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SECOND ENGROSSMENT - MAJORITY REPORT with House Amendments

Sixty-first Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

REENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 2199

Introduced by

8

Senators Wardner, Cook, O'Connell

Representatives Kaldor, Monson, Svedjan

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create a property tax relief sustainability fund; to create and enact two new
- 2 subdivisions to subsection 3 of section 57-15-01.1 and chapter 57-64 of the North Dakota
- 3 Century Code, relating to allocation of state funds to school districts for mill levy reduction
- 4 grants; to amend and reenact sections 57-15-14, 57-15-31, and 57-38-30 and subsection 1 of
- 5 section 57-38-30.3 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to property tax levies of school
- 6 districts, corporate income tax rates, and income tax rates for individuals, estates, and trusts; to
- 7 provide an appropriation; to provide for transfers; and to provide an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

9 **SECTION 1.** Two new subdivisions to subsection 3 of section 57-15-01.1 of the North 10 Dakota Century Code are created and enacted as follows: 11 Increased, for a school district determining its levy limitation under this 12 section, by the amount the school district's mill levy reduction grant under 13 section 57-64-02 for the base year exceeds the amount of the school district's 14 mill levy reduction grant under section 57-64-02 for the budget year. 15 Reduced for a school district determining its levy limitation under this section, 16 by the amount the school district's mill levy reduction grant under section 17 57-64-02 for the budget year exceeds the amount of the school district's mill 18 levy reduction grant under section 57-64-02 for the base year. 19 SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 57-15-14 of the North Dakota Century Code is 20 amended and reenacted as follows: 21 57-15-14. General fund levy limitations in school districts. The aggregate amount 22 levied each year for the purposes listed in section 57-15-14.2 by any school district, except the 23 Fargo school district, may not exceed the amount in dollars which the school district levied for

- the prior school year plus eighteen percent up to a general fund levy of one hundred eighty-five
 mills on the dollar of the taxable valuation of the district, except that:
 - In any school district having a total population in excess of four thousand according to the last federal decennial census:
 - a. There there may be levied any specific number of mills that upon resolution of the school board has been submitted to and approved by a majority of the qualified electors voting upon the question at any regular or special school district election.
 - b. There is no limitation upon the taxes which may be levied if upon resolution of the school board of any such district the removal of the mill levy limitation has been submitted to and approved by a majority of the qualified electors voting at any regular or special election upon such question.
 - 2. In any school district having a total population of less fewer than four thousand, there may be levied any specific number of mills that upon resolution of the school board has been approved by fifty-five percent of the qualified electors voting upon the question at any regular or special school election.
 - 3. After June 30, 2007 2009, in any school district election for approval by electors of unlimited or increased levy authority under subsection 1 or 2, the ballot must specify the number of mills, the percentage increase in dollars levied, or that unlimited levy authority is proposed for approval, and the number of taxable years for which that approval is to apply. After June 30, 2007 2009, approval by electors of unlimited or increased levy authority under subsection 1 or 2 may not be effective for more than ten taxable years.
 - 4. The authority for a levy of up to a specific number of mills under this section approved by electors of a school district before July 1, 2009, is terminated effective for taxable years after 2012. If the electors of a school district subject to this subsection have not approved a levy for taxable years after 2012 of up to a specific number of mills under this section by December 31, 2012, the school district levy limitation for subsequent years is subject to the limitations under section 57-15-01.1 or this section.

5. The authority for an unlimited levy approved by electors of a school district before July 1, 2009, is terminated effective for taxable years after 2012. If the electors of a school district subject to this subsection have not approved a levy of up to a specific number of mills under this section by December 31, 2012, the school district levy limitation for subsequent years is subject to the limitations under section 57-15-01.1 or this section.

The question of authorizing or discontinuing such specific number of mills authority er unlimited taxing authority in any school district must be submitted to the qualified electors at the next regular election upon resolution of the school board or upon the filing with the school board of a petition containing the signatures of qualified electors of the district equal in number to ten percent of the number of electors who cast votes in the most recent election in the school district. However, not fewer than twenty-five signatures are required unless the district has fewer than twenty five qualified electors, in which case the petition must be signed by not less than twenty five percent of the qualified electors of the district. In those districts with fewer than twenty five qualified electors, the number of qualified electors in the district must be determined by the county superintendent for such county in which such school is located. However, the approval of discontinuing either such authority does not affect the tax levy in the calendar year in which the election is held. The election must be held in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as provided in this section for the first election upon the question of authorizing the mill levy.

SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Section 57-15-31 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

57-15-31. Determination of levy. The amount to be levied by any county, city, township, school district, park district, or other municipality authorized to levy taxes shall be computed by deducting from the amount of estimated expenditures for the current fiscal year as finally determined, plus the required reserve fund determined upon by the governing board from the past experience of the taxing district, the total of the following items:

- 1. The available surplus consisting of the free and unencumbered cash balance.
- 2. Estimated revenues from sources other than direct property taxes.
 - 3. The total estimated collections from tax levies for previous years.
 - 4. Such expenditures as are to be made from bond sources.

1	5.	The	amount of distributions received from an economic growth increment pool		
2		unde	er section 57-15-61.		
3	6.	The	estimated amount to be received from payments in lieu of taxes on a project		
4		unde	er section 40-57.1-03.		
5	<u>7.</u>	<u>The</u>	amount reported to a school district by the superintendent of public instruction		
6		as th	ne school district's mill levy reduction grant for the year under section 57-64-02		
7	Allowance	Allowance may be made for a permanent delinquency or loss in tax collection not to exceed			
8	five percent of the amount of the levy.				
9	SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Section 57-38-30 of the North Dakota Century Code is				
10	amended and reenacted as follows:				
11	57-38-30. Imposition and rate of tax on corporations. A tax is hereby imposed upor				
12	the taxable income of every domestic and foreign corporation which must be levied, collected,				
13	and paid ar	nnually	y as in this chapter provided:		
14	1.	a.	For the first three twenty-five thousand dollars of taxable income, at the rate		
15			of two and six tenths percent.		
16		b.	On all taxable income above three exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars		
17			and not in excess of eight exceeding fifty thousand dollars, at the rate of four		
18			and one-tenth five percent.		
19		C.	On all taxable income above eight $\underline{\text{exceeding fifty}}$ thousand dollars $\underline{\text{and not in}}$		
20			excess of twenty thousand dollars, at the rate of five and six-tenths six and		
21			one-tenth percent.		
22		d.	On all taxable income above twenty thousand dollars and not in excess of		
23			thirty thousand dollars, at the rate of six and four tenths percent.		
24		e .	On all taxable income above thirty thousand dollars, at the rate of six and		
25			one-half percent.		
26	2.	A co	rporation that has paid North Dakota alternative minimum tax in years		
27		begi	nning before January 1, 1991, may carry over any alternative minimum tax		
28		cred	it remaining to the extent of the regular income tax liability of the corporation		
29		for a	period not to exceed four taxable years.		
30	SEC	CTION	5. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 57-38-30.3 of the North Dakota		
31	Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:				

- 1. A tax is hereby imposed for each taxable year upon income earned or received in that taxable year by every resident and nonresident individual, estate, and trust. A taxpayer computing the tax under this section is only eligible for those adjustments or credits that are specifically provided for in this section. Provided, that for purposes of this section, any person required to file a state income tax return under this chapter, but who has not computed a federal taxable income figure, shall compute a federal taxable income figure using a pro forma return in order to determine a federal taxable income figure to be used as a starting point in computing state income tax under this section. The tax for individuals is equal to North Dakota taxable income multiplied by the rates in the applicable rate schedule in subdivisions a through d corresponding to an individual's filing status used for federal income tax purposes. For an estate or trust, the schedule in subdivision e must be used for purposes of this subsection.
 - a. Single, other than head of household or surviving spouse.

15	If North Dakota taxable income is:	The tax is equal to:
16	Not over \$27,050 <u>\$33,950</u>	2.10% <u>1.87%</u>
17	Over \$27,050 <u>\$33,950</u> but not	\$568.05 <u>\$634.87</u> plus 3.92% <u>3.49%</u>
18	over \$65,550 <u>\$82,250</u>	of amount over \$27,050 \$33,950
19	Over \$65,550 <u>\$82,250</u> but not	\$2,077.25 <u>\$2,320.54</u> plus 4.34% <u>3.87%</u>
20	over \$136,750 <u>\$171,550</u>	of amount over \$65,550 \$82,250
21	Over \$136,750 \$171,550 but not	\$5,167.33 \$5,776.45 plus 5.04% 4.49%
22	over \$297,350 <u>\$372,950</u>	of amount over \$136,750 \$171,550
23	Over \$297,350 <u>\$372,950</u>	\$13,261.57 <u>\$14,819.31</u> plus 5.54% <u>4.94%</u>
24		of amount over \$297,350 <u>\$372,950</u>

b. Married filing jointly and surviving spouse.

