

Table 10. Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U): Selected areas, all items index

(1982-84=100, unless otherwise noted)

Area	Pricing schedule 1	All items									
		Indexes				Percent change to July 2007 from—			Percent change to June 2007 from—		
		Apr. 2007	May 2007	June 2007	July 2007	July 2006	May 2007	June 2007	June 2006	Apr. 2007	May 2007
U.S. city average	M	206.686	207.949	208.352	208.299	2.4	0.2	0.0	2.7	0.8	0.2
Region and area size²											
Northeast urban	M	219.501	220.591	221.579	221.945	2.0	.6	.2	2.3	.9	.4
Size A - More than 1,500,000	M	222.001	222.924	224.036	224.229	1.9	.6	.1	2.2	.9	.5
Size B/C - 50,000 to 1,500,000 ³	M	129.563	130.488	130.893	131.391	2.5	.7	.4	2.5	1.0	.3
Midwest urban	M	197.405	199.194	199.263	198.989	2.3	-.1	-.1	2.7	.9	.0
Size A - More than 1,500,000	M	199.378	200.818	200.666	200.369	2.1	-.2	-.1	2.6	.6	-.1
Size B/C - 50,000 to 1,500,000 ³	M	125.724	127.247	127.372	127.111	2.4	-.1	-.2	2.7	1.3	.1
Size D - Nonmetropolitan (less than 50,000)	M	191.685	193.467	194.442	194.815	2.5	.7	.2	2.7	1.4	.5
South urban	M	199.618	200.804	201.675	201.571	2.3	.4	-.1	2.7	1.0	.4
Size A - More than 1,500,000	M	201.818	202.840	204.152	203.953	2.5	.5	-.1	3.0	1.2	.6
Size B/C - 50,000 to 1,500,000 ³	M	127.000	127.893	128.265	128.226	2.2	.3	.0	2.6	1.0	.3
Size D - Nonmetropolitan (less than 50,000)	M	200.366	200.919	201.445	201.576	1.8	.3	.1	2.4	.5	.3
West urban	M	212.036	213.063	212.680	212.542	2.8	-.2	-.1	3.0	.3	-.2
Size A - More than 1,500,000	M	215.540	216.640	215.901	215.855	2.8	-.4	.0	3.1	.2	-.3
Size B/C - 50,000 to 1,500,000 ³	M	128.843	129.129	129.262	129.067	2.8	.0	-.2	2.9	.3	.1
Size classes											
A ⁴	M	189.327	190.327	190.637	190.571	2.3	.1	.0	2.7	.7	.2
B/C ³	M	127.440	128.347	128.628	128.601	2.4	.2	.0	2.7	.9	.2
D	M	198.516	200.118	200.800	200.893	2.5	.4	.0	2.8	1.2	.3
Selected local areas⁵											
Chicago-Gary-Kenosha, IL-IN-WI	M	204.019	205.686	206.092	205.561	3.1	-.1	-.3	3.6	1.0	.2
Los Angeles-Riverside-Orange County, CA ...	M	217.845	218.596	217.273	217.454	2.9	-.5	.1	2.9	-.3	-.6
New York-Northern N.J.-Long Island, NY-NJ-CT-PA	M	225.780	227.146	228.258	228.628	2.5	.7	.2	2.5	1.1	.5
Boston-Brockton-Nashua, MA-NH-ME-CT	1	-	226.247	-	226.929	.8	.3	-	-	-	-
Cleveland-Akron, OH	1	-	196.216	-	197.010	2.0	.4	-	-	-	-
Dallas-Fort Worth, TX	1	-	192.779	-	194.286	1.3	.8	-	-	-	-
Washington-Baltimore, DC-MD-VA-WV ⁶	1	-	132.982	-	134.442	2.9	1.1	-	-	-	-
Atlanta, GA	2	199.039	-	202.200	-	-	-	-	3.2	1.6	-
Detroit-Ann Arbor-Flint, MI	2	200.418	-	201.585	-	-	-	-	2.4	.6	-
Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX	2	184.140	-	184.529	-	-	-	-	1.2	.2	-
Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL	2	210.904	-	212.820	-	-	-	-	4.4	.9	-
Philadelphia-Wilmington-Atlantic City, PA-NJ-DE-MD	2	215.270	-	217.255	-	-	-	-	1.6	.9	-
San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, CA	2	215.842	-	216.123	-	-	-	-	3.4	.1	-
Seattle-Tacoma-Bremerton, WA	2	215.767	-	215.510	-	-	-	-	3.5	-.1	-

¹ Foods, fuels, and several other items priced every month in all areas; most other goods and services priced as indicated:

M - Every month.

1 - January, March, May, July, September, and November.

2 - February, April, June, August, October, and December.

² Regions defined as the four Census regions. See map in technical notes.

³ Indexes on a December 1996=100 base.

⁴ Indexes on a December 1986=100 base.

⁵ In addition, the following metropolitan areas are published semiannually and appear in Tables 34 and 39 of the January and July issues of the CPI Detailed Report: Anchorage, AK; Cincinnati-Hamilton, OH-KY-IN; Denver-Boulder-Greeley, CO; Honolulu, HI; Kansas City, MO-KS; Milwaukee-Racine, WI; Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI; Phoenix-Mesa, AZ;

Pittsburgh, PA; Portland-Salem, OR-WA; St. Louis, MO-IL; San Diego, CA; Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL.

⁶ Indexes on a November 1996=100 base.

- Data not available.

NOTE: Local area indexes are byproducts of the national CPI program. Each local index has a smaller sample size than the national index and is, therefore, subject to substantially more sampling and other measurement error. As a result, local area indexes show greater volatility than the national index, although their long-term trends are similar. Therefore, the Bureau of Labor Statistics strongly urges users to consider adopting the national average CPI for use in their escalator clauses.

NOTE: Index applies to a month as a whole, not to any specific date.