2009 HOUSE EDUCATION

HB 1139

2009 HOUSE STANDING COMMITTEE MINUTES

Bill/Resolution No. HB 1139

House Education Committee

Check here for Conference Committee

Hearing Date: January 14, 2009

Recorder Job Number: 7001

Committee Clerk Signature

armen Hart

Minutes:

Jeff Engleson, Deputy Commissioner for the Land Dept., appeared on behalf of

Commissioner Gary Preszler. He presented the attached testimony. (Attachment 1)

Vice Chair Lisa Meier: How often do you have to report for coal?

Jeff Engleson: There is no real requirement as to how often. It just stated that we were to compile this list. The issue was that it wasn't signed off by the board at the official meeting that we can find.

Rep. David Rust: Did you say the state is no longer selling any of its school land?

Jeff Engleson: As a general rule, no we aren't. Even if we would sell some for special circumstances, we must retain the mineral rights—100%.

Ed Murphy, ND State Geologist, appeared in favor of HB 1139. He presented the attached testimony. (Attachment 2 & 3)

Rep. Mike Schatz: How do you go about testing for coal?

Ed Murphy: Most of the information we have is from the companies we permitted since 1975.

They drill holes that are typically depths to 300 feet. For surface mining they don't generally go below 150 feet. The maximum is typically 175 feet.

Rep. Mike Schatz: Do you have to obtain permission from the landowners to go on that land?

How does that work?

Page 2 House Education Committee Bill/Resolution No. 1139

Hearing Date: January 14, 2009

Ed Murphy: When we do drilling and that's a very small percentage, 95% of the information comes from the coal companies. The permits that we issue have to get permission from the landowners, and if we go on private property, we have to do the same.

There was no opposition to HB 1139 and the hearing was closed.

Rep. Lyle Hanson: I move a do pass.

Rep. David Rust seconded it.

14 YEAS, 0 NAYS, 0 ABSENT AND NOT VOTING. Rep. Mike Schatz will be the carrier of the bill.

Date:	1-14-09
	Roll Call Vote #:/

BILL/RESOLUTION NO						
House Education				Comi	Committee	
☐ Check here for Confere	nce Committe	е				
Legislative Council Amendme	_	····				
Action Taken Do Pas	ss 🗌 Do N	lot Pas	s			
Motion Made By Rep Hanson Seconded By Rep Rust						
Representatives	Yes	No	Representatives	Yes	No	
Chairman RaeAnn Kelsch			Rep. Lyle Hanson			
Vice Chairman Lisa Meier			Rep. Bob Hunskor			
Rep. Brenda Heller			Rep. Jerry Kelsh			
Rep. Dennis Johnson	\V/		Rep. Corey Mock			
Rep. Karen Karls			Rep. Phillip Mueller	+	_	
Rep. Mike Schatz	-1		Rep. Lee Myxter	- ' 		
Rep. John D. Wall	<u> </u>					
Rep. David Rust						
				-		
				 		
Total (Yes)		No	<u> </u>			
Absent				***		
Floor Assignment Re	p 5d	nat z				

If the vote is on an amendment, briefly indicate intent:

REPORT OF STANDING COMMITTEE (410) January 14, 2009 3:06 p.m.

Module No: HR-07-0340 Carrier: Schatz Insert LC: . Title: .

REPORT OF STANDING COMMITTEE

HB 1139: Education Committee (Rep. R. Kelsch, Chairman) recommends DO PASS (14 YEAS, 0 NAYS, 0 ABSENT AND NOT VOTING). HB 1139 was placed on the Eleventh order on the calendar.

2009 SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES

HB 1139

2009 SENATE STANDING COMMITTEE MINUTES

Bill/Resolution No. 1139

Senate Natural	Resources	Committee
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☐ Check here for Conference Committee

Hearing Date: March 6, 2009

Recorder Job Number: 10397

Committee Clerk Signature

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Minutes:

Senator Lyson opens the hearing on 1139, relating to the board of university and school lands requesting the state geologist to determine the existence of coal.

Keith Bayley, State Land Department, I have submitted testimony from the State Land Commissioner (see attached testimony #1).

Ed Murphy, North Dakota State Geologist, spoke in favor of the bill (see attached testimony #2).

Senator Lyson closed the hearing on HB 1139.