26	If North Dakota taxable income is:	The tax is equal to:
27	Not over \$45,200 <u>\$56,750</u>	2.10% <u>1.87%</u>
28	Over \$45,200 \$56,750 but not	\$949.20 \$1,061.23 plus 3.92% 3.49%
29	over \$109,250 <u>\$137,050</u>	of amount over \$45,200 \$56,750
30	Over \$109,250 \$137,050 but not	\$3,459.96 \$3,863.70 plus 4.34% 3.87%
31	over \$166,500 \$208,850	of amount over \$109,250 \$137,050

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1	Over \$166,500 \$208,850 but not	\$5,944.61 \$6,642.36 plus 5.04% 4.49%
2	over \$297,350 <u>\$372,950</u>	of amount over \$166,500 \$208,850
3	Over \$297,350 <u>\$372,950</u>	\$12,539.45 <u>\$14,010.45</u> plus 5.54% <u>4.94%</u>
4		of amount over \$297,350 \$372,950
5	c. Married filing separately	<i>1</i> .
6	If North Dakota taxable income is:	The tax is equal to:
7	Not over \$22,600 \$28,375	2.10% <u>1.87%</u>
8	Over \$22,600 <u>\$28,375</u> but not	\$474.60 \$530.61 plus 3.92% 3.49%
9	over \$54,625 <u>\$68,525</u>	of amount over \$22,600 \$28,375
10	Over \$54,625 <u>\$68,525</u> but not	\$1,729.98 \$1,931.85 plus 4.34% 3.87%
11	over \$83,250 <u>\$104,425</u>	of amount over \$54,625 \$68,525
12	Over \$83,250 <u>\$104,425</u> but not	\$2,972.31 \$3,321.18 plus 5.04% 4.49%
13	over \$148,675 <u>\$186,475</u>	of amount over \$83,250 \$104,425
14	Over \$148,675 <u>\$186,475</u>	\$6,269.73 \$7,005.22 plus 5.54% 4.94%
15		of amount over \$148,675 \$186,475
16	d. Head of household.	
17	If North Dakota taxable income is:	The tax is equal to:
18	Not over \$36,250 \$45,500	2.10% <u>1.87%</u>
19	Over \$36,250 <u>\$45,500</u> but not	\$761.25 <u>\$850.85</u> plus 3.92% <u>3.49%</u>
20	over \$93,650 <u>\$117,450</u>	of amount over \$36,250 \$45,500
21	Over \$93,650 <u>\$117,450</u> but not	\$3,011.33 \$3,361.91 plus 4.34% 3.87%
22	over \$151,650 <u>\$190,200</u>	of amount over \$93,650 \$117,450
23	Over \$151,650 \$190,200 but not	\$5,528.53 \$6,177.33 plus 5.04% 4.49%
24	over \$297,350 <u>\$372,950</u>	of amount over \$151,650 \$190,200
25	Over \$297,350 <u>\$372,950</u>	\$12,871.81 <u>\$14,382.81</u> plus 5.54% <u>4.94%</u>
26		of amount over \$297,350 \$372,950
27	e. Estates and trusts.	
28	If North Dakota taxable income is:	The tax is equal to:
29	Not over \$1,800 \$2,300	2.10% <u>1.87%</u>
30	Over \$1,800 \$2,300 but not	\$37.80 \$43.01 plus 3.92% 3.49%
31	over \$4,250 <u>\$5,350</u>	of amount over \$1,800 \$2,300

