

**Sixtieth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota
In Regular Session Commencing Wednesday, January 3, 2007**

SENATE BILL NO. 2032
(Legislative Council)
(Finance and Taxation Committee)

AN ACT to create and enact three new sections to chapter 57-38 and three new subsections to section 57-38-30.3 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to income tax marriage penalty relief, a homestead income tax credit, and a commercial property income tax credit; to amend and reenact sections 57-02-08.1, 57-12-09, 57-15-14, 57-20-07.1, and 57-55-04 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to the homestead credit, notice of assessment increases, school district levy limitations, contents of property tax statements, payment of real estate taxes, and mobile home taxes; to provide an appropriation; to provide for a transfer; to provide for a legislative council study; and to provide an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 57-02-08.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

57-02-08.1. Homestead credit.

1. a. Any person sixty-five years of age or older or permanently and totally disabled, in the year in which the tax was levied, with an income that does not exceed the limitations of subdivision c is entitled to receive a reduction in the assessment on the taxable valuation on the person's homestead. An exemption under this subsection applies regardless of whether the person is the head of a family.
- b. The exemption under this subsection continues to apply if the person does not reside in the homestead and the person's absence is due to confinement in a nursing home, hospital, or other care facility, for as long as the portion of the homestead previously occupied by the person is not rented to another person.
- c. The exemption must be determined according to the following schedule:
 - (1) If the person's income is not in excess of ~~eight ten~~ ten thousand ~~five hundred~~ dollars, a reduction of one hundred percent of the taxable valuation of the person's homestead up to a maximum reduction of three thousand ~~thirty-eight~~ three hundred seventy-five dollars of taxable valuation.
 - (2) If the person's income is in excess of ~~eight ten~~ ten thousand ~~five hundred~~ dollars and not in excess of ~~ten~~ twelve thousand dollars, a reduction of eighty percent of the taxable valuation of the person's homestead up to a maximum reduction of two thousand ~~four~~ seven hundred ~~thirty~~ dollars of taxable valuation.
 - (3) If the person's income is in excess of ~~ten~~ twelve thousand dollars and not in excess of ~~eleven~~ fourteen thousand ~~five hundred~~ dollars, a reduction of sixty percent of the taxable valuation of the person's homestead up to a maximum reduction of ~~one~~ two thousand ~~eight hundred twenty-three~~ twenty-five dollars of taxable valuation.
 - (4) If the person's income is in excess of ~~eleven~~ fourteen thousand ~~five hundred~~ dollars and not in excess of ~~thirteen~~ sixteen thousand dollars, a reduction of forty percent of the taxable valuation of the person's homestead up to a

maximum reduction of one thousand ~~two~~ three hundred ~~fifteen~~ fifty dollars of taxable valuation.

- (5) If the person's income is in excess of ~~thirteen~~ sixteen thousand dollars and not in excess of ~~fourteen~~ seventeen thousand five hundred dollars, a reduction of twenty percent of the taxable valuation of the person's homestead up to a maximum reduction of six hundred ~~eight~~ seventy-five dollars of taxable valuation.
 - d. Persons residing together, as spouses or when one or more is a dependent of another, are entitled to only one exemption between or among them under this subsection. Persons residing together, who are not spouses or dependents, who are coowners of the property are each entitled to a percentage of a full exemption under this subsection equal to their ownership interests in the property.
 - e. This subsection does not reduce the liability of any person for special assessments levied upon any property.
 - f. Any person claiming the exemption under this subsection shall sign a verified statement of facts establishing the person's eligibility.
 - g. A person is ineligible for the exemption under this subsection if the value of the assets of the person and any dependent residing with the person, excluding the unencumbered value of the person's residence that the person claims as a homestead, exceeds fifty thousand dollars, including the value of any assets divested within the last three years. For purposes of this subdivision, the unencumbered valuation of the homestead is limited to one hundred thousand dollars.
 - h. The assessor shall attach the statement filed under subdivision f to the assessment sheet and shall show the reduction on the assessment sheet.
 - i. An exemption under this subsection terminates at the end of the taxable year of the death of the applicant.
2. a. Any person who would qualify for an exemption under subdivisions a and c of subsection 1 except for the fact that the person rents living quarters is eligible for refund of a portion of the person's annual rent deemed by this subsection to constitute the payment of property tax.
 - b. For the purpose of this subsection, twenty percent of the annual rent, exclusive of any federal rent subsidy and of charges for any utilities, services, furniture, furnishings, or personal property appliances furnished by the landlord as part of the rental agreement, whether expressly set out in the rental agreement, must be considered as payment made for property tax. When any part of the twenty percent of the annual rent exceeds four percent of the annual income of a qualified applicant, the applicant is entitled to receive a refund from the state general fund for that amount in excess of four percent of the person's annual income, but the refund may not be in excess of two hundred forty dollars. If the calculation for the refund is less than five dollars, a minimum of five dollars must be sent to the qualifying applicant.
 - c. Persons who reside together, as spouses or when one or more is a dependent of another, are entitled to only one refund between or among them under this subsection. Persons who reside together in a rental unit, who are not spouses or dependents, are each entitled to apply for a refund based on the rent paid by that person.
 - d. Each application for refund under this subsection must be made to the tax commissioner before the first day of June of each year by the person claiming the

