

**Representative Klemm**

1. How to handle 911 and emergency services for transients and workers with no identifiable addresses in oil and gas impact areas, i.e. man camps, RV parks, and other similar transient housing areas.
2. Availability of low interest disaster loans and grants for businesses affected by flooding and other natural disasters.
3. What are the gaps that are not covered by existing state and federal disaster and emergency assistance programs?

**Representative Ron Guggisberg**

1. Fire training options.
2. Impact of North Dakota Supreme Court decision regarding home rule cities and the authority to set higher fees for parking tickets.
3. Review of open records provisions with respect to personnel issues and civil service hearings.

**Representative Brenda Heller**

1. Study coordination of governmental planning processes with respect to infrastructure development and improving communication among governmental areas to avoid duplication in development.
2. Risk management and community development issues – examination of services provided by the Institute for Building Technology and Safety.

**Donald Frye**

1. Regional landfill issues.
2. Traffic fine review.
3. Traffic point review.

**Ken Yantes**

Study the state snow and flood recovery programs including the requirements to qualify for recovery efforts on the local level. New rules are needed to cover the costs incurred by grassroots level political subdivisions that have limited mill levy ability. The past two programs used during the 2009 and 2011 disasters were not used by townships due to the guidelines established by our state officials even though there was a great need for local disaster recovery efforts.

**Shawn Kessel**

1. Study the use of red-light cameras and authorize municipalities to cite the owner of a vehicle for violation of traffic laws, rather than only the driver of the vehicle.
2. Shared extraterritorial zoning authority. A city should be allowed to extend its authority if the surrounding county agrees. A joint powers agreement can be created delineating the terms of the extension. Most cities do not grow in uniform circles and many cities cannot take advantage of the currently allowed authority through no fault of their own (communities that border states like Fargo, Grand Forks, Wahpeton; two cities next to one another like Fargo/West Fargo or Bismarck/Mandan, etc.).
3. Increase the period of time where the exemption from occupancy tax is allowed from 30 days to 90 days.

Increase affordable housing funding and other financing options for cities to provide incentives to local builders' to build affordable housing.