FIRST ENGROSSMENT

Sixty-seventh Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 2048

Introduced by

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

Industry, Business and Labor Committee

(At the request of the Commission on Uniform State Laws)

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact chapter 47-30.2 of the North Dakota Century Code,
- 2 relating to the Revised Uniform Unclaimed Property Act; to amend and reenact sections
- 3 9-12-29, 10-19.1-123, 10-33-114, and 15-02-05.2, subsection 3 of section 23.1-15-07,
- 4 subsections 8 and 9 of section 26.1-55-02, sections 26.1-55-04, 27-05.2-04, and 30.1-20-14,
- 5 subsection 3 of section 35-20-17, sections 35-36-05, 38-13.1-03, 38-18.1-03, and 44-04-18.25,
- 6 subsection 3 of section 47-16-07.1, section 54-27-15.1, subsection 6 of section 57-38-57,
- 7 subsection 8 of section 57-39.2-23, and section 60-01-34 of the North Dakota Century Code,
- 8 relating to abandoned and unclaimed property; to repeal chapter 47-30.1 of the North Dakota
- 9 Century Code, relating to the uniform unclaimed property act; to provide for a report; to provide
- 10 a penalty; and to provide a continuing appropriation.

11 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 9-12-29 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 14 9-12-29. Claim of money by creditor Extinguishment of lien.
 - The creditor is entitled to claim the amount of money from the county treasurer within nine months of the date of deposit upon a showing to the county treasurer of a satisfaction of the lien, encumbrance, or cloud which includes an indication by the recorder that the satisfaction has been duly recorded. If the creditor does not claim the money in nine months from the date of first publication of the notice, the money, a copy of the debtor's affidavit, and a copy of the published notice must be forwarded by the county treasurer to the state land commissioner for deposit to the credit of the state of North Dakota for the use and benefit of the common schools trust fund of the state. At the same time these items are forwarded to the state land commissioner, the county treasurer shall record in the office of the recorder a notice to the effect that the lien, encumbrance, or cloud affecting or related to the title to the real property, giving

- the specific legal description of the property, has been discharged by the procedures set out in section 9-12-28 and this section. The debtor shall pay the recorder's fees for recording the county treasurer's notice.
 - At any time after the original nine-month period, the creditor, or the creditor's heirs, successors, or assigns, may claim the full amount of the original deposit without any interest or penalty from the state administrator of abandoned property in the manner specified in chapter 47-30.147-30.2 for claiming the proceeds of other abandoned and unclaimed property.
- **SECTION 2. AMENDMENT.** Section 10-19.1-123 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 10 10-19.1-123. Deposit with administrator of abandoned property of amount due certain shareholders Appropriation.
 - Upon dissolution of a corporation, the portion of the assets distributable to a person who is unknown or cannot be found must be reduced to money and deposited with the administrator of abandoned property for disposition pursuant to chapter 47-30.147-30.2. The amount deposited is appropriated to the administrator of abandoned property and must be paid over to the person or a legal representative, upon proof satisfactory to the administrator of abandoned property of a right to payment.
- **SECTION 3. AMENDMENT.** Section 10-33-114 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- **10-33-114.** Deposit with administrator of abandoned property of amount due certain persons Appropriation.
 - Upon dissolution of a corporation, the portion of the assets distributable to a person who is unknown or cannot be found must be reduced to money and deposited with the administrator of abandoned property for disposition pursuant to chapter 47-30.147-30.2. The amount deposited is appropriated to the administrator of abandoned property and must be paid over to the person or a legal representative, upon proof satisfactory to the administrator of abandoned property of a right to payment.
 - **SECTION 4. AMENDMENT.** Section 15-02-05.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

1	15-02-05.2. Administrator of abandoned	propert	y - Employm	ient.
---	--	---------	-------------	-------

The commissioner of university and school lands shall <u>act as or</u> employ an administrator of abandoned property and <u>shall employ</u> other personnel as necessary for the proper administration of chapter <u>47-30.147-30.2</u> and shall set their salaries, within limits of legislative appropriations. All public officers shall assist the administrator in carrying out the administration of chapter <u>47-30.147-30.2</u>.