- refund. The tax commissioner may grant an extension of time to file an application for good cause. The tax commissioner shall issue refunds to applicants.
- e. This subsection does not apply to rents or fees paid by a person for any living quarters, including a nursing home licensed pursuant to section 23-16-01, if those living quarters are exempt from property taxation and the owner is not making a payment in lieu of property taxes.
 - f. A person may not receive a refund under this section for a taxable year in which that person received an exemption under subsection 1.
3. All forms necessary to effectuate this section must be prescribed, designed, and made available by the tax commissioner. The county directors of tax equalization shall make these forms available upon request.
 4. A person whose homestead is a farm structure exempt from taxation under subsection 15 of section 57-02-08 may not receive any property tax credit under this section.
 5. For the purposes of this section:
 - a. "Dependent" has the same meaning it has for federal income tax purposes.
 - b. "Homestead" has the same meaning as provided in section 47-18-01.
 - c. "Income" means income for the most recent complete taxable year from all sources, including the income of any dependent of the applicant, and including any county, state, or federal public assistance benefits, social security, or other retirement benefits, but excluding any federal rent subsidy, any amount excluded from income by federal or state law, and medical expenses paid during the year by the applicant or the applicant's dependent which is not compensated by insurance or other means.
 - d. "Medical expenses" has the same meaning as it has for state income tax purposes, except that for transportation for medical care the person may use the standard mileage rate allowed for state officer and employee use of a motor vehicle under section 54-06-09.
 - e. "Permanently and totally disabled" means the inability to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve months as established by a certificate from a licensed physician.

SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 57-12-09 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

57-12-09. ~~Written notice~~ Notice of increased assessment to real estate owner. When any assessor has increased the true and full valuation of any lot or tract of land ~~together with or~~ or any improvements thereon ~~by fifteen percent or more to more than ten percent more than the amount of the last assessment, written notice of the amount of increase over the last assessment and the amount of the last assessment must be delivered in writing by the assessor to the property owner or, mailed in writing to the property owner at the property owner's last-known address except that no notice need be delivered or mailed if the true and full valuation is increased by less than three thousand dollars, or provided to the property owner by electronic mail directed with verification of receipt to an electronic mail address at which the property owner has consented to receive notice.~~ Delivery of notice to a property owner under this section must be completed not fewer than fifteen days before the meeting of the local equalization board. The tax commissioner shall prescribe suitable forms for this notice and the notice must show the true and full value as defined by law of the property, including improvements, that the assessor used in making the assessment for the current year and for the year in which the last

assessment was made and must also show the date prescribed by law for the meeting of the local equalization board of the assessment district in which the property is located and the meeting date of the county equalization board. The notice must be mailed or delivered ~~to the property owner at least ten days in advance of the meeting date of the local equalization board and must be mailed or delivered~~ at the expense of the assessment district for which the assessor is employed.

SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Section 57-15-14 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

57-15-14. Tax General fund levy limitations in school districts. The aggregate amount levied each year for the purposes listed in section 57-15-14.2 by any school district, except the Fargo school district, may not exceed the amount in dollars which the school district levied for the prior school year plus eighteen percent up to a general fund levy of one hundred eighty-five mills on the dollar of the taxable valuation of the district, except that:

