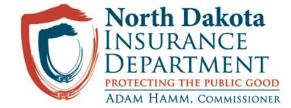


Health care reform timeline 2010–2018



Issue	What law will do	Effective date
Health insurance	States may establish and operate offices of health insurance	Effective as of date of
consumer assistance	consumer assistance or health insurance ombudsman	enactment (3/23/2010)
offices and ombudsmen	programs to:	
Preservation of right to maintain existing coverage	 Assist with the filing of complaints and appeals Collect, track and quantify problems and inquiries Educate consumers on their rights and responsibilities Assist consumers with enrollment in plans Resolve problems with obtaining subsidies States may be required to collect and report data of all the types of problems and inquiries encountered by consumers.¹ The following provisions will apply to grandfathered plans: Excessive waiting periods Lifetime limits only Rescissions Extension of dependent coverage Uniform summary of benefits and coverage and standardized definitions Medical loss ratios¹ 	Effective as of date of enactment (3/23/2010)
\$250 Madiagna Bant D	A \$250 valuete will be available to accious machine the	June 2010
\$250 Medicare Part D	A \$250 rebate will be available to seniors reaching the Medicare Part D donut hole. ¹	June 2010
rebate	Medicare Part D donut noie.	
Temporary high-risk pool program	The Secretary of Health and Human Services (HHS) is required to establish a temporary high-risk health insurance pool program to provide coverage to individuals with preexisting conditions who have been without coverage for at least six months. Pools must: • Have no preexisting condition exclusions • Cover at least 65% of total allowed costs • Have an out-of-pocket limit no greater than the limit for high deductible health plans (\$5,950 for individuals and \$11,900 for families) • Utilize adjusted community rating with maximum variation for age of 4:1 • Have premiums established at a standard rate for a standard population The state's current high risk pool, the Comprehensive Health Association of North Dakota (CHAND), does not meet the requirements.¹	Effective 90 days after enactment (June 23, 2010)

Issue	What law will do	Effective date
Temporary reinsurance	The Secretary of HHS shall establish a temporary reinsurance	Effective 90 days after
program for early retirees	program to reimburse employment-based plans for 80% of	enactment (June 23,
	costs incurred by early retirees age 55 and over but not	2010)
	eligible for Medicare between \$15,000 and \$90,000	
	annually. ¹	
Web portal to identify	The Secretary of HHS shall establish a mechanism, including	07/01/ 2010
affordable coverage	a website through which individuals and small businesses	
options	may identify affordable health insurance coverage.	00/02/010
Annual and lifetime limits	Plans may not establish lifetime limits on the dollar value of	09/23/2010
	essential benefits. Plans may only establish restricted limits	
D	prior to Jan. 1, 2014 on essential benefits. ¹	Effective Sent 22 2010
Preexisting condition exclusions	A plan may not impose any preexisting condition exclusions- effective six months after enactment for under age 19.1	Effective Sept. 23, 2010 for individuals 19 and
exclusions	effective six months after enactment for under age 19.	under. Effective Jan. 1,
		2014 for all others.
Rescissions	Insurers cannot rescind coverage after a sickness. Coverage	09/23/2010
ICSCISSIONS	may be rescinded only for fraud or intentional	07/23/2010
	misrepresentation of material fact. ¹	
Coverage of preventative	Plans must provide coverage without cost-sharing for:	09/23/2010
health services	Trans most provide to verage wrantout took oraning rot	03, 26, 2010
	Services recommended by the U.S. Preventive	
	Services Task Force	
	 Immunizations recommended by the Advisory 	
	Committee on enactment Immunization Practices of	
	the Centers for Disease Control	
	 Preventive care and screenings for infants, children 	
	and adolescents supported by the Health Resources	
	and Services Administration	
	 Preventive care and screenings for women supported 	
	by the Health Resources and Services Administration	
	Current recommendations from the US Preventive Services	
	Task force for breast cancer screenings will not be considered. ¹	
Extension of adult	Plans that provide dependent coverage must extend coverage	09/23/2010
dependent coverage	to adult children up to age 26.1	09/23/2010
dependent coverage	to addit children up to age 20.	
Provision of additional	All plans must submit to the Secretary of Health and Human	09/23/2010
information	Services (HHS)and state insurance commissioners and make	07/23/2010
	available to the public the following information in plain	
	language:	
	Claims payment policies and practices	
	Periodic financial disclosures	
	Data on enrollment	
	Data on disenrollment	
	Data on the number of claims that are denied	
	Data on rating practices	
	 Information on cost-sharing and payments with 	
	respect to out-of-network coverage ¹	