SECTION 5. AMENDMENT. Subsection 3 of section 23.1-15-07 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

- 3. From the proceeds of the sale of an abandoned motor vehicle, the unit of government or the commercial towing service may reimburse itself for the cost of towing, preserving, and storing the vehicle, and for all notice and publication costs incurred under this chapter. Any remainder from the proceeds of a sale must be held for the owner of the vehicle or entitled lienholder or secured parties for ninety days and then must be delivered to the administrator of the state abandoned property office in accordance with chapter 47–30.147-30.2.
- **SECTION 6. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 8 of section 26.1-55-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
 - 8. Within twelve months following a potential match identified as a result of a death master file or revised death master file match, an insurer shall:
 - a. Notify the state abandoned property office that a life insurance policy beneficiary or retained asset accountholder has not submitted and completed a claim with the insurer and that the insurer has complied with subsections 2 and 3 and has been unable, after good-faith efforts documented by the insurer, to contact the retained asset accountholder, beneficiary, or beneficiaries and unable to complete the necessary payment; and
 - Submit any unclaimed life insurance benefits or unclaimed retained asset accounts, plus any applicable accrued interest, to the state abandoned property office under chapter 47-30.147-30.2.
- **SECTION 7. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 9 of section 26.1-55-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

- Except as otherwise provided under this chapter, chapter 47-30.147-30.2 applies to
 the escheatment of unclaimed life insurance benefits or unclaimed retained asset
 accounts.
- 4 **SECTION 8. AMENDMENT.** Section 26.1-55-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 6 **26.1-55-04. Application.**

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

- Section 47-30.1-07 and chapter 47-30.1 Chapter 47-30.2, relating to unclaimed property,
 applyapplies to a contract or policy to the extent the laws do not conflict with this chapter.
- 9 **SECTION 9. AMENDMENT.** Section 27-05.2-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
 - 27-05.2-04. Clerk to keep record of fees Monthly report to county auditor or state treasurer Continuing appropriation.

A clerk of the district court providing clerk services in accordance with subsection 2 or 6 of section 27-05.2-02 shall keep a public record of all money received as fees for services rendered as clerk. Within three days after the close of each calendar month, the clerk shall file with the county auditor a statement under oath showing the amount of fees received as clerk since the date of the clerk's last report and within three days thereafter the clerk shall deposit with the county treasurer the total sum of such fees which must be used for facilities, except fees that the clerk is directed to deposit with the state treasurer or is authorized expressly to retain. Within three days after the close of each calendar month, a clerk who has become a state employee under subsection 3 or 4 of section 27-05.2-02 shall file with the state treasurer a statement under oath showing the amount of fees received by the clerk since the date of the clerk's last report. Within three days thereafter, the clerk shall deposit with the state treasurer the total sum of fees required to be deposited in the general fund or in a designated special fund. The clerk shall forward to the county treasurer any fees received under section 27-05.2-03 which are not required to be deposited in the state general fund or a designated special fund. Those fees must be used for facilities. A special court receivables fund is established in the state treasury for purposes of depositing any money received by the clerk which is not required to be deposited in the state general fund, a different special fund, or the county treasury and which is received as bail or restitution, or otherwise received pursuant to an order of the court. Moneys in the special fund are appropriated to the judicial branch on a continuing basis for

- 1 purposes of refunding bail, forwarding restitution amounts to the entitled recipient, or otherwise
- 2 making payments as directed by an order of the court. To facilitate making payments from the
- 3 special fund, the clerk may establish a special account in the Bank of North Dakota or in a
- 4 banking institution designated as a depository of public funds under chapter 21-04. If money
- 5 deposited as bail is forfeited, the clerk shall submit the appropriate sum to the state treasurer for
- 6 deposit in the state general fund. If the clerk is unable to make payments from the special
- 7 account because the address of the recipient is unknown or the recipient cannot otherwise be
- 8 located, the clerk shall dispose of the deposited money in accordance with chapter
- 9 47-30.147-30.2.