2009 SENATE STANDING COMMITTEE MINUTES

Bill/Resolution No. 1139

Senate Natural Resources Committee				
☐ Check here for Conference Committee				
Hearing Date: March 6, 2009				
Recorder Job Number: 10398				
Committee Clerk Signature				

Minutes:

Senator Lyson opens the discussion on HB 1139.

Senator Erbele moves a do pass on HB 1139.

Senator Schneider seconds the motion.

Roll call was taken and the bill received a do pass on a vote of 6 to 0.

Date:	M	arch	le.	<u>ڪ</u> ن	09
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Roll Call Vote #: HB 1139

2009 SENATE STANDING COMMITTEE ROLL CALL VOTES

Senate N	Natural Resources			Committee		
Check here for Conference Committee						
Legislative Council Amendment Nu	mber _					
Action Taken Do Pass Do Not Pass Amended Amendment					ment	
Motion Made By <u>Senator Erhele</u> Seconded By <u>Senator Schneider</u>						
Senators	Yes	No	Senators	Yes	No	
Senator Stanley W. Lyson, Chairman			Senator Jim Pomeroy			
Senator David Hogue, Vice Chairman			Senator Mac Schneider	/		
Senator Robert S. Erbele			Senator Constance Triplett			
Senator Layton W. Freborg						
Total (Yes) No						
Absent Denator Hogue						
Absent Senator Hogue Floor Assignment Senator Erbele						
If the vote is on an amendment, brie	eriy indica	te inter	IC.			

REPORT OF STANDING COMMITTEE (410) March 6, 2009 11:50 a.m.

Module No: SR-41-4197 Carrier: Erbele Insert LC: Title:

REPORT OF STANDING COMMITTEE

HB 1139: Natural Resources Committee (Sen. Lyson, Chairman) recommends DO PASS (6 YEAS, 0 NAYS, 1 ABSENT AND NOT VOTING). HB 1139 was placed on the Fourteenth order on the calendar.

2009 TESTIMONY

HB 1139

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www.land.nd.gov www.nd.gov



Gary D. Preszler, Commissioner

TESTIMONY OF GARY D. PRESZLER STATE LAND COMMISSIONER North Dakota State Land Department

IN SUPPORT OF HOUSE BILL NO. 1139

HOUSE EDUCATION COMMITTEE January 14, 2009

Chairman Kelsch members of the Education Committee, I am Jeff Engleson, Deputy Commissioner for the Land Department. I'm testifying today on behalf of Commissioner Preszler.

This Bill removes the mandate that the Board of University and School Lands, with the assistance of the State Geologist, ascertain and compile a schedule of all lands under its control where coal exists. The Board's compliance with this section of law has been an issue in two previous outside audit reports.

Such a determination and list was actually completed in 1918. The first issue with compliance with the law was due to the fact the State Engineer, and not the State Geologist, compiled the list. A second issue identified was that there is no record that the Board ever actually adopted the list.

The requirement was enacted in 1903. At that time the state was being settled and the Board was actively selling land. The Constitution, however, precluded the Board from selling any "coal lands". A logical analysis of the intent of the law is that at that time, coal was known as a valuable resource and its value needed to be preserved for the trusts. In 1960 a Constitutional Amendment required that the Board reserve 100 percent (except for foreclosed properties) of all minerals in any land sale transactions. That Constitutional Amendment then effectively mooted the need to identify "coal lands".

There are still reasons why the Board may want to request the assistance of the State Geologist to identify and quantify coal resources. However, the reasons today are different than 100 years ago. For example, it is important to know the mining potential for coal before wind turbines are sited.

The Board works with various state and federal agencies to better manage the land and mineral assets entrusted to it and will continue to do so in the future.

The essence of the Bill is to change "shall" to "may". This change resolves the question of compliance that has come up in recent outside audits. It also saves the Board the expense of correcting a violation of North Dakota law from 90-years ago, when that violation is not causing any problems.

I ask the committee to grant favorable consideration and give HB1139 a "do pass" recommendation.