Issue	What law will do	Effective date
Appeals process	Internal claims appeal process:	09/23/2010
	 Group plans must incorporate the Department of Labor's claims and appeals procedures and update them to reflect standards established by the Secretary of Labor. Individual plans must incorporate applicable law requirements and update them to reflect standards established by the Secretary of HHS. 	
	External review:	
	• All plans must comply with applicable state external review processes that, at a minimum, include consumer protections in the NAIC Uniform External Review Model Act (Model 76) with minimum standards established by the Secretary of HHS that is similar to the NAIC model. ¹	
Patient protections	A plan that provides for designation of a primary care provider must allow the choice of any participating primary care provider who is available to accept them, including pediatricians.	09/23/2010
	If a plan provides coverage for emergency services, the plan must do so without prior authorization, regardless of whether the provider is a participating provider.	
	A plan may not require authorization or referral for a female patient to receive obstetric or gynecological care from a participating provider. ¹	
Ensuring that consumers get value for their dollars	The Secretary of HHS, in conjunction with the states, shall develop a process for the annual review of unreasonable premium increases for health insurance coverage. The process shall require insurers to submit to the State and the Secretary a justification for an unreasonable premium increase and post it online.	Effective 2010 plan year
	The Secretary shall award \$250 million in grants to states over a 5-year period to assist rate review activities, including reviewing rates, providing information and recommendations to the Secretary, and establishing Medical Reimbursement Data Centers to develop database tools that fairly and accurately reflect market rates for medical services. Amounts of grants to states are to be determined by the Secretary.	
Small business tax credit	Available to small businesses offering coverage to employees ¹	Tax credits of up to 35 percent of the cost of premiums will be available in 2010 and will reach 50 percent in 2014.

Issue	What law will do	Effective date
Loss ratio	Medical loss ratios of 80 and 85 percent, respectively, are	01/01/2011
	required for individual/small group and large group plans.	
	Loss ratio is the fraction of revenue from a plan's premiums	
	that goes to pay for medical services. ²	
Bringing down the cost of	Carriers must report to the Secretary of HHS the ratio of	01/01/2011
health care	incurred losses (incurred claims) plus loss adjustment	
	expense (change in contract reserves) to earned premiums.	
	Insurers must provide a rebate to consumers if the percentage	
	of premiums expended for clinical services and activities that	
	improve health care quality is less than 85% in the large	
	group market and 80% in the small group and individual	
	markets. All hospitals must establish and make public a list	
	of its standard charges for items and services, including for	
	diagnosis-related groups. ¹	
Long-term care	A voluntary long-term care program will begin, financed	01/01/2011
	through payroll deductions. ²	
Study of large group	The Secretary of HHS shall conduct a study of self-insured	Due no later than one
market	and fully-insured plans to compare the characteristics of	year after enactment
	employers, plan benefits, plan reserves and solvency and	(3/23/2011)
	determine the extent to which the bill's market reforms will	
	cause adverse selection in the large group market and prompt	
	small and mid-size employers to self insure.	
GAO study regarding the	The GAO shall conduct a study of the incidence of denials of	One year after enactment
rate of denial of coverage	coverage for medical services and denials of application to	(3/23/2011)
and enrollment by health	enroll in health insurance plans by group health plans and	
insurance and group	health insurance issuers. ¹	
health plans		

