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Sixty-seventh
Legislative Assembly
of North Dakota

HOUSE BILL NO. 1032

Introduced by

Legislative Management

(Health Care Committee)

A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new chapter to title 19 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to prescription drug cost transparency; and to provide a penalty.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

SECTION 1. A new chapter to title 19 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as follows:

Definitions.

As used in this chapter:

1. "Board" means the state board of pharmacy.
2. "Commissioner" means the insurance commissioner.
3. "Concession" includes a free good, delayed billing, and billing forgiveness.
4. "Drug" has the same meaning as provided under section 19-02.1-01.
5. "Health care plan" means an individual, blanket, or group plan, policy, or contract for health care services issued or delivered in this state by a health insurer.
6. "Health insurer" means an insurance company, nonprofit health service corporation, health maintenance organization, third-party payer, health program administered by a state agency, or other person engaged as principal in the business of insurance which issues or delivers a health care plan in this state.
7. "Hospital" means a facility licensed under chapter 23-16.
8. "Manufacturer-packaged drug container" means a manufacturer-prepared supply of medication packaged in a container with a unique product-identifying national drug code number.
~~8.~~9. "Net spending" means the cost of drugs minus any discounts that lower the price of the drugs, including a rebate, fee, retained price protection, retail pharmacy network spread, and dispensing fee.

~~9.~~10. "Pharmacy" means a pharmacy or drugstore registered under chapter 43-15.

11. "Pharmacy benefits manager" has the same meaning as provided under section 19-03.6-01.

~~10.~~12. "Pharmacy services administrative organization" means an entity that provides contracting and other administrative services to a pharmacy to assist the pharmacy in the pharmacy's interaction, including reimbursement rate negotiations with a third-party payer, pharmacy benefit manager, wholesale drug distributor, and other entities.

13. "Prescription drug" means a:

a. Substance for which federal or state law requires a prescription before the substance may be legally dispensed to the public;

b. Drug or device that under federal law is required, before being dispensed or delivered, to be labeled with the statement:

(1) "Caution: federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription" or "Rx only" or other legend that complies with federal law; or

(2) "Caution: federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian"; or

c. Drug or device required by federal or state law to be dispensed on prescription or restricted to use by a practitioner.

~~11.~~14. "Rebate" includes any discount, financial incentive, or concession that affects the price of a drug to a pharmacy benefits manager or health insurer for a drug manufactured by the pharmaceutical manufacturer.

~~12.~~15. "Specialty drug" has the same meaning as provided under section 19-02.1-16.2.

~~13.~~16. "Utilization management" means a set of formal techniques designed to monitor the use of, or evaluate the medical necessity, appropriateness, efficacy, or efficiency of, health care services, procedures, or settings.

~~14.~~17. "Wholesale acquisition cost" means, with respect to a prescription drug, the manufacturer's list price for the prescription drug to ~~wholesalers~~wholesale drug distributors or direct purchasers in the United States for the most recent month for which the information is available, as reported in wholesale price guides or other publications of drug pricing data, such as Medi-Span Price Rx, Gold Standard Drug

Database, or First Databank drug data. The term does not include a rebate, prompt pay, or other discount or other reduction in price.

18. "Wholesale drug distributor" has the same meaning as provided under section 43-15.1-01.

Disclosure of drug pricing information.

1. Each drug manufacturer shall submit a report to the board no later than the fifteenth day of January, April, July, and October with the current wholesale acquisition cost information for the United States food and drug administration-approved drugs sold in or into the state by that manufacturer.