North Dakota Geological Survey Attachment

Edward C. Murphy - State Geologist

Department of Mineral Resources

Lynn D. Helms - Director

North Dakota Industrial Commission

https://www.dmr.nd.gov/ndgs/

House Bill No. 1139

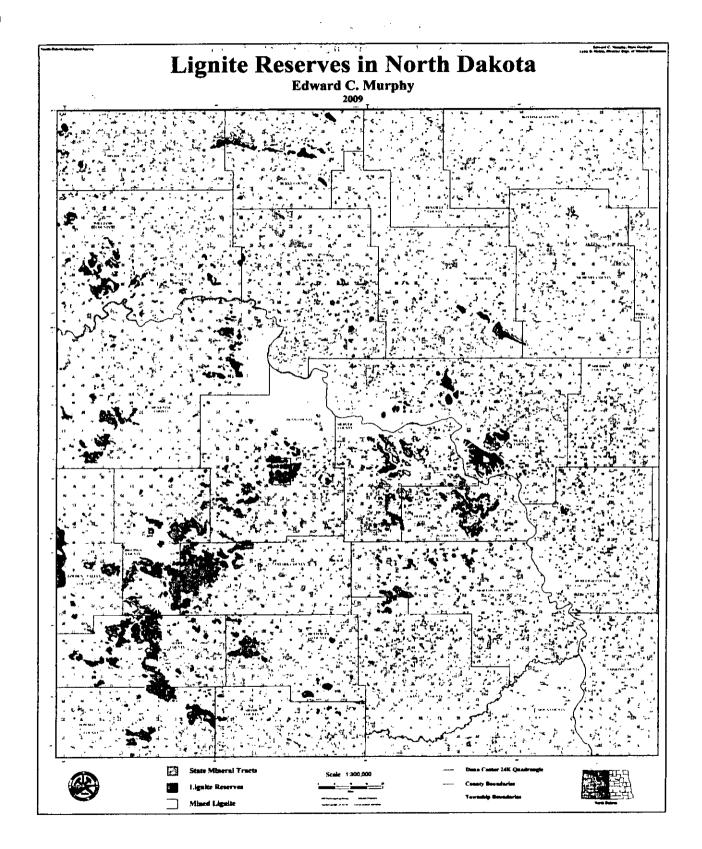
TESTIMONY BEFORE THE HOUSE EDUCATION COMMITTEE

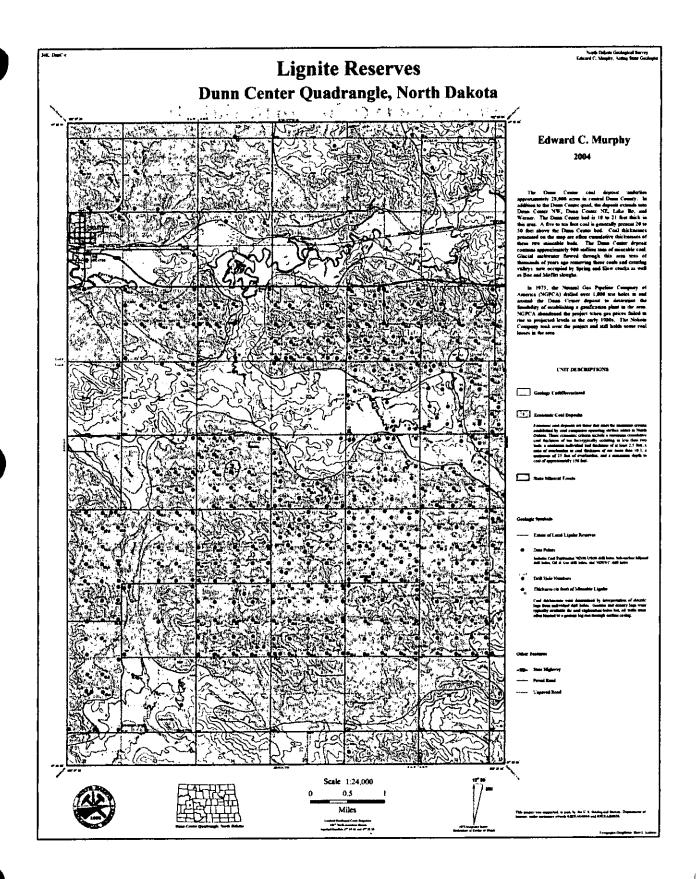
Ed Murphy January 14, 2009

Good Morning Madam Chairman and members of the House Education Committee, my name is Ed Murphy. I am the North Dakota State Geologist. I appear before you to testify in favor of House Bill 1139. Commissioner Preszler provided me with an early draft of this bill and I was comfortable with the proposed language changes.

