relevant business, books, and records of any licensee. The licensee shall pay an examination or visitation fee, and the commissioner shall charge the licensee for the actual cost of the examination or visitation at an hourly rate set by the commissioner which is sufficient to cover all reasonable expenses associated with the examination or visitation.

**Retention of records.** Each licensee shall keep and use in the licensee's business any books, accounts, and records the commissioner may require to carry into effect the provisions of this chapter and the rules issued under this chapter. Every licensee shall preserve required books, accounts, and records for at least six years.

**Fees for service - Deferred presentment service transaction procedures.**

- 1           1. Before disbursing funds under a deferred presentment service transaction, a  
2           licensee shall provide to the maker of the check a clear and conspicuous printed  
3           notice indicating:
  - 4           a. That a deferred presentment service transaction is not intended to meet  
5           long-term financial needs.
  - 6           b. That the maker of a check should use a deferred presentment service  
7           transaction only to meet short-term cash needs.
  - 8           c. That the maker of a check will be required to pay additional fees if the  
9           deferred presentment service transaction is renewed rather than paid in full  
10           when due. If the transaction is renewed, any amount paid in excess of the fee  
11           applies to the payoff amount.
  - 12           d. A schedule of fees charged for deferred presentment service.
  - 13           e. Any information required under federal law.
- 14          2. A licensee may charge a fee for the deferred presentment service, not to exceed  
15          twenty percent of the amount paid to the maker of the check by the licensee. This  
16          fee may not be deemed interest for any purpose of law. No other fee or charge  
17          may be charged for the preferred presentment service.
- 18          3. A licensee may not disburse more than five hundred dollars to the maker of a  
19          check in a deferred presentment service transaction.
- 20          4. A licensee may not engage in a deferred presentment service transaction with a  
21          customer who has an aggregate face value of all outstanding checks from any one  
22          maker exceeding five hundred dollars which is payable to the same or any other  
23          licensee. A licensee may not enter into a new deferred presentment service  
24          transaction with a customer within five days of that customer's completion of a  
25          previous deferred presentment service transaction. A licensee may rely on a  
26          written representation of a maker regarding the existence of any outstanding  
27          checks for deferred presentment held by a licensee other than the licensee  
28          receiving the representation. However, if a licensee has multiple locations, that  
29          licensee may not rely on such written representation of a maker regarding the  
30          existence of any outstanding checks for deferred presentment held by that  
31          licensee, or one of the licensee's multiple locations, unless the licensee and the

- 1 licensee's multiple locations use a point of sale registry or some other accounting  
2 system to attempt to prevent violations of this subsection.
- 3 5. Before a licensee may negotiate or present a check for payment, the check must  
4 be endorsed with the actual name under which the licensee is doing business.
- 5 6. Each deferred presentment service transaction, including a renewal, must be  
6 documented by a written agreement signed by the maker of the check. The written  
7 agreement must contain the name of the licensee; the transaction date; the amount  
8 of the check; and a statement of the total amount of fees charged, expressed as a  
9 dollar amount and as an annual percentage rate. The written agreement must  
10 authorize the licensee to defer presentment or negotiation of the check until a  
11 specified date. The maker of a check may redeem the check from the licensee at  
12 any time before the negotiation or presentment of the check by making payment to  
13 the licensee.
- 14 7. If a check is returned to the licensee from a payer financial institution due to  
15 insufficient funds, closed account, or a stop payment order, the licensee has the  
16 right to all civil remedies available to collect the check. The licensee may contract  
17 for and collect a returned check charge not to exceed twenty dollars per customer,  
18 per year. No other fee or charge may be collected as a result of a returned check  
19 or as a result of default by the maker of the check in timely payment to the  
20 licensee.
- 21 8. A maker of a check who enters into a deferred presentment service agreement is  
22 not subject to a criminal penalty relating to the check or the deferred presentment  
23 service agreement unless the account on which the check was written was closed  
24 on the original date of the transaction. A licensee may not pursue or threaten to  
25 pursue criminal penalties against a maker of a check for criminal penalties  
26 prohibited by this subsection.
- 27 9. A licensee may not engage in unfair or deceptive acts, practices, or advertising in  
28 the conduct of a deferred presentment service business.
- 29 10. The amount paid to the maker by the licensee in a deferred presentment service  
30 transaction must be paid in the form of cash or check.