1. In any school district having a total population in excess of four thousand according to the last federal decennial census:
 - a. There may be levied any specific number of mills that upon resolution of the school board has been submitted to and approved by a majority of the qualified electors voting upon the question at any regular or special school district election.
 - b. There is no limitation upon the taxes which may be levied if upon resolution of the school board of any such district the removal of the mill levy limitation has been submitted to and approved by a majority of the qualified electors voting at any regular or special election upon such question.
2. In any school district having a total population of less than four thousand, there may be levied any specific number of mills that upon resolution of the school board has been approved by fifty-five percent of the qualified electors voting upon the question at any regular or special school election.
3. After June 30, 2007, in any school district election for approval by electors of unlimited or increased levy authority under subsection 1 or 2, the ballot must specify the number of mills, the percentage increase in dollars levied, or that unlimited levy authority is proposed for approval, and the number of taxable years for which that approval is to apply. After June 30, 2007, approval by electors of unlimited or increased levy authority under subsection 1 or 2 may not be effective for more than ten taxable years.
4. In any school district in which the total assessed valuation of property has increased twenty percent or more over the prior year and in which as a result of that increase the school district is entitled to less in state aid payments provided in chapter 15.1-27 because of the deduction required in section 15.1-27-05, there may be levied any specific number of mills more in dollars than was levied in the prior year up to a general fund levy of one hundred eighty-five mills on the dollar of the taxable valuation of the school district. The additional levy authorized by this subsection may be levied for not more than two years because of any twenty percent or greater annual increase in assessed valuation. The total amount of revenue generated in excess of the eighteen percent increase which is otherwise permitted by this section may not exceed the amount of state aid payments lost as a result of applying the deduction provided in section 15.1-27-05 to the increased assessed valuation of the school district in a one-year period.

The question of authorizing or discontinuing such specific number of mills authority or unlimited taxing authority in any school district must be submitted to the qualified electors at the next regular election upon resolution of the school board or upon the filing with the school board of a petition containing the signatures of qualified electors of the district equal in number to ~~twenty ten~~ twenty ten percent of the number of persons enumerated in the school census for that district for the most recent year such census was taken, ~~unless such census is greater than four thousand in which case only fifteen percent of the~~

~~number of persons enumerated in the school census is required~~ electors who cast votes in the most recent election in the school district. However, not fewer than twenty-five signatures are required unless the district has fewer than twenty-five qualified electors, in which case the petition must be signed by not less than twenty-five percent of the qualified electors of the district. In those districts with fewer than twenty-five qualified electors, the number of qualified electors in the district must be determined by the county superintendent for such county in which such school is located. However, the approval of discontinuing either such authority does not affect the tax levy in the calendar year in which the election is held. The election must be held in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as provided in this section for the first election upon the question of authorizing the mill levy.

SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Section 57-20-07.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

57-20-07.1. County treasurer to mail real estate tax statement. On or before December twenty-sixth of each year, the county treasurer shall mail a real estate tax statement to the owner of each parcel of real property at the owner's last-known address. The statement must be provided in a manner that allows the taxpayer to retain a printed record of the obligation for payment of taxes and special assessments as provided in the statement. If a parcel of real property is owned by more than one individual, the county treasurer shall send only one statement to one of the owners of that property. Additional copies of the tax statement will be sent to the other owners upon their request and the furnishing of their names and addresses to the county treasurer. ~~Such tax statements~~ The tax statement must include a dollar valuation of the true and full value as defined by law of the property and the total mill levy applicable. The tax statement must include, or be accompanied by a separate sheet, with three columns showing, for the taxable year to which the tax statement applies and the two immediately preceding taxable years, the property tax levy in dollars against the parcel by the county and school district and any city or township that levied taxes against the parcel. Failure of an owner to receive a statement will not relieve that owner of liability, nor extend the discount privilege past the February fifteenth deadline.

SECTION 5. A new section to chapter 57-38 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as follows:

Marriage penalty credit.

1. A married couple filing a joint return under section 57-38-30.3 is allowed a credit of not to exceed three hundred dollars per couple as determined under this section. The tax commissioner shall adjust the maximum amount of the credit under this subsection each taxable year at the time and rate adjustments are made to rate schedules under subdivision g of subsection 1 of section 57-38-30.3.
2. The credit under this section is the difference between the tax on the couple's joint North Dakota taxable income under the rates and income levels in subdivision b of subsection 1 of section 57-38-30.3 and the sum of the tax under the rates and income levels of subdivision a of subsection 1 of section 57-38-30.3 on the earned income of the lesser-earning spouse, and the tax under the rates and income levels of subdivision a of subsection 1 of section 57-38-30.3 on the couple's joint North Dakota taxable income, minus the earned income of the lesser-earning spouse.
3. The tax commissioner shall prepare and make available to taxpayers a comprehensive table showing the credit under this section at brackets of earnings of the lesser-earning spouse and joint taxable income. The brackets of earnings may not be more than two thousand dollars.
4. For a nonresident or part-year resident, the credit under this section must be adjusted based on the percentage calculated under subdivision f of subsection 1 of section 57-38-30.3.
5. For purposes of this section:

- a. "Earned income" means the sum of the following, to the extent included in North Dakota taxable income:
- (1) Earned income as defined in section 32(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code;
 - (2) Income received from a retirement pension, profit-sharing, stock bonus, or annuity plan; and
 - (3) Social security benefits as defined in section 86(d)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- b. "Earned income of the lesser-earning spouse" means the earned income of the spouse with the lesser amount of earned income for the taxable year minus the sum of:
- (1) The amount for one exemption under section 151(d) of the Internal Revenue Code; and
 - (2) One-half of the amount of the standard deduction under section 63(c)(2)(A)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code.

