MICROFILM DIVIDER

OMB/RECORDS MANAGEMENT DIVISION SFN 2053 (2/85) 5M



ROLL NUMBER

DESCRIPTION

205/

2005 SENATE JUDICIARY SB2057

2005 SENATE STANDING COMMITTEE MINUTES

BILL/RESOLUTION NO. SB 2057

Senate Judiciary Committee

☐ Conference Committee

Hearing Date January 11, 2005

Meter #	Side B	Side A	Tape Number
1427 - 1969 2205		Х	1
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Minutes: Relating to collection of the estate of a decedent by affidavit.

Senator John (Jack) T. Traynor, Chairman called the Judiciary committee to order. All Senators were present. The hearing opened with the following testimony:

Testimony In Support of the Bill:

Sen. Trenbeath Dist #10, introduced the bill as the prime sponsor, representing my local probate bar in Pembana Co. (meter 1427) The last time this Century Code was changed was when it was adopted in 1973. The original dollar amount at that time was \$10,000 (1973) and we would like to change it to \$50,00 (2005)

Discussion of process (meter 1669) **Sen. Nelson** questioned a singular usage of wording-clerical (1765)

Malcom Brown - Testified he was in support of bill.

Testimony in Opposition of the Bill:

None

Page 2 Senate Judiciary Committee Bill/Resolution Number SB 2057 Hearing Date January 11, 2205

Senator John (Jack) T. Traynor, Chairman closed the Hearing

Senator Syverson moved to pass and Senator Hacker seconded all were in favor none oppose.

Carrier: Senator Syverson

Senator John (Jack) T. Traynor, Chairman closed the Hearing

Date: 01/11/05 Roll Call Vote #: 1

2005 SENATE STANDING COMMITTEE ROLL CALL VOTES BILL/RESOLUTION NO. SB 2057

Senate <u>Judiciar</u>	у				Comi	mittee
Check here for	r Conference Com	mittee				
Legislative Counci	l Amendment Num	ıber _				
Action Taken	Move to Do Pass		_			
Motion Made By	Senator Syversor	n	Se	econded By Senator Hack	er	
Sen	ators	Yes	No	Senators	Yes	No
Sen. Traynor		X		Sen. Nelson	X	
Senator Syverson	1	X		Senator Triplett	X	
Senator Hacker		X				
Sen. Trenbeath	<u></u>	X		<u></u>		Ļ
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Total (Yes) _			6 N	0		0
Absent						0
Floor Assignment	Senator Syverso	on				
If the vote is on an	amendment, brief	ly indica	ate inter	nt:		

REPORT OF STANDING COMMITTEE (410) January 11, 2005 10:58 a.m.

Module No: SR-06-0252 Carrier: Syverson Insert LC: Title: .

REPORT OF STANDING COMMITTEE

SB 2057: Judiciary Committee (Sen. Traynor, Chairman) recommends DO PASS (6 YEAS, 0 NAYS, 0 ABSENT AND NOT VOTING). SB 2057 was placed on the Eleventh order on the calendar.

2005 HOUSE JUDICIARY

SB 2057

2005 HOUSE STANDING COMMITTEE MINUTES

BILL/RESOLUTION NO. SB 2057

House Judiciary Committee

☐ Conference Committee

Hearing Date 2/28/05

Tape Number	Side A	Side B	Meter #
1	XX		0-5.4
1	*	xx	22.3-24.9
2	XX		13.3-20.8
Committee Clerk Signa	iture Naux Penios	يو	

Minutes: 13 members present, 1 member absent (Rep. Bernstein).

Chairman DeKrey: We will open the hearing on SB 2057.

Sen. Tom Trenbeath: Sponsor, support, explained the bill. I am the prime sponsor of this piece of legislation at the request of members of the Practicing Bar in the Probate area of law. When the Uniform Probate Code was adopted by this legislature in 1973, it contained all the provisions you presently see in front of you that constitutes SB 2057. However, the area of change is with respect to gathering small estates, the assets of small estates. At the time this law was passed, in 1973, that said estates that did not exceed the amount of \$5,000. That was subsequently raised about 20 years ago to \$15,000 and now of course, it would be appropriate to raise it again. What this really is, is it protects small estates from incurring legal fees that would, in a lot of cases, deplete the assets of the estate almost totally. What it says is that if after 30 days after death, no probate has been filed, no one has come forward to be appointed personal representative for the estate, and if the value of the estate does not exceed \$50,000, under this

Page 2 House Judiciary Committee Bill/Resolution Number SB 2057 Hearing Date 2/28/05

bill, any person that is related or entitled to the estate, they put together an affidavit that recites those facts, that he is a descendant of the decedent, that the estate does not exceed \$50,000 and that no personal representative has been appointed, may collect the assets of the estate from those people that hold them. They then distribute the assets in accordance with his/her own wishes. The fact of the matter is, the reason this was brought to light, and it is happening more and more often, is you have a person who dies with \$40,000 in assets. Five kids, seven kids, or no kids, and then you have aunts, uncles, cousins, that formal probate would have to be begun, all the provisions would have to be taken care of, you'd have to go through the court system and guess what, by the time you are done, the estate is almost nonexistent. So in the Senate, when we heard this bill, we had the Probate Bar testify in favor of it and no one testified against it. We'd ask your favorable consideration also.

Chairman DeKrey: All you are doing is adjusting for inflation.

Sen. Tom Trenbeath: Yes.

