# OUTCOMES-BASED (PERFORMANCE FUNDING) IN HIGHER EDUCATION Frequently Used Metrics

	VCSL Examples	VGA Examples	ę,	Da	ouisiana.		Oklahoma	ennsylvania	ennessee	nia	Washington
Institution-Level Metrics	ZS.	1GA	Florida	Indiana	ouis	Ohio	)klal	enn	en.	Virginia	Vasi
Progress Metrics											
Retention Rates	v	٧			v ſ		V			٧	V
Semester to semester								100		200	*****
Year to year	EV.									100	
1st to 2nd year					V						
1st to 3rd year					V						
Credit accumulation	EV.			٧		٧		1	V		EV#
Annual basis	V										
Earning 12 college-level credits									V		
Earning 15 college-level credits						٧					<b>V</b>
Earning 24 college-level credits									V		
Earning 30 college-level credits						٧					V
Earning 36 college-level credits									٧.		
Earning 48 college-level credits									V		
Earning 72 college-level credits									V		
Developmental education completion and success in college-level courses	屋V屬				Y	٧			٧		V.
Completers who subsequently enroll in a college-level math course						٧					
Completers who subsequently enroll in a college-level English course						٧		-			
Course completion	V					٧					V
College-level core/introductory	V	٧			7.00						
College-level math											₩V.
College-level English											
Advancement from part-time to full-time status							1000				
Dual enrollment		_							V		
								\$		100	
Outcome: Metrics				CARACTE S					<b>34</b>		
Certifications and Degrees awarded annually	EV#		EV#		V	٧	V.		製場		#V
Bachelors					V				V		
Associate					V	٧			V	122	V
Certificate									V	SEE SEE	製化器
Apprenticeship Training											V
Master/Ed Specialist Degrees					V				V		V211
Doctoral/Law Degrees					V				V	1	
Number of low-income graduates	國V黨				篇V編						
Number of minority graduates	歐V麗				篇V篇			1914-21	議論	1	

	VCSL Examples	Examples			ø		e	vania	ë		gton
	SL Ex	VGA Exa	Florida	ndiana	Louisiana	Ohio	Oklahoma	ennsylvania	ennessee	/irginia	Vashington
Institution-Level Metrics	Ž	ž	Ĕ	<u> </u>		ō	5	<u>a</u>	<u>_</u>	5	3
Number of graduates age 25 and older					٧.					- 1	
Number of graduates in STEM/Health					<b>V</b>					V :	Carle Control
Number of state residents graduating who have partial credit completion										V	
Number of graduates in high-need areas (e.g., health care)			V							٧	
Graduation Rates	√ √	٧		٧	٧				٧	٧	
Same institution					٧						
Statewide rate					٧					000	
Undergraduate degrees per 100 FTE		٧							<b>V</b>	Ŷ.	
Transfer Rates Between Two- and Four-year institutions	٧	٧			<b>V</b>	٧			٧	٧	
Transfers out with 12 hours									٧.	1000	
Number of students completing at least 15 hours who enroll in a four-year institution						٧				9	
Transfers out with 30 hours or more					٧					010	
Transfer with an associate degree					V					1	
Average Time and Credit to Degree	<b>V</b>	٧	V					-		-	
Assessments of students' general knowledge and skills (i.e., Collegiate Assessment of Academic									200	-	
Proficiency, Collegiate Learning Assessment)		٧								***************************************	
Lumina Foundation's degree qualifications framework		٧									
Licensure/certification exams (i.e., nursing, teacher education)		٧									
Employer and alumni surveys		٧									
Employment in field of study within 1, 3, and 5 years of graduation		٧	V						٧	-	
Acceptance rates for graduate education		٧								1	
										1	
Other Metrics										144.	
Increased enrollment of in-state students										٧	
Campus/mission-specific contributions					V	٧		٧	<b>V</b>	٧	
Funding for graduate/medical education						٧					
Research				٧	٧.				. √	٧	* 7 * 1
Service									٧-		
Workforce Training					٧				V		
Closing the achievement gap								٧			
Closing the access gaps		-						٧			
Efficiency reforms designed to reduce total institutional cost				-						V	
Technology-enhanced instruction, including course redesign, online instruction, and resource											
sharing a mong institutions			,							٧	
Faculty Diversity					W			٧			
Private support (3-year average of total dollars raised)								٠ ٧	12.00		
r rivate support (5-year average of total dollars raised)	Address of the Control of the Contro				organi ili significi		Minimore	•			Harris XI



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#### Report to the Higher Education Committee

Michel Hillman, Vice Chancellor for Academic and Student Affairs Lisa Johnson, Director of Articulation and Transfer August 30, 2011