As background information for this bill, the North Dakota Geological Survey has identified the coal beds that can be economically mined in North Dakota. These economically mineable beds (or lignite reserves) are shown on the map of the western half of North Dakota on page 1 of the attachment. On that map, state mineral tracts are in blue, lignite reserves in brown, and mined areas in yellow. There are approximately 600 (1:24,000 scale) topographic maps within this area. One of those topographic maps, the Dunn Center Quadrangle, is outlined in red and presented on page 2. On the Dunn Center map, state mineral tracts are once again in blue and lignite reserves in brown. The black dots are coal exploration drill holes and the adjacent numbers in bold are mineable coal thicknesses.

Attachment3





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Gary D. Preszler, Commissioner

TESTIMONY OF GARY D. PRESZLER STATE LAND COMMISSIONER North Dakota State Land Department

IN SUPPORT OF HOUSE BILL NO. 1139

SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE March 6, 2009

Chairman Lyson members of the Natural Resources Committee, I am Gary D. Preszler, Commissioner for the Land Department an Secretary for the Board of University and School Lands.

This Bill removes the mandate that the Board of University and School Lands, with the assistance of the State Geologist, ascertain and compile a schedule of all lands under its control where coal exists. The Board's compliance with this section of law has been an issue in two previous outside audit reports.

Such a determination and list was actually completed in 1918. The first issue with compliance with the law was due to the fact the State Engineer, and not the State Geologist, compiled the list. A second issue identified was that there is no record that the Board ever actually adopted the list.

The requirement was enacted in 1903. At that time the state was being settled and the Board was actively selling land. The Constitution, however, precluded the Board from selling any "coal lands". A logical analysis of the intent of the law is that at that time, coal was known as a valuable resource and its value needed to be preserved for the trusts. In 1960 a Constitutional Amendment required that the Board reserve 100 percent (except for foreclosed properties) of all minerals in any land sale transactions. That Constitutional Amendment then effectively mooted the need to identify "coal lands".

There are still reasons why the Board may want to request the assistance of the State Geologist to identify and quantify coal resources. However, the reasons today are different than 100 years ago. For example, it is important to know the mining potential for coal before wind turbines are sited.

The Board works with various state and federal agencies to better manage the land and mineral assets entrusted to it and will continue to do so in the future.

The essence of the Bill is to change "shall" to "may". This change resolves the question of compliance that has come up in recent outside audits.

I ask the committee to grant favorable consideration and give HB1139 a "do pass" recommendation.

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North Dakota Geological Survey