1	Over \$4,250 <u>\$5,</u>	<u>350</u> bı	ut not \$1	133.84 <u>\$149.46</u> plus 4.34% <u>3.87%</u>
2	over \$6,500 <u>\$8,200</u>		of	f amount over \$4,250 <u>\$5,350</u>
3	Over \$6,500 <u>\$8,</u>	<u>200</u> bı	ut not \$2	231.49 <u>\$259.75</u> plus 5.04% <u>4.49%</u>
4	over \$8,900 <u>\$11</u>	<u>,150</u>	of	f amount over \$6,500 <u>\$8,200</u>
5	Over \$8,900 <u>\$11</u>	1 <u>,150</u>	\$3	352.45
6			of	f amount over \$8,900 <u>\$11,150</u>
7	f.	For a	n individual who is no	ot a resident of this state for the entire year, or for a
8		nonr	esident estate or trust	t, the tax is equal to the tax otherwise computed
9		unde	r this subsection mult	tiplied by a fraction in which:
10		(1)	The numerator is the	e federal adjusted gross income allocable and
11			apportionable to this	s state; and
12		(2)	The denominator is	the federal adjusted gross income from all sources
13			reduced by the net i	income from the amounts specified in subdivisions a
14			and b of subsection	2.
15		In the	e case of married indi	viduals filing a joint return, if one spouse is a
16		resid	ent of this state for the	e entire year and the other spouse is a nonresident
17		for p	art or all of the tax yea	ar, the tax on the joint return must be computed
18		unde	r this subdivision.	
19	g.	For t	axable years beginnir	ng after December 31, 2001 2009, the tax
20		comr	nissioner shall prescr	ibe new rate schedules that apply in lieu of the
21		sche	dules set forth in subd	divisions a through e. The new schedules must be
22		dete	mined by increasing t	the minimum and maximum dollar amounts for each
23		incor	ne bracket for which a	a tax is imposed by the cost-of-living adjustment for
24		the ta	axable year as determ	nined by the secretary of the United States treasury
25		for p	urposes of section 1(f	f) of the United States Internal Revenue Code of
26		1954	, as amended. For th	nis purpose, the rate applicable to each income
27		bracl	et may not be chang	ed, and the manner of applying the cost-of-living
28		adjus	stment must be the sa	ame as that used for adjusting the income brackets
29		for fe	deral income tax purp	poses.
30	SECTIO	N 6. C	Chapter 57-64 of the N	North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted
31	as follows:			

1	<u>57-6</u>	<u>64-01</u>	. Definitions. For purposes of this chapter:			
2	<u>1.</u>	<u>"Co</u>	mbined education mill rate" means the combined number of mills levied by a			
3		<u>sch</u>	ool district for the general fund, high school tuition, and high school			
4		tran	sportation.			
5	<u>2.</u>	<u>"Qu</u>	alifying school district" means a school district that meets the conditions and			
6		requ	uirements of this chapter to receive a mill levy reduction grant.			
7	<u>3.</u>	<u>"We</u>	eighted student unit" means weighted student unit as determined for the school			
8		dist	rict under chapter 15.1-27.			
9	57-6	64-02. Mill levy reduction allocation and grant. Each qualifying school district in				
10	the state is	entitl	ed to a mill levy reduction allocation and grant as provided in this chapter,			
11	subject to le	egisla	ative appropriation to the superintendent of public instruction.			
12	<u>1.</u>	The	e mill levy reduction allocation rate for each qualifying school district is equal to			
13		the	payments to the school district based on the per student payment rate as			
14		dete	determined for the school year under chapter 15.1-27.			
15	<u>2.</u>	The	grant to a qualifying school district may not exceed the smallest of:			
16		<u>a.</u>	The allocation determined under subsection 1;			
17		<u>b.</u>	The taxable valuation of property in the school district in the previous taxable			
18			year times the number of mills determined by subtracting one hundred mills			
19			from the combined education mill rate of the school district for taxable year			
20			<u>2008; or</u>			
21		<u>C.</u>	The taxable valuation of property in the school district in the previous taxable			
22			year times seventy-five mills.			
23	<u>3.</u>	The	grant to a qualifying school district may not be less than the grant to that			
24		sch	ool district in the preceding school year.			
25	<u>4.</u>	The	superintendent of public instruction shall report to each qualifying school			
26		dist	rict by July fifteenth of each year the mill levy reduction grant in dollars			
27		<u>ava</u>	ilable to that school district during the upcoming school year.			
28	<u>5.</u>	Ву І	December first, January first, February first, and March first of each school			
29		yea	r, the superintendent of public instruction shall forward to each qualifying			
30		sch	ool district installments equal to twenty-five percent of the total mill levy			
31		redi	uction grant the district is eligible to receive during that school year			

