Sixty-third Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

HOUSE BILL NO. 1451

Introduced by

Representatives Kasper, Beadle, Becker, Dosch, Monson, Nathe, Owens, Streyle, Thoreson Senators Berry, Klein, Wardner

- 1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact sections 29-10.1-02, 29-10.1-21, and 29-10.1-22 of the
- 2 North Dakota Century Code, relating to the requirements for calling and the duties of a grand
- 3 jury.

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4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 5 **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Section 29-10.1-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
 - 29-10.1-02. When grand jury may be called.
 - No grand jury may be drawn, summoned, or convened in any county within this state unless the district judge thereof shall so direct by a written order filed with the clerk of the court in the county wherein the said grand jury is required to attend. Any Except as provided in subsection 2 of section 29-10.1-22, any judge of the district court for any county must direct, in the manner herein provided, that a grand jury be drawn and summoned to attend whenever:
 - The judge deems the attendance of a grand jury necessary for the due enforcement of the laws of the state;
 - 2. The board of county commissioners state's attorney of the county wherein the court is to be held, in writing, requests the judge so to do; or
 - 3. A petition in writing requesting the same is presented to the judge, signed by qualified electors of the county equal in number to at least tentwenty-fiveforty percent of the total vote cast in resident population of the county for the office of governor of the state at the last general election federal decennial census, but the number of signatures required may not exceed five thousand.

SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 29-10.1-21 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

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29-10.1-21. General duties of grand jury.

The grand jury shall inquire into the cause of detention of every person imprisoned in the jailof the county against whom neither a criminal complaint nor information has been filed, or whohas not had or waived a preliminary examination, and into all public offenses committed ortriable in the county, and if the evidence so warrants, shall present them to the court by writtenindictment. Each grand jury impaneled within any county shall inquire into offenses against the criminal laws of the state alleged to have been committed within that county. The alleged offenses may be brought to the attention of the grand jury by the court or by any state's attorney or the state's attorney's designee. The state's attorney or the state's attorney's designee shall inform the grand jury of the alleged offense, the identity of the alleged offender, and the state's attorney or state's attorney's designee's action or recommendation. As to any offense committed while the grand jury is in session, the state's attorney or prosecutor may proceed with a preliminary examination or the filing of an information, as provided for by law, and prosecute the charge, and, under such conditions, the grand jury is not required to inquire into such offense. The presentment of an indictment against a person does not preclude the prosecution of such person for the same offense upon a criminal complaint or information previously filed with the court.

SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Section 29-10.1-22 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

29-10.1-22. Subjects of grand jury inquiry.

- <u>1.</u> Whenever directed by the district court, the grand jury shall inquire into:
- 1. a. The condition and management of the public prisons in the county; and
- 2. <u>b.</u> Willful and corrupt <u>felonious</u> misconduct in office of public officials of every description in the county.
- 2. A grand jury called to inquire into the willful and corrupt felonious misconduct in office of a statewide public official must be drawn, summoned, and convened in the county in which the statewide public official resides.