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

- 10 **SECTION 10. AMENDMENT.** Section 30.1-20-14 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
- 12 **30.1-20-14. (3-914) Disposition of unclaimed assets.**
 - If an heir, devisee, or claimant cannot be found, the personal representative shall distribute the missing person's share to the missing person's conservator, if any, otherwise to the unclaimed property administrator under chapter 47–30.147-30.2.
 - **SECTION 11. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 3 of section 35-20-17 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
 - 3. A lienholder may sell a mobile home thirty days after the lienholder mails notice of the lien to the owner of the mobile home and secured parties of record. After the sale, the lienholder shall forward to the former owner any money resulting from the sale of the mobile home in excess of the amount owed to the lienholder for accrued rents, storage, and removal relating to the mobile home. If the location of the former mobile home owner is not known, any money from a sale in excess of the amount owed is presumed abandoned under chapter 47-30.147-30.2.
 - **SECTION 12. AMENDMENT.** Section 35-36-05 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
 - 35-36-05. Sale of property Application of proceeds.
 - At any time before the sale, the lessee may pay the amount necessary to satisfy the lien and redeem the lessee's property. If a sale is held, the owner shall satisfy the lien from the proceeds of the sale and hold the balance, if any, for delivery on demand to the lessee or any other recorded lienholder for a period of six months from the date of sale. Any amount not

- 1 claimed by the lessee from the owner within the six-month period is subject to the reporting
- 2 requirements of section 47-30.1-0847-30.2-04.
- 3 **SECTION 13. AMENDMENT.** Section 38-13.1-03 of the North Dakota Century Code is
- 4 amended and reenacted as follows:
- 5 **38-13.1-03. Administration of trust.**
- 6 The administration of the trust must comply with the appropriate provisions regulating trusts 7 contained in title 59. Except as provided in this section, trustee or attorney's fees may not be 8 paid from the trust proceeds. All bonuses, rental payments, royalties, and other income must be 9 paid to the trustee until the trust is terminated and notice of its termination is given to all 10 interested parties. The trustee shall distribute all moneys held in the trust to the person entitled 11 to the money upon the order of the district court. A trust in favor of unlocatable owners must be 12 kept in force until the unlocatable owners of the mineral interests in question have successfully 13 claimed their share of the funds held in trust and have filed the notice as provided in section 14 38-13.1-04. The creation of a trust in favor of unlocatable owners does not affect the right of a 15 surface owner who succeeds to ownership of a mineral interest upon its lapse under chapter 16 38-18.1. A person who succeeds to ownership under chapter 38-18.1 owns the mineral interest 17 and the proceeds from the mineral interest from the date of succession. The trustee shall invest 18 funds in a prudent manner. Upon receipt, fifty percent of the moneys paid to the trustee must be 19 credited to the general fund of the county in which the mineral interest is located to defray the 20 costs of administration. Funds held in trust are subject to the laws governing abandoned 21 property as provided in chapter 47-30.147-30.2.
- 22 **SECTION 14. AMENDMENT.** Section 38-18.1-03 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
 - 38-18.1-03. When mineral interest deemed to be used.
 - 1. A mineral interest is deemed to be used when:

25

26

27

28

29

30

- a. There are any minerals produced under that interest.
- b. Operations are being conducted thereon for injection, withdrawal, storage, or disposal of water, gas, or other fluid substances.
- c. In the case of solid minerals, there is production from a common vein or seam by the owners of such mineral interest.