#### **Overview of Common Course Numbering**

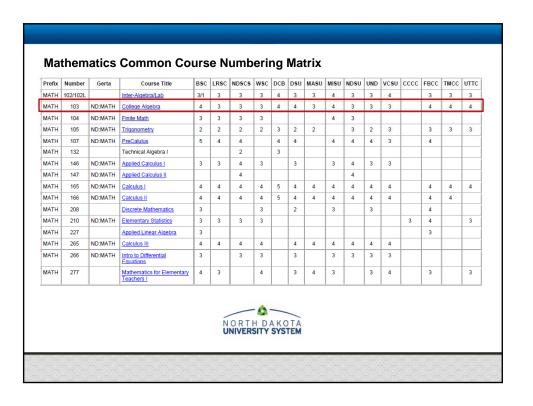
"...if courses are accepted as "common" by academic discipline groups, then such courses must have a common course number, title, and generic description..."

NDUS Procedure 403.7.3

- 52 academic discipline groups
- Includes tribal college faculty representation
- Includes private college faculty in some discipline groups
- · Academic discipline groups meet a minimum of once every three years
- 600 commonly numbered courses
- Primarily courses taken within a first or second year of study
  - Typically 100-200 level courses
- · Voluntary participation in common course numbering







#### Math 103 College Algebra

Relations and functions, equations and inequalities, complex numbers; polynomial, rational, exponential and logarithmic functions and systems of equations.

Prerequisite: Math 102 or placement test

Upon completion of the course the learner will be able to:

- Students will demonstrate an understanding of relations and functions as evidenced by classroom activities and objective tests
- Students will be able to work with equations and inequalities as evidenced by classroom activities and objective tests
- Students will be able to work with complex numbers as evidenced by classroom activities and objective tests
- Students will be able to work with rational and polynomial expressions as evidenced by classroom activities and objective tests
- Students will be successful in working with exponential and logarithmic functions as evidenced by classroom activities and objective tests
- Students will be able to solve systems of linear equations as evidenced by classroom activities and objective tests
- Students will create and use equations as evidenced by class- UNIVERSITY SYSTEM room activities and objective tests

#### **Complementary Transfer Initiatives**

- General Education Transfer Agreement (GERTA)
- · General Education LEAP Initiative
- · Participation in the WICHE Passport Initiative
- Articulation and Transfer Agreements
  - Statewide
  - Campus to campus
- · Collaborative Student Enrollment
- Common Credit-by-Examination Matrix
  - Similar to Common Course Numbering

Photo provided by BSC

### **NDUS Procedure for Formal Appeals Related** to Articulation and Transfer

NDUS Procedure 403.7.0 Transfer Appeals

The purpose of this policy is to develop a consistent means by which a student or an NDUS institution may appeal academic transfer decisions made by receiving NDUS institutions. An appeal under this policy must refer to one of the statewide transfer policies. Those policies include 1) the General Education Requirements Transfer Agreements (GERTA), 2) Common Course Numbering (CCN), 3) statewide articulation agreements, and/or 4) national credit-by-exam programs, including the College Level Examination Program (CLEP), Advanced Placement (AP), International Baccalaureate (IB) or the DANTES or DSST program...



Photo provided by UND

#### **NDUS Appeals Related to Articulation and Transfer**

Academic Year	Formal Appeals	Other Inquiries	Resolved by Campus
2007-2008			1
2008-2009		1	2
2009-2010		1	1
2010-2011	1	2	1
2011-2012	0	2	0



#### North Dakota Transfer Practices Recognized at a Regional Level



In June 2010, a report titled *Promising Practices in Statewide Articulation and Transfer Systems* compiled by Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education (WICHE), North Dakota was reported as the only state in the 15 state consortia to offer all six components of highly recommended transfer practices.



#### North Dakota Transfer Practices Recognized at a National Level

"...the effectiveness of the transfer path from community colleges to four-year baccalaureate-granting colleges and universities is particularly critical to improving college completion rates and raising the proportion of residents who earn baccalaureate degrees."

"The primary goal of state policies for transfer should be to ensure that community colleges are a viable route to the bachelor's degree, and that students who begin at community colleges can complete their educational goals with no greater difficulty than students who start at four-year colleges."

The National Center for Public Policy and Higher Education. June 2011 Policy Alert



## Transfer and Completion Rates at Two-Year Colleges Students Starting at Two-Year Colleges

	National Average	North Dakota
Graduated from a 2-year institution	21%	55%
Graduated from a 2-year/4-year institut	ion 33%	74%

The National Center for Public Policy and Higher Education. June 2011 Policy Alert



#### North Dakota Transfer Practices Recognized at a National Level

"Out-of-state students who have stayed after graduation have helped reverse a decades-long population decline, with North Dakota now on the verge of breaking its 1930 record of 681,000 people."

The Wall Street Journal. July 16, 2011.





Photo provided by NDSCS