2. a. Not more than thirty days after an increase in wholesale acquisition cost of forty percent or greater over the preceding five calendar years or ten percent or greater in the preceding twelve months for a prescription drug with a wholesale acquisition cost of seventy dollars or more for a manufacturer-packaged drug container, a drug manufacturer shall submit a report to the board. The report must contain the following information:

(1) Name of the drug;

(2) Whether the drug is a brand name or a generic;

(3) The effective date of the change in wholesale acquisition cost;

(4) Aggregate, company-level research and development costs for the previous calendar year;

(5) Aggregate rebate amounts paid to each pharmacy benefits manager for the calendar year;

(6) The name of each of the manufacturer's drugs approved by the United States food and drug administration in the previous five calendar years;

(7) The name of each of the manufacturer's drugs that lost patent exclusivity in the United States in the previous five calendar years; and

(8) A statement of rationale regarding the factor or factors that caused the increase in the wholesale acquisition cost, such as raw ingredient shortage or increase in pharmacy benefits manager rebates.

b. The quality and types of information and data a drug manufacturer submits to the board pursuant to this subsection must be the same as the quality and types of

information and data the manufacturer includes in the manufacturer's annual consolidated report on securities and exchange commission form 10-K or any other public disclosure.

3. A drug manufacturer shall notify the board in writing if the manufacturer is introducing a new prescription drug to market at a wholesale acquisition cost that exceeds the threshold set for a specialty drug under the Medicare part D program.

a. The notice must include a statement of rationale regarding the factor or factors that caused the new drug to exceed the Medicare part D program price.

b. The drug manufacturer shall provide the written notice within three calendar days following the release of the drug in the commercial market.

c. A drug manufacturer may make the notification pending approval by the United States food and drug administration if commercial availability is expected within three calendar days following the approval.

4. Within thirty days of receipt of a report under this section, the board shall provide the reported information to the commissioner in a format ready for publication on the commissioner's website.

Disclosure of pharmacy benefits manager information.

1. On or before April first of each year, a pharmacy benefits manager providing services for a health care plan shall file a report with the board. The report must contain the following information for the previous calendar year:

a. The aggregated rebates, fees, price protection payments, and any other payments collected from each drug manufacturer;

b. The aggregated dollar amount of rebates, price protection payments, fees, and any other payments collected from each drug manufacturer which were passed to health insurers;

c. The aggregated fees, price concessions, penalties, effective rates, and any other financial incentive collected from pharmacies which were passed to enrollees at the point of sale;

d. The aggregated dollar amount of rebates, price protection payments, fees, and any other payments collected from drug manufacturers which were retained as revenue by the pharmacy benefits manager; and

e. The aggregated rebates passed on to employers.

2. Reports submitted by pharmacy benefits managers under this section may not disclose the identity of a specific health benefit plan or enrollee, the prices charged for specific drugs or classes of drugs, or the amount of any rebates or fees provided for specific drugs or classes of drugs.

3. Within thirty days of receipt of a report under this section, the board shall provide the reported information to the commissioner in a format ready for publication on the commissioner's website. The information the board provides to the commissioner may not disclose or tend to disclose proprietary or confidential information of any pharmacy benefit manager.

Disclosure of health insurer spending information.

1. a. On or before April first of each year, each health insurer shall submit a report to the board. The report must contain the following information for the previous two calendar years:

(1) Names of the twenty-five most frequently prescribed drugs across all plans;

(2) Names of the twenty-five prescription drugs dispensed with the highest dollar spend in terms of gross revenue;

(3) Percent increase in annual net spending for prescription drugs across all plans;

(4) Percent increase in premiums which is attributable to prescription drugs across all plans;

(5) Percentage of specialty drugs with utilization management requirements across all plans; and

(6) Premium reductions attributable to specialty drug utilization management.

b. Within thirty days of receipt of a report under this section, the board shall provide the reported information to the commissioner in a format ready for publication on the commissioner's website. The combined aggregated data from the reports which the board provides to the commissioner must be provided in a manner that does not disclose or tend to disclose proprietary or confidential information of any health insurer.

2. A report submitted by a health insurer may not disclose the identity of a specific health benefit plan or the prices charged for specific prescription drugs or classes of prescription drugs.

Disclosure of pharmacy services administrative organization information.