Representative Koppelman: Do you know how this compares with other states. Even \$50,000 sounds low to me, when you look at today's dollars in the amount of the estate.

Sen. Tom Trenbeath: We're kind of ahead of the curve on this one. The one we checked on was Minnesota and speaking from recollection, I believe they presently have \$30,000. We're actually looking to the future here.

Representative Klemin: Let's say we have a situation where I owe somebody \$10,000 on a promissory note and it's due on demand, and it happens to be my father, he wanted to make sure that there was something, some evidence of the loan he made to me, he dies, under subsection 1, that we're amending, I have to pay that back within 30 days after he dies.

Page 3 House Judiciary Committee Bill/Resolution Number SB 2057 Hearing Date 2/28/05

Sen. Tom Trenbeath: You don't have to pay it back within 30 days, but subsequent to 30 days if a demand is made on you for payment, and you can make the legal argument that death constitutes demand, payable on demand, then you would pay it to the person presenting the affidavit.

Representative Klemin: Say, it's for example, my older brother. He didn't get a \$10,000 loan from my dad. So would this say that my brother demand that I pay that \$10,000 to him.

<u>Sen. Tom Trenbeath:</u> Yes it does; but however, under the Probate Code, of course, if you didn't feel that that was an appropriate situation, you could always apply to the court to become personal representative. You can always formalize it.

Representative Klemin: Can I do that after he has made the demand under this section.

Sen. Tom Trenbeath: I think you have to pay it to him, and then formalize it.

Representative Klemin: The reason I haven't taken him to court, for instance, I don't have the money.

Sen. Tom Trenbeath: There's no answer that I'm going to give you that you're going to like. You keep moving the target.

Representative Klemin: Just testing your knowledge.

Sen. Tom Trenbeath: I didn't say I was a member of the Probate Bar.

Representative Klemin: I guess I'm wondering if there isn't another problem with this section.

<u>Sen. Tom Trenbeath:</u> Well, there may well be. I'm not aware of one, I'm not aware of that situation arising, where it's caused a problem; because presumably if that were a problem, we'd have been hearing about it here also. That's been law for 32 years now.

<u>Chairman DeKrey:</u> Thank you. Further testimony in support. Testimony in opposition. We will close the hearing.

Sen. Dave Nething: I would just comment briefly that, in my experience, in practicing law, which I no longer do, but I did up until the year 2000, this was an area that was very, very beneficial to the heirs trying to settle an estate at the \$15,000 level. At one time, it was \$10,000, and then we went to \$15,000. Now to go to \$50,000 is realistic in this day and age, but it is such a good tool to have because the cost is so minimal to those settling an estate.

Representative Klemin: What if the decedent owes money to somebody himself. Is the person that's going to claim the \$50,000 able to take it free and clear of that debt.

Sen. Dave Nething: I think the creditors had their opportunity, this is the same with current law, it's the same situation whether at \$15,000 or \$50,000. All this does is increase the amount.

Representative Klemin: Well, true...

Sen. Dave Nething: It doesn't change the law.

Representative Klemin: But \$15,000 isn't nearly as much as \$50,000, so under the current law, that estate would have to be probated and there would be a notice published to notify creditors, that allowed them to file claims. By changing this to \$50,000, now we're dealing with quite a bit more money and we don't have to publish that notice to creditors to notify them that the person died, with up to \$50,000 at least, that potentially the money that's not going to be used to satisfy those creditor's claims.

Sen. Dave Nething: There's no question that the amount is going to be different, but again, under current law, other than the fact that you're changing the dollar amount, I don't know what

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amount would solve the problem, whether it's \$40,000 or \$30,000 or \$25,000, you'd still have that problem that you've described. I don't know how you would get away from it.

Chairman DeKrey: Thank you.

(Reopened later in the same session)

Chairman DeKrey: What are the committee's wishes in regard to SB 2057.

Representative Delmore: I move a Do Pass.

Representative Koppelman: Seconded.

13 YES 0 NO 1 ABSENT DO PASS CARRIER: Rep. Kretschmar

Date: 2/28/05 Roll Call Vote #: /

2005 HOUSE STANDING COMMITTEE ROLL CALL VOTES BILL/RESOLUTION NO. _______________

HOUSE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

egislative Council Amendment N	umber _				
action Taken	o Pa	مر			
Motion Made By Rep. De	lmore	Se	conded By Rep. Kop.	spel	mo
Representatives	Yes	No	Representatives	Yes	No
Chairman DeKrey			Representative Delmore		
Representative Maragos	-		Representative Meyer	1/	
Representative Bernstein	A		Representative Onstad	 -	<u> </u>
Representative Boehning			Representative Zaiser		
Representative Charging					
Representative Galvin					
Representative Kingsbury					
Representative Klemin					<u> </u>
Representative Koppelman					<u> </u>
Representative Kretschmar					
		<u> </u>		1	
		:			
Total (Yes)	13	N	。 <u> </u>		
Absent		1			
Floor Assignment	Rep.	Kre	tschmar		

REPORT OF STANDING COMMITTEE (410) February 28, 2005 12:03 p.m.

Module No: HR-36-3758 Carrier: Kretschmar Insert LC: Title:

REPORT OF STANDING COMMITTEE

SB 2057: Judiciary Committee (Rep. DeKrey, Chairman) recommends DO PASS (13 YEAS, 0 NAYS, 1 ABSENT AND NOT VOTING). SB 2057 was placed on the Fourteenth order on the calendar.