Sixty-eighth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

BILL NO.

Introduced by

Judiciary Committee

- 1 A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact section 14-05-24.1 of the North Dakota Century Code,
- 2 relating to spousal support.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 4 **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Section 14-05-24.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
- 5 amended and reenacted as follows:
- 6 **14-05-24.1. Spousal support.**
- 7 1. Taking into consideration the circumstances of the parties, the The court may require
- 8 one party to pay spousal support to the other party for a limited period of time in
- 9 accordance with this section. The court may modify its spousal support orders.
- 2. <u>In addition to any other factors the court considers relevant in determining the amount</u>
- 11 <u>and duration of spousal support, the court shall consider:</u>
- 12 <u>a.</u> <u>The age of the parties;</u>
- 13 <u>b.</u> <u>The earning ability of each party;</u>
- 14 <u>c.</u> <u>The duration of the marriage;</u>
- 15 <u>d. The conduct of the parties during the marriage:</u>
- 16 <u>e.</u> The station in life of each party;
- 17 f. The circumstances and necessities of each party;
- 18 <u>g. The health and physical condition of each party; and </u>
- 19 <u>h.</u> The financial circumstances of the parties as shown by the property owned at the
- 20 <u>time of the divorce, including the value of the property at the time of the divorce,</u>
- 21 <u>the income-producing capacity of the property, and whether the property was</u>
- 22 <u>acquired before or after the marriage.</u>
- 3. After considering the factors in subsection 2, the court may award:

1		<u>a.</u>	Rehabilitative spousal support when it is possible to restore a spouse to		
2			independent economic statu	is or to equalize the burden of the divorce by	
3			increasing that spouse's earning capacity.		
4		<u>b.</u>	General term spousal support when a spouse is not capable of rehabilitation,		
5			self-support, or to minimize the burden of the divorce.		
6		<u>C.</u>	Lump sum spousal support as additional marital property to a spouse or the court		
7			may otherwise adjust the distribution of the marital property and debt to eliminate		
8			the need for spousal support or to reduce the amount or the duration of the		
9			spousal support.		
10	<u>4.</u>	Exc	cept upon written findings by the court which dictate a deviation beyond the time		
11		<u>limi</u>	nits of this section is necessary, spousal support terminates upon the following:		
12			Length of	Duration of alimony award as percentage of	
13			<u>marriage</u>	the length of the marriage	
14			Less than 5 years	<u>Up to 50</u>	
15			Between 5 and 10 years	<u>Up to 60</u>	
16			Between 10 and 15 years	<u>Up to 70</u>	
17			Between 15 and 20 years	<u>Up to 80</u>	
18			20 years or more	<u>Duration agreed upon by parties</u>	
19	<u>5.</u>	<u>The</u>	e court may modify its spousal support order, subject to the following limitations:		
20		<u>a.</u>	If a material change in circuit	mstances occurs during the rehabilitative period,	
21			rehabilitative spousal suppo	rt may be modified.	
22		<u>b.</u>	If a material change in circui	mstances occurs, general term spousal support may	
23			be modified.		
24	<u>6.</u>	<u>Upc</u>	oon the filing of an order, the parties may not seek and the court may not order a		
25		mod	odification of lump sum spousal support.		
26	<u>7.</u>	<u>The</u>	e parties may expressly preclude or limit the modification of spousal support		
27		thro	nrough a written agreement that is part of the judgment for divorce.		
28	<u>8.</u>	Unl	Unless otherwise agreed to by the parties in writing, spousal support is terminated		
29		upo	upon the remarriage or death of the spouse receiving support. The court may require		
30		reas	reasonable security from the payor spouse in the event of the payor's death.		

<u>i.</u>

1 Immediately upon remarriage, the spouse receiving support shall provide notice of the 2 remarriage to the payor spouse at the last known address of the payor spouse. 3 <u>3.9.</u> Unless otherwise agreed to by the parties in writing, upon an order of the court based 4 upon a preponderance of the evidence that the spouse receiving support has been 5 habitually cohabiting with another individual in a relationship analogous to a marriage 6 for one year or more, the court shallmay terminate spousal support. 7 4. Subsections 2 and 3 do not apply to rehabilitative spousal support. 8 <u>10.</u> There is a rebuttable presumption that spousal support terminates upon the payor's 9 attaining full retirement age for social security purposes. The rebuttable presumption 10 may be overcome if the court determines spousal support should continue based on 11 the following factors: 12 The ages of the parties at the time of the marriage, the time of the entry of the <u>a.</u> 13 spousal support award, and the time of the application for retirement; 14 The degree and duration of the economic dependency of the recipient upon the <u>b.</u> 15 payor during the marriage; 16 Whether the recipient has foregone, relinquished, or otherwise sacrificed claims, <u>C.</u> 17 rights, or property in exchange for a more substantial or longer spousal support 18 award; 19 d. The duration or amount of spousal support already paid; 20 The health of the parties at the time of the retirement application; <u>e.</u> 21 <u>f.</u> Assets of the parties at the time of the retirement application; 22 Sources of income, both earned and unearned, of the parties, including whether g. 23 the payor spouse intends to continue employment; 24 <u>h.</u> The ability of the recipient to have saved adequately for retirement; and 25

Any other factors the court deems relevant.