- d. The mineral interest on any tract is subject to a lease, mortgage, assignment, or
 conveyance of the mineral interest recorded in the office of the recorder in the
 county in which the mineral interest is located.
 The mineral interest on any tract is subject to an order or an agreement to pool of
 - e. The mineral interest on any tract is subject to an order or an agreement to pool or unitize, recorded in the office of the recorder in the county in which the mineral interest is located.
 - f. A proper statement of claim is recorded as provided by section 38-18.1-04.
 - 2. The payment of royalties, bonus payments, or any other payment to a named or unnamed interest-bearing account, trust account, escrow account, or any similar type of account on behalf of a person who cannot be located does not satisfy the requirements of this section and the mineral interest is not deemed to be used for purposes of this section. Interest on such account must be credited to the account and may not be used for any other purpose. A named or unnamed interest-bearing account, trust account, escrow account, or any similar type of account that has been in existence for three years is deemed to be abandoned property and must be treated as abandoned property under chapter 47-30.147-30.2. A lease given by a trustee remains valid.

SECTION 15. AMENDMENT. Section 44-04-18.25 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

44-04-18.25. Value of property paid or delivered to the administrator of the state abandoned property office - Exempt record.

A record of the value of property paid or delivered to the administrator of the state abandoned property office under section 47-30.1-1747-30.2-21 is an exempt record.

- **SECTION 16. AMENDMENT.** Subsection 3 of section 47-16-07.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
 - 3. A lessor may apply security deposit money and accrued interest upon termination of a lease towards:
 - a. Any damages the lessor has suffered by reason of deteriorations or injuries to the real property or dwelling by the lessee's pet or through the negligence of the lessee or the lessee's guest.
 - b. Any unpaid rent.

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

18

26

c. The costs of cleaning or other repairs which were the responsibility of the lessee,
 and which are necessary to return the dwelling unit to its original state when the
 lessee took possession, reasonable wear and tear excepted.
 Application of any portion of a security deposit not paid to the lessee upon termination

Application of any portion of a security deposit not paid to the lessee upon termination of the lease must be itemized by the lessor. Such itemization together with the amount due must be delivered or mailed to the lessee at the last address furnished lessor, along with a written notice within thirty days after termination of the lease and delivery of possession by the lessee. The notice must contain a statement of any amount still due the lessor or the refund due the lessee. A lessor is not required to pay interest on security deposits if the period of occupancy was less than nine months in duration. Any amounts not claimed from the lessor by the lessee within one year of the termination of the lease agreement are subject to the reporting requirements of section 47-30.1-0847-30.2-04.

SECTION 17. Chapter 47-30.2 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as follows:

47-30.2-01. (102) Definitions.

- 17 <u>As used in this chapter:</u>
 - 1. "Administrator" means the administrator of the state abandoned property office.
- "Administrator's agent" means a person with which the commissioner contracts to
 conduct an examination under sections 47-30.2-54, 47-30.2-55, 47-30.2-56,
 47-30.2-57, 47-30.2-58, 47-30.2-59, 47-30.2-60, 47-30.2-61, and 47-30.2-62 on behalf
 of the administrator. The term includes an independent contractor of the person and
 each individual participating in the examination on behalf of the person or contractor.
- 3. "Apparent owner" means a person whose name appears on the records of a holder as
 the owner of property held, issued, or owing by the holder.
 - 4. "Board" means the board of university and school lands.
- 5. "Business association" means a corporation, joint stock company, investment
 company, partnership, unincorporated association, joint venture, limited liability
 company, business trust, trust company, land bank, safe deposit company,
 safekeeping depository, financial organization, insurance company, federally chartered
 entity, utility, sole proprietorship, or other business entity, whether or not for profit.