SECTION 6. A new section to chapter 57-38 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as follows:

Homestead income tax credit - Rules.

1. In addition to any other credit or deduction allowed by law for a homeowner, an individual is entitled to a credit against the tax imposed under section 57-38-29 or section 57-38-30.3 for taxable years 2007 and 2008 in the amount of ten percent of property taxes or mobile home taxes that became due during the income tax taxable year and are paid which were levied against the individual's homestead in this state. For purposes of this section, "property taxes" does not include any special assessments.
2. For purposes of this section, "homestead" means the dwelling occupied by the individual as the individual's primary residence and, if that residence is in this state, any residential or agricultural property owned by that individual in this state.
3.
 - a. The amount of the credit under this section may not exceed one thousand dollars for married persons filing a joint return or five hundred dollars for a single individual or married individuals filing separate returns.
 - b. The amount of the credit under this section may not exceed the taxpayer's tax liability under this chapter.
4. The amount of the credit under subsection 3 in excess of the taxpayer's tax liability may be carried forward for up to five years or the taxpayer may request that the tax commissioner issue the taxpayer a certificate in the amount of the excess which may be used by the taxpayer against property or mobile home tax liability of the taxpayer during the ensuing taxable year by delivering the certificate to the county treasurer in which the taxable property or mobile home is subject to taxes. The county treasurer shall forward certificates redeemed in payment of a tax obligation under this section to the tax commissioner, who shall issue payment to the county in the amount of the certificates.
5. Persons owning property together are entitled to only one credit for a parcel of property between or among them under this section. Persons owning property together are each entitled to a percentage of the credit for a single individual under this section equal to their ownership interests in the property.
6. This section is not subject to subsection 1 or subsection 2 of section 57-38-45.

7. The tax commissioner shall adopt rules to provide for filing and verification of claims of credits under this section and for issuance and redemption of tax certificates under subsection 4.
8. a. If, on November 15, 2008, the total amount of tax credits claimed under this section exceeds forty-seven million dollars, the tax commissioner shall reduce the rate of the credit under subsection 1. The adjusted credit rate must be calculated by the tax commissioner as follows:
 - (1) The tax commissioner shall determine the percentage by which the credits claimed under this section exceeds forty-seven million dollars.
 - (2) The difference between the number one and the amount calculated under subdivision a multiplied by ten percent is the adjusted credit rate for the 2008 taxable year.
- b. The tax commissioner shall report any adjustment under this subsection to the budget section of the legislative council for review.

SECTION 7. A new section to chapter 57-38 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as follows:

Commercial property income tax credit - Rules.

1. In addition to any other credit or deduction allowed by law for a property owner, an individual or corporation is entitled to a credit against the tax imposed under sections 57-38-29, 57-39-30, or 57-38-30.3 for taxable years 2007 and 2008 in the amount of ten percent of property taxes or mobile home taxes that became due during the income tax taxable year and are paid which were levied against commercial property in this state. For purposes of this section, "property taxes" does not include any special assessments.
 - a. The amount of the credit under this section may not exceed one thousand dollars for any taxpayer.
 - b. The amount of the credit under this section may not exceed the taxpayer's tax liability under this chapter.
 - c. The amount of the credit under this section may not exceed one thousand dollars for married persons filing a joint return or five hundred dollars for a single individual or married individual filing separate returns.
2. The amount of the credit under subdivisions a and c of subsection 1 in excess of the taxpayer's tax liability may be carried forward for up to five years.
3. Persons owning property together are entitled to only one credit property between or among them under this section. Persons owning property together are each entitled to a percentage of the credit equal to their ownership interests in the property. Married individuals owning property together are each entitled to a percentage of the credit for a single individual under this section equal to their ownership interests in the property.
4. This section is not subject to subsection 1 or subsection 2 of section 57-38-45.
5. A passthrough entity entitled to the credit under this section shall allocate the amount of the credit allowed with respect to the entity's property at the passthrough entity level. The amount of the total credit determined at the entity level must be passed through to the partners, shareholders, or members in proportion to their respective interests in the passthrough entity.