Edward C. Murphy - State Geologist

Department of Mineral Resources

Lynn D. Helms - Director

North Dakota Industrial Commission

https://www.dmr.nd.gov/ndgs/

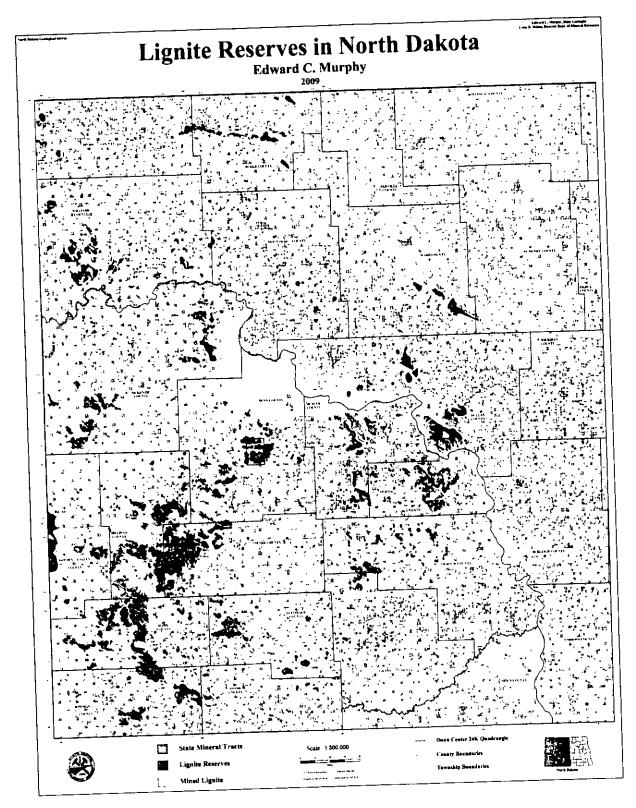
House Bill No. 1139

TESTIMONY BEFORE THE SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE

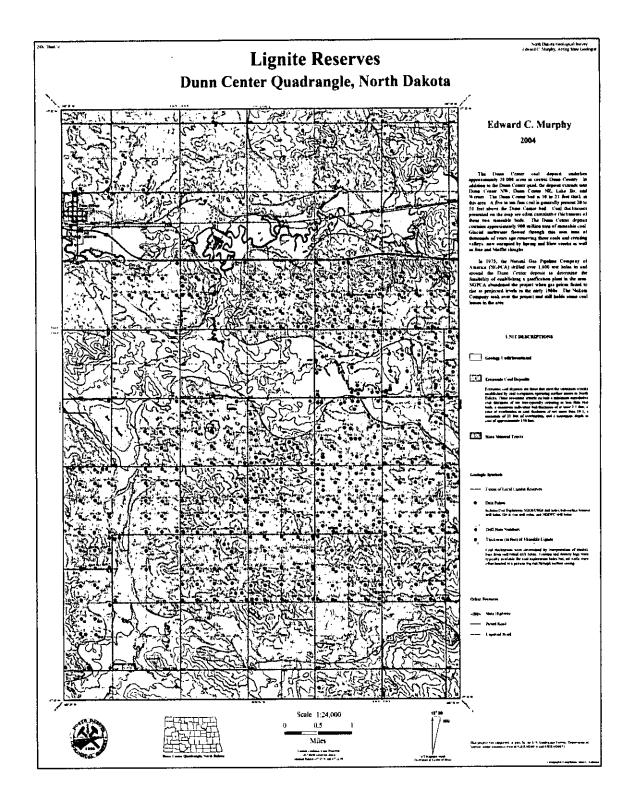
Ed Murphy March 6, 2009

Good Morning Chairman Lyson and members of the Senate Natural Resources Committee, my name is Ed Murphy. I am the North Dakota State Geologist. I appear before you to testify in favor of House Bill 1139. Commissioner Preszler provided me with an early draft of this bill and I was comfortable with the proposed language changes.

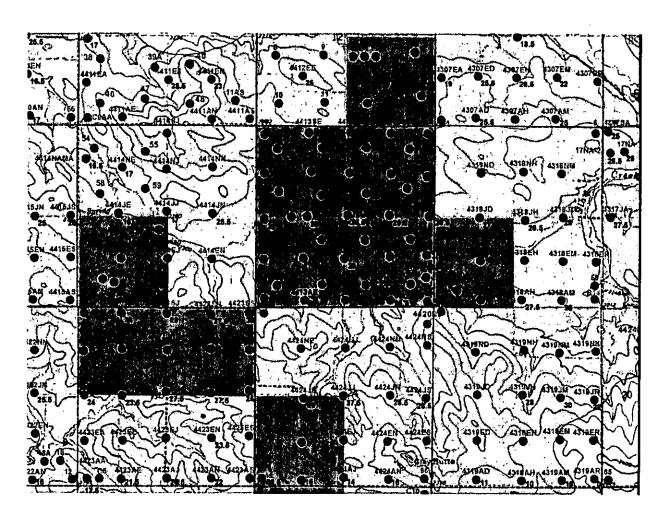
As background information for this bill, the North Dakota Geological Survey has identified the coal beds that can be economically mined by surface methods in North Dakota. These economically mineable beds (or lignite reserves) are shown on the map of the western half of North Dakota on page 2. There are approximately 600 (1:24,000 scale) topographic maps in western North Dakota. The Geological Survey has published the 286 quadrangles that contain mineable coal deposits. One of those published topographic maps, the Dunn Center Quadrangle, is outlined in red on page 2 and presented on page 3. The southern portion of the Dunn Center Quadrangle is shown on page 4.



The mineable (by surface methods) lignite deposits in North Dakota (in brown). State mineral tracts are in blue and mined areas in yellow. The Dunn Center Quadrangle map is outlined in red.



The mineable coal areas are shown in brown and the State mineral tracts in blue. This quadrangle contains approximately 600 million tons of mineable coal. The Dunn Center deposit underlies approximately 28,000 acres of central Dunn County and contains 900 million tons of coal.



Part of the southern portion of the Dunn Center quadrangle. The black dots are coal exploration drillholes, the numbers in bold are mineable coal thicknesses, and the numbers in half tone are hole identification numbers. The maximum mineable coal thickness in this area is 30 feet. In 1975, the Natural Gas Pipeline Company of America drilled over 1,800 test holes in and around the Dunn Center deposit to determine the feasibility of establishing a gasification plant in the area.