1	<u>6.</u>	"Cashier's check" means a check that:
2		a. Is purchased by a remitter and made payable to a designated payee;
3		b. Is signed by an officer or employee of the financial organization;
4		c. Authorizes payment of the amount shown on the check's face to the payee;
5		d. Is a direct obligation of the financial organization; and
6		e. Is provided to a customer of the financial institution or acquired from the financial
7		institution for remittance purposes.
8	<u>7.</u>	"Commissioner" means the commissioner of university and school lands.
9	<u>8.</u>	"Confidential record" has the same meaning as defined in section 44-04-17.1.
10	<u>9.</u>	"Department" means the department of trust lands.
11	<u>10.</u>	"Domicile" means:
12		a. For a corporation, the state of its incorporation;
13		b. For a business association whose formation requires a filing with a state, other
14		than a corporation, the state of its filing;
15		c. For a federally chartered entity, the state of its home office; and
16		d. For any other holder, the state of its principal place of business.
17	<u>11.</u>	"Electronic" means relating to technology having electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless,
18		optical, electromagnetic, or similar capabilities.
19	<u>12.</u>	"Electronic mail" means a communication by electronic means, together with
20		attachments, which is automatically retained and stored and may be readily accessed
21		or retrieved.
22	<u>13.</u>	"Financial organization" means a savings and loan association, building and loan
23		association, savings bank, industrial bank, bank, banking organization, private banker,
24		trust company, credit union, or an organization defined as a bank or banking
25		organization under the laws of this state or of the United States.
26	<u>14.</u>	"Game-related digital content" means digital content that exists only in an electronic
27		game or electronic-game platform.
28		a. The term includes:
29		(1) Game-play currency such as a virtual wallet, even if denominated in United
30		States currency: and

1			<u>(2)</u>	The '	following if for use or redemption only within the game or platform or
2				<u>anot</u>	her electronic game or electronic-game platform:
3				<u>(a)</u>	Points sometimes referred to as gems, tokens, gold, and similar
4					names; and
5				<u>(b)</u>	Digital codes; and
6		<u>b.</u>	<u>The</u>	term	does not include an item that the issuer:
7			<u>(1)</u>	<u>Pern</u>	nits to be redeemed for use outside a game or platform for:
8				<u>(a)</u>	Money; or
9				<u>(b)</u>	Goods or services that have more than minimal value; or
10			<u>(2)</u>	<u>Othe</u>	erwise monetizes for use outside a game or platform.
11	<u>15.</u>	<u>"Gift</u>	card	l" mea	ns a record that:
12		<u>a.</u>	ls us	sable	<u>at:</u>
13			<u>(1)</u>	A sin	gle merchant; or
14			<u>(2)</u>	A sp	ecified group of merchants:
15		<u>b.</u>	Is pr	efund	ed before the record is used; and
16		<u>C.</u>	<u>Can</u>	be us	sed for purchases of goods or services.
17	<u>16.</u>	<u>"Hold</u>	der" ı	means	s a person obligated to hold for the account of, or to deliver or pay to,
18		the c	wne	r, prop	perty subject to this chapter.
19	<u>17.</u>	<u>"Insı</u>	uranc	e con	npany" has the same meaning as defined in section 26.1-02-01, and
20		<u>also</u>	inclu	ides a	benevolent society, nonprofit health service corporation, and a health
21		<u>main</u>	tena	nce o	rganization.
22	<u>18.</u>	<u>"Loy</u>	alty o	card" ı	means a record given without monetary consideration under an award,
23		<u>rewa</u>	ırd, b	enefit	, loyalty, incentive, rebate, or promotional program which may be used
24		or re	deer	ned o	nly to obtain goods or services or a discount on goods or services. The
25		<u>term</u>	doe	s not i	nclude a record that may be redeemed for money or otherwise
26		mon	<u>etize</u>	d by t	he issuer.
27	<u>19.</u>	<u>"Min</u>	eral ı	proce	eds" means an obligation:
28		<u>a.</u>	<u>To p</u>	ay res	sulting from the production and sale of minerals, including net revenue
29			inter	est, r	oyalties, overriding royalties, production payments, and joint operating
30			agre	emen	its; or