11. Each licensee must conspicuously post in the licensee's licensed location a notice of the fees imposed for the deferred presentment service.
12. A licensee may renew a deferred presentment service transaction. A licensee's renewal fee may not exceed twenty percent of the amount being renewed. The total period of deferral, including the initial deferral and any renewals, may not exceed forty-five days. An individual renewal period may not be less than fifteen days. After forty-five days the renewed deferred presentment check must be paid off in cash, money order, or certified check by the maker or must be deposited by the licensee.
13. A licensee may not renew, repay, refinance, or consolidate a deferred presentment service transaction with the proceeds of another deferred presentment service transaction with that licensee by the same maker or customer. It is presumed that a deferred presentment service transaction initiated within five days before completion of a deferred presentment service transaction is a violation of this subsection.
14. A licensee may not conduct another business, other than a bona fide pawnbroking business, within the same office, suite, room, or place of business at which the licensee engages in deferred presentment service transactions unless the commissioner provides written authorization after a determination the other business is not contrary to the best interests of consumers.
15. A licensee shall provide a notice in a prominent place on each deferred presentment service agreement in no less than ten-point type in substantially the following form:
- State law prohibits this business from allowing customers to have outstanding at any one time, deferred presentment service transactions totaling more than five hundred dollars.

**Denial of license - Hearing.** If the commissioner determines an applicant is not qualified to receive a license, the commissioner shall notify the applicant in writing stating that the application is denied and stating the basis for denial. If the commissioner denies an application, or if the commissioner fails to act on an application within thirty days after the filing of a properly completed application, the applicant may make written demand to the

1 commissioner for a hearing before the commissioner on the question of whether the license  
2 should be granted. The hearing must be held within thirty days after receipt of the written  
3 demand by the applicant. In the event of a hearing, the commissioner shall reconsider the  
4 application and, after hearing, issue a written order granting or denying the application. If an  
5 applicant who is denied a license requests a hearing and the commissioner's denial is upheld,  
6 the commissioner may assess the applicant for the commissioner's costs incurred for the  
7 hearing, in an amount not exceeding two thousand dollars.

8 **Suspension - Revocation.**

- 9 1. After notice and hearing, the commissioner may suspend or revoke a license if the  
10 commissioner finds that the licensee or any principal of the licensee has been  
11 convicted of a felony or that the licensee knowingly or through lack of due care:
- 12 a. Failed to pay the annual license fee imposed under this chapter or any  
13 examination fee imposed by the commissioner under the authority of this  
14 chapter;
  - 15 b. Committed any fraud, engaged in any dishonest activities, or made any  
16 misrepresentations;
  - 17 c. Violated this chapter or any rule adopted under this chapter or violated any  
18 other law in the course of the licensee's business activities as a licensee;
  - 19 d. Made false statements in the application for the license; or
  - 20 e. Engaged in any unfair or deceptive acts, practices, or advertising in the  
21 conduct of a deferred presentment service business.
- 22 2. Written notice must be given at least twenty days before the date of a hearing  
23 under this chapter.

24 **Violations - Cease and desist orders - Penalties.** Any person who provides deferred  
25 presentment services without a license is guilty of a class C felony and any person who violates  
26 any other provisions of this chapter or any rule adopted to implement this chapter is guilty of an  
27 infraction. If the commissioner finds, whether without a hearing or after a hearing if a hearing is  
28 requested within twenty days of notice of an action by the commissioner under this section, that  
29 a person violated this chapter or any rule adopted to implement this chapter, the commissioner  
30 may do any one or more of the following:

- 31 1. Order the person to cease and desist violating this chapter or the rule.



- 1           2.    Require the refund of any fees collected by the person in violation of this chapter.
- 2           3.    Impose a civil penalty not to exceed one thousand dollars per transaction for
- 3               violation of a cease and desist order issued under this chapter or for violation of
- 4               this chapter.