Issue	What law will do	Effective date
Ensuring quality of care	Plans must submit annual reports to the Secretary of HHS on whether the benefits under the plan: • Improve health outcomes through activities such as quality reporting, case management, care coordination, chronic disease management • Implement activities to prevent hospital readmission • Implement activities to improve patient safety and reduce medical errors Implement wellness and health promotion activities ¹	2 years after enactment (3/23/2012)
Uniform explanation of coverage documents and standardized definitions	The Secretary must develop standards for a summary of benefits and coverage explanation to be provided to all potential policyholders and enrollees. ¹	Standards must be developed by March 2011; implementation by March 2012

Issue	What law will do	Effective date
Health benefit exchange	The Secretary of HHS must determine by Jan. 1, 2013 whether states intend to operate qualified exchanges.	01/01/ 2013
Administrative simplification requirements	The Secretary of HHS will develop operating rules for the electronic exchange of health information, transaction standards for electronic funds transfers and requirements for financial and administrative transactions. ¹	Rules adopted by July 1, 2011 to become effective by January 1, 2013
Employer requirement to inform employees of coverage option	Employers must provide employees with written notice at the time of hiring informing them of the existence of the Exchange and the availability of subsidies through the Exchange if the plan covers less than 60% of the cost of covered benefits. ¹	03/01/2013

Issue	What law will do	Effective date
Health benefit exchange	The Secretary of HHS must determine by Jan. 1, 2013 whether states intend to operate qualified exchanges. If a state does not create a qualified exchange, the Secretary must create one. There must be two exchanges: a non-group market exchange and an exchange for small businesses. States may choose to operate only one exchange serving both groups.	State exchanges must be operational by Jan. 1, 2014.
	 Some functions to be performed by an exchange include: Certify qualified plans to be sold in the exchange Maintain a website Provide for initial, annual and special open enrollment periods Maintain a toll-free number Create a rating system for plans and perform satisfaction survey Provide a calculator to determine enrollee premiums and subsidies Identify those individuals exempt from the individual mandate and notify treasury Require participating plans to provide justification for rate increases¹ 	
Free choice vouchers	Employers must provide a voucher in the amount of the employer's contribution towards the group health plan to each employee whose household income is below 400% FPL if the employees' cost of coverage under the group health plan is between 8% and 9.8% of household income and the employee does not enroll in the employer's group health plan. Employees may use these vouchers to purchase coverage through the Exchange. ¹	01/01/2014
Preexisting condition exclusions	A plan may not impose any preexisting condition exclusions on anyone. ¹	01/01/2014
Requirement to maintain minimum essential coverage	U.S. citizens and legal residents are required to have qualifying health coverage. Those without coverage pay a tax penalty of the greater of \$695 per year up to a maximum of three times that amount (\$2,085) per family or 2.5% of household income. The penalty will be phased-in according to the following schedule: \$95 in 2014, \$325 in 2015, and \$695 in 2016 for the flat fee or 1.0% of taxable income in 2014, 2.0% of taxable income in 2015, and 2.5% of taxable income in 2016.	01/01/2014