6. The tax commissioner shall adopt rules to provide for filing and verification of claims under this section.
7. a. If, on November 15, 2008, the total amount of credits claimed under this section exceeds seven million dollars, the tax commissioner shall reduce the cap that applies to the credit under subsection 1. The adjusted credit cap must be calculated by the tax commissioner as follows:
 - (1) The tax commissioner shall determine the percentage by which the credits claimed under this section exceeds seven million dollars.
 - (2) The difference between the number one and the amount calculated under paragraph 1 multiplied by the amount of the cap is the adjusted credit cap for the 2008 taxable year.
- b. The tax commissioner shall report any proposed adjustment under this subsection to the budget section of the legislative council for approval.

SECTION 8. Three new subsections to section 57-38-30.3 of the North Dakota Century Code are created and enacted as follows:

A taxpayer filing a return under this section is entitled to the credit provided under section 5 of this Act.

A taxpayer filing a return under this section is entitled to the credit provided under section 6 of this Act.

A taxpayer filing a return under this section is entitled to the credit provided under section 7 of this Act.

SECTION 9. AMENDMENT. Section 57-55-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

57-55-04. Taxes - How determined - Disbursement. The director of tax equalization shall determine the tax for each mobile home by placing an evaluation on the mobile home based upon its assessed value and by adjusting the valuation of the mobile home by the percentage provided in section 57-02-27 to determine its taxable valuation under standards and guides determined by the state tax commissioner and applying that evaluation to the preceding year's total mill levies applying to property within the taxing district in which the mobile home is located. The county treasurer shall provide a tax statement for each mobile home subject to taxation under this chapter, including three columns showing, for the taxable year to which the tax statement applies and the two immediately preceding taxable years, the property tax levy in dollars against the mobile home by the county and school district and any city or township that levied taxes against the mobile home. If a mobile home is acquired or moved into this state during the calendar year and a tax permit has not been previously issued for such mobile home in this state for such year, the tax is determined by computing the remaining number of months of the current year to the nearest full month and multiplying that number by one-twelfth of the amount which would be due for the full year. The taxes collected under this chapter must be disbursed in the same year they are collected and in the same manner as real estate taxes for the preceding year are disbursed.

SECTION 10. APPROPRIATION. There is appropriated out of any moneys in the general fund in the state treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$3,604,000, or so much of the sum as may be necessary, to the state tax commissioner for the purpose of enhanced funding for the expanded homestead tax credit as provided in this Act, for the biennium beginning July 1, 2007, and ending June 30, 2009.

SECTION 11. APPROPRIATION - TAX DEPARTMENT. There is appropriated from special funds, the sum of \$1,100,000, or so much of the sum as may be necessary, to the tax commissioner,

for the purpose of implementing the provisions of this Act, for the biennium beginning July 1, 2007, and ending June 30, 2009.

SECTION 12. TRANSFER. During the biennium beginning July 1, 2007, and ending June 30, 2009, the director of the office of management and budget shall transfer \$115,000,000 from the permanent oil tax trust fund to the general fund.

SECTION 13. LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL STUDY. The legislative council shall study in each interim through 2012 the feasibility and desirability of property tax reform and providing property tax relief to taxpayers of the state, with the goal of reduction of each taxpayer's annual property tax bill to an amount that is not more than one and one-half percent of the true and full value of property, and including examination of the proper measure of education funding from local taxation and state resources and the variability of funding resources among taxing districts and examination of improved collection and reporting of property tax information to identify residency of property owners with minimized administrative difficulty. The legislative council shall report its findings and recommendations, together with any legislation necessary to implement the recommendations, to the legislative assembly subsequent to each interim.

SECTION 14. EFFECTIVE DATE. Sections 1, 3, and 4 of this Act are effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006. Section 9 of this Act is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007, for mobile home taxes. Section 2 of this Act is effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007. Sections 5, 6, 7, and 8 of this Act are effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006.

President of the Senate

Speaker of the House

Secretary of the Senate

Chief Clerk of the House

This certifies that the within bill originated in the Senate of the Sixtieth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota and is known on the records of that body as Senate Bill No. 2032.

Senate Vote: Yeas 46 Nays 0 Absent 1

House Vote: Yeas 93 Nays 1 Absent 0

Secretary of the Senate

Received by the Governor at _____ M. on _____, 2007.

Approved at _____ M. on _____, 2007.

Governor

Filed in this office this _____ day of _____, 2007,

at _____ o'clock _____ M.

Secretary of State