1. On or before April first of each year, a pharmacy services administrative organization providing services for a pharmacy shall file a report with the board. The report must contain the following information for the previous calendar year:

a. The aggregated rebates, fees, price protection payments, and any other payments collected from each drug manufacturer or wholesale drug distributor;

b. The aggregated dollar amount of rebates, price protection payments, fees, and any other payments collected from each drug manufacturer or wholesale drug distributor which were passed to pharmacies;

c. The aggregated fees, price concessions, penalties, effective rates, and any other financial incentive collected from pharmacies which were passed to pharmacies at the point of sale; and

d. The aggregated dollar amount of rebates, price protection payments, fees, and any other payments collected from drug manufacturers or wholesale drug distributors which were retained as revenue by the pharmacy services administrative organization.

2. A report submitted by a pharmacy services administrative organization under this section may not disclose the identity of a specific health benefit plan or enrollee or the prices charged for specific drugs or classes of drugs.

3. Within thirty days of receipt of a report under this section, the board shall provide the reported information to the commissioner in a format ready for publication on the commissioner's website. The information the board provides to the commissioner may not disclose or tend to disclose proprietary or confidential information of any pharmacy services administrative organization.

Disclosure of wholesale drug distributor information.

1. On or before April first of each year, a wholesale drug distributor in this state shall file a report with the board. The report must contain the following information for the previous calendar year:

a. The aggregated rebates, fees, price protection payments, and any other payments collected from each drug manufacturer;

b. The aggregated dollar amount of rebates, price protection payments, fees, and any other payments collected from each drug manufacturer;

c. The aggregated fees, price concessions, penalties, effective rates, and any other financial incentive collected from pharmacies;

d. The aggregated dollar amount of rebates, price protection payments, fees, and any other payments collected from drug manufacturers which were retained as revenue by the wholesale drug distributor; and

e. The aggregated rebates passed on to employers.

2. Reports submitted by wholesale drug distributors under this section may not disclose the identity of a specific health benefit plan or enrollee, the prices charged for specific drugs or classes of drugs, or the amount of any rebates or fees provided for specific drugs or classes of drugs.

3. Within thirty days of receipt of a report under this section, the board shall provide the reported information to the commissioner in a format ready for publication on the commissioner's website. The information the board provides to the commissioner may not disclose or tend to disclose proprietary or confidential information of any wholesale drug distributor.

Disclosure of hospital and pharmacy information.

1. On or before April first of each year, a pharmacy and a hospital shall file a report with the board. The report must contain the following information for the previous calendar year:

a. The aggregated rebates, fees, price protection payments, and any other payments collected for a pharmacy benefits manager;

b. The aggregated dollar amount of rebates, price protection payments, fees, and any other payments collected from each drug manufacturer or pharmacy benefits manager which were retained as revenue by the pharmacy or hospital; and

c. The aggregated rebates passed on to employers.

2. Reports submitted by a pharmacy or hospital under this section may not disclose the identity of a specific health benefit plan or enrollee, the prices charged for specific

drugs or classes of drugs, or the amount of any rebates or fees provided for specific drugs or classes of drugs.

3. Within thirty days of receipt of a report under this section, the board shall provide the reported information to the commissioner in a format ready for publication on the commissioner's website. The information the board provides to the commissioner may not disclose or tend to disclose proprietary or confidential information of any pharmacy or hospital.

Website.

1. The commissioner shall develop a website to publish information the board reports to the commissioner under this chapter. The commissioner shall make the website available on the commissioner's website with a dedicated link prominently displayed on the home page, or by a separate, easily identifiable internet address.
2. Within thirty days of receipt of reported information from the board, the commissioner shall publish the reported information on the website developed under this section.

Rulemaking - Forms - Services - Records.

1. The board and the commissioner may adopt rules to implement this chapter.
2. In consultation with the commissioner, the board shall develop forms that must be used for reporting required under this chapter.
3. The board may contract for services to implement this chapter.
4. A report received by the board is an exempt record as defined by section 44-04-17.1.

Civil penalty.

A health care plan, drug manufacturer, hospital, pharmacy, wholesale drug distributor, pharmacy services administrative organization, or pharmacy benefits manager that violates this chapter is subject to the imposition by the attorney general of a civil penalty not to exceed ten thousand dollars for each violation. The fine may be collected and recovered in an action brought in the name of the state.