1		b. For the acquisition and retention of a mineral lease, including bonuses, delay
2		rentals, shut-in royalties, and minimum royalties.
3	<u>20.</u>	"Money order" means a payment order for a specified amount of money. The term
4		includes an express money order and a personal money order on which the remitter is
5		the purchaser.
6	<u>21.</u>	"Municipal bond" means a bond or evidence of indebtedness issued by a municipality
7		or other political subdivision of a state.
8	<u>22.</u>	"Net card value" means the original purchase price or original issued value of a stored-
9		value card, plus amounts added to the original price or value, minus amounts used
10		and any service charge, fee, or dormancy charge permitted by law.
11	<u>23.</u>	"Non-freely transferable security" means a security that cannot be delivered to the
12		administrator by the depository trust clearing corporation or similar custodian of
13		securities providing post-trade clearing and settlement services to financial markets or
14		cannot be delivered because there is no agent to effect transfer. The term includes a
15		worthless security.
16	<u>24.</u>	"Owner" means a person that has a legal, beneficial, or equitable interest in property
17		subject to this chapter or the person's legal representative when acting on behalf of
18		and in the best interest of the owner. The term includes:
19		a. A depositor, for a deposit;
20		b. A beneficiary, for a trust other than a deposit in trust;
21		c. A creditor, claimant, or payee, for other property; and
22		d. The lawful bearer of a record that may be used to obtain money, a reward, or a
23		thing of value.
24	<u>25.</u>	"Payroll card" means a record that evidences a payroll-card account that is directly or
25		indirectly established through an employer and to which electronic fund transfers of
26		the consumer's wages, salary, or other employee compensation, such as
27		commissions, are made on a recurring basis, whether the account is operated or
28		managed by the employer, a third-party payroll processor, a depository institution, or
29		any other person.

Sixty-seventh Legislative Assembly

1	<u>26.</u>	<u>"Pe</u>	rson"	mear	ıs an	individual, estate, business association, public corporation,
2		gov	<u>ernm</u>	ent or	gove	ernmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, or other legal
3		<u>ent</u>	ity.			
4	<u>27.</u>	<u>"Pr</u>	operty	/" mea	ans ta	ingible property described in section 47-30.2-08 or a fixed and
5		cer	tain in	teres	in in	tangible property held, issued, or owed in the course of a holder's
6		bus	siness	or by	a go	vernment, governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality.
7		<u>a.</u>	<u>The</u>	term	inclu	<u>des:</u>
8			<u>(1)</u>	<u>All ir</u>	ncom	e from or increments to the property; and
9			<u>(2)</u>	Prop	erty	referred to as or evidenced by:
10				<u>(a)</u>	Moı	ney, virtual currency, interest, or a dividend, check, draft, deposit,
11					or p	payroll card;
12				<u>(b)</u>	A cı	redit balance, customer's overpayment, stored-value card, security
13					<u>dep</u>	osit, refund, credit memorandum, unpaid wage, unused ticket for
14					<u>whi</u>	ch the issuer has an obligation to provide a refund, mineral
15					pro	ceeds, or unidentified remittance;
16				<u>(c)</u>	A se	ecurity except for:
17					<u>(1)</u>	A worthless security; or
18					<u>(2)</u>	A security that is subject to a lien, legal hold, or restriction
19						evidenced on the records of the holder or imposed by operation
20						of law, if the lien, legal hold, or restriction restricts the holder's or
21						owner's ability to receive, transfer, sell, or otherwise negotiate
22						the security;
23				<u>(d)</u>	A b	ond, debenture, note, or other evidence of indebtedness;
24				<u>(e)</u>	Moı	ney deposited to redeem a security, make a distribution, or pay a
25					divi	dend;
26				<u>(f)</u>	<u>An</u>	amount due and payable under an annuity contract or insurance
27					poli	<u>cy;</u>
28				<u>(g)</u>	<u>An</u>	amount distributable from a trust or custodial fund established
29					und	ler a plan to provide health, welfare, pension, vacation, severance,
30					<u>retir</u>	rement, death, stock purchase, profit-sharing, employee-savings,
31					sup	plemental-unemployment insurance, or a similar benefit;