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- 1 Allocations to a school district under this chapter are not considered per student 6. 2 payments or state aid for purposes of chapter 15.1-27. 3 For all purposes under law relating to allocation of funds among political 7. 4 subdivisions based on property tax levies, property taxes levied by a school district 5 are the amount that would have been levied without the mill reduction grant 6 provided to the school district under this chapter. 7 57-64-03. School district levy compliance. 8 To be eligible to receive a grant under this chapter, a qualifying school district must 1. 9 establish a spending level that does not result in a general fund mill rate exceeding 10 one hundred ten mills. The certificate of levy form filed with the county auditor by a 11 qualifying school district must reflect the revenue to be received by the school 12 district under this chapter and that the general fund mill rate for the school district 13 will not exceed one hundred ten mills unless: 14 The district has approval of a majority of the electors of the school district for 15 a higher levy; 16 <u>b.</u> The higher levy is the result of a school district reorganization in compliance 17 with chapter 15.1-12; or 18 The higher levy does not produce an amount in dollars exceeding the amount <u>C.</u> 19 allowed under section 57-15-01.1 for taxable year 2008 reduced by the amount of the school district's mill levy reduction grant under section 57-64-02 20 21 for the budget year. 22 2. The authority under subdivision a or b of subsection 1 for a school district to levy a 23 general fund mill rate exceeding one hundred ten mills applies for not more than 24 ten taxable years after taxable year 2008 unless a majority of the electors of the 25 school district approve an extension of that authority. Approval by electors of 26 extension of levy authority under subdivision a or b of subsection 1 is effective for 27 not more than ten taxable years at a time. A ballot measure for approval by 28 electors of extension of levy authority under subdivision a or b of subsection 1 is
 - a. The ballot measure must specify the number of mills for the general fund mill
 rate for which approval is sought.

subject to the following:

b. If a ballot measure for approval of authority to levy a specific number of mills is not approved by a majority of the electors of the school district general fund voting on the question, the school district general fund levy limitation for subsequent years is subject to the limitations under section 57-15-01.1 or 57-15-14.

57-64-04. Levy reduction priority. In setting mill rates for qualified school districts, the county auditor shall apply funds allocated to a school district under this chapter for mill levy reduction first to reduce the number of mills levied for general fund purposes and, if allocation funds remain after the general fund mill rate is reduced to zero, the balance must be applied to reduce the high school tuition levy and then to reduce the high school transportation levy of the qualified school district.

57-64-05. Tax increment financing district revenue replacement grants.

- 1. A city in which a tax increment financing district was established before January 1, 2009, is entitled to a grant, subject to legislative appropriation, to reimburse the district for the loss of tax increments attributable to the mill levy reduction under this chapter for the school district in which the tax increment financing district property is located. The grant to which a city is entitled under this section is equal to the combined education mill rate reduction under this chapter for the school district for the taxable year times the incremental value of property that had a tax increment value before January 1, 2009, as determined under section 40-58-20, discounted by five percent as allowed for taxpayers under section 57-20-09.
- 2. Applications for grants under this section must be filed with the tax commissioner by January thirty-first immediately following the taxable year of the combined education mill rate reduction under this chapter. Applications must be filed on a form prescribed by the tax commissioner. The tax commissioner shall audit applications, make corrections as required, and certify grant amounts and recipients to the state treasurer for payment of grants by March thirty-first following receipt of applications.

SECTION 7. Property tax relief sustainability fund. The property tax relief sustainability fund is a special fund in the state treasury. Moneys in the fund may be spent, pursuant to legislative appropriations, for property tax relief programs.

1	SECTION 8. APPROPRIATION. There is appropriated out of any moneys in the
2	general fund in the state treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$295,000,000, or so
3	much of the sum as may be necessary, to the superintendent of public instruction for the
4	purpose of allocation of mill levy reduction grants to school districts under chapter 57-64, for the
5	biennium beginning July 1, 2009, and ending June 30, 2011.
6	SECTION 9. APPROPRIATION. There is appropriated out of any moneys in the
7	permanent oil tax trust fund in the state treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of
8	\$1,720,000, or so much of the sum as may be necessary, to the state treasurer for the purpose
9	of allocation of revenue replacement grants to tax increment financing districts under section
10	57-64-05, for the biennium beginning July 1, 2009, and ending June 30, 2011.
11	SECTION 10. TRANSFER - PERMANENT OIL TAX TRUST FUND - GENERAL
12	FUND. The office of management and budget shall transfer the sum of \$295,000,000 from the
13	permanent oil tax trust fund to the general fund on July 1, 2009.
14	SECTION 11. TRANSFER - PERMANENT OIL TAX TRUST FUND - PROPERTY TAX
15	RELIEF SUSTAINABILITY FUND. The office of management and budget shall transfer the
16	sum of \$295,000,000 from the permanent oil tax trust fund to the property tax relief
17	sustainability fund on July 1, 2010.
18	SECTION 12. EFFECTIVE DATE. Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 of this Act are effective for
19	taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008.