-	Beginning after 2016, the penalty will be increased annually by the cost-of-living adjustment. Exemptions will be granted for financial hardship, religious objections, American Indians, those without coverage for less than three months, undocumented immigrants, incarcerated individuals, those for whom the lowest cost plan option exceeds 8% of an individual's income, and those with incomes below the tax filing threshold (in 2009 the threshold for taxpayers under age 65 was \$9,350 for singles and \$18,700 for couples).	
Issue	What law will do	Effective date
Guaranteed issue and	The law requires guaranteed issue and renewability and	Plan years beginning
renewability in all	allows rating variation based only on age (limited to 3 to 1	01/01/2014
markets	ratio), premium rating area, family composition and tobacco	
	use (limited to 1.5. to 1 ratio) in the individual and the small	
7	group market and the exchanges. ³	01/01/0014
Employers must offer	Imposes a mandate on employers with 50+ workers: offer	01/01/2014
coverage	coverage by 2014 or pay \$2,000/full time worker (excluding the first 30); if offer unaffordable coverage, pay	
	\$3,000/employee receiving taxpayer assistance to buy it or a	
	total of \$2,000/employee, whichever is more. Employers of	
	50 or fewer workers are exempt. ²	
Guaranteed availability of	Insurers must accept every employer and every individual	Plan years beginning
coverage	that applies for coverage except that: an insurer may restrict	01/01/2014
	enrollment based upon open or special enrollment periods. ¹	
Prohibiting discrimination	A plan may not establish rules for eligibility based on any of	Plan years beginning
against individual	the following health status-related factors: health status,	01/01/2014
participants and	medical condition, claims experience, receipt of health care,	
beneficiaries based on	medical history, generic information, evidence of insurability	
health status	(including conditions arising out of domestic violence),	
	disability, any other health-status related factor deemed	
	appropriate by the Secretary. ¹	
Non-discrimination in	Plans may not discriminate against any provider operating	Plan years beginning
health care	within their scope of practice. Does not require that a plan	01/01/2014
	contract with any willing provider or prevent tiered	01, 01, 2 01 .
	networks. ¹	
Comprehensive health	All plans must include the essential benefits package required	Plan years beginning
insurance coverage	of plans sold in the Exchanges and must comply with	01/01/2014
	limitations on annual cost-sharing for plans sold in the	
7. 10144	Exchanges. ¹	N
Prohibition on excessive	Group health plans and group health insurance may not	Plan years beginning
waiting periods	impose waiting periods that exceed 90 days. ¹	01/01/2014
Coverage for individuals	A plan may not deny an individual participation in an approved clinical trial for cancer or a life-threatening disease	Plan years beginning 01/01/2014
participating in approved clinical trials	or condition, may not deny or limit the coverage of routine	01/01/2014
Cimical trials	patient costs for items and services provided in connection	
	with the trial, and may not discriminate against participants in	
	a clinical trial. ¹	
Rating reforms must	Any standard or requirement adopted by a State must be	Plan years beginning
apply uniformly to all	applied uniformly to all health plans in each market to which	01/01/2014
health insurance issuers	the standards or requirements apply. ¹	
and group health plans		

Issue	What law will do	Effective date
Provisions relating to	Two or more states may enter into a "health care choice	01/01/2016
offering of plans in more	compact" under which individual market plans could be	
than one state	offered in all compacting states, subject to the laws and	
	regulations of the state where it was written or issued. Plans	
	must be licensed in each state in which they sell coverage or	
	must submit to the jurisdiction of the states with regard to the	
	above laws. ¹	

Issue	What law will do	Effective date
Waiver for State	A state may apply for waivers of the following requirements:	Plan years beginning
Innovation	 Requirements for Qualified Health Benefits Plans 	01/01/ 2017
	 Requirements for Health Insurance Exchanges 	
	 Requirements for reduced cost-sharing in qualified health benefits plans 	
	Requirements for premium subsidies	
	Requirements for the employer mandate	
	Requirements for the individuals mandate	
	The state will receive funds for implementing the waiver equal to any subsidies or tax credits for which residents	
	would otherwise receive if the state had not received a waiver. ¹	
	waivei.	

Issue	What law will do	Effective date
Tax on "Cadillac" plans	Imposes new taxes on so-called "Cadillac" health insurance	01/01/2018
_	policies; ² 40% tax on health insurance plans worth more than	
	\$27,500 for a family plan, \$10,200 for an individual plan	
	(family coverage now averages \$13,375) ³	

Sources:

- 1 National Association of Insurance Commissioners
- 2 National Conference of Insurance Legislators
- 3 Kaiser Health News