Sixty-seventh Legislative Assembly

1				<u>(h)</u>	Intangible property and any income or increment derived from the
2					intangible property held in a fiduciary capacity for the benefit of
3					another person;
4				<u>(i)</u>	Mineral proceeds; and
5				<u>(j)</u>	An in-store credit for returned merchandise.
6		<u>b.</u>	<u>The</u>	term	does not include:
7			<u>(1)</u>	Prop	erty held in a plan described in Section 529A of the Internal Revenue
8				Code	e, as amended, [26 U.S.C. 529A];
9			<u>(2)</u>	Gam	ne-related digital content;
10			<u>(3)</u>	<u>A loy</u>	<u>valty card; or</u>
11			<u>(4)</u>	A gif	t card.
12	<u>28.</u>	<u>"Pu</u>	<u>tative</u>	holde	er" means a person believed by the administrator to be a holder, until the
13		per	son p	ays or	delivers to the administrator property subject to this chapter or the
14		<u>adn</u>	<u>ninistr</u>	ator o	r a court makes a final determination that the person is or is not a
15		<u>hol</u>	<u>der.</u>		
16	<u>29.</u>	<u>"Re</u>	cord"	has tl	ne same meaning as defined in section 44-04-17.1.
17	<u>30.</u>	<u>"Se</u>	curity	" mea	ns:
18		<u>a.</u>	A se	curity	as defined in section 41-08-02;
19		<u>b.</u>	A se	curity	entitlement as defined in section 41-08-02, including a customer
20			seci	<u>urity a</u>	ccount held by a registered broker-dealer, to the extent the financial
21			asse	ets he	ld in the security account are not:
22			<u>(1)</u>	<u>Regi</u>	stered on the books of the issuer in the name of the person for which
23				the b	proker-dealer holds the assets;
24			<u>(2)</u>	<u>Paya</u>	able to the order of the person; or
25			<u>(3)</u>	Spec	cifically indorsed to the person; or
26		<u>C.</u>	<u>An e</u>	equity	interest in a business association not included in subdivision a or b.
27	<u>31.</u>	<u>"Sig</u>	gn" me	eans,	with present intent to authenticate or adopt a record:
28		<u>a.</u>	<u>To e</u>	xecut	e or adopt a tangible symbol; or
29		<u>b.</u>	<u>To a</u>	<u>ittach</u>	to or logically associate with the record an electronic symbol, sound, or
30			proc	cess.	

1	<u>32.</u>	<u>"Sta</u>	ate" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the
2		<u>Cor</u>	mmonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or
3		insu	ular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.
4	<u>33.</u>	<u>"Sto</u>	ored-value card" means a card, code, or other device, including a merchandise
5		cred	dit or rebate card, which is:
6		<u>a.</u>	Issued on a prepaid basis primarily for personal, family, or household purposes to
7			a consumer in a specified amount, whether or not that amount may be increased
8			or reloaded in exchange for payment;
9		<u>b.</u>	Redeemable upon presentation at multiple unaffiliated merchants for goods or
10			services or usable at automated teller machines; and
11		<u>C.</u>	Not a gift card, payroll card, loyalty card, or game-related digital content.
12	<u>34.</u>	<u>"Uti</u>	lity" means a person that owns or operates for public use a plant, equipment, real
13		pro	perty, franchise, or license for the following public services:
14		<u>a.</u>	Transmission of communications or information;
15		<u>b.</u>	Production, storage, transmission, sale, delivery, or furnishing of electricity, water,
16			steam, or gas; or
17		<u>C.</u>	Provision of sewage or septic services, or trash, garbage, or recycling disposal.
18	<u>35.</u>	<u>"Vir</u>	tual currency" means a digital representation of value used as a medium of
19		exc	hange, unit of account, or store of value, which does not have legal tender status
20		reco	ognized by the United States. The term does not include:
21		<u>a.</u>	The software or protocols governing the transfer of the digital representation of
22			value;
23		<u>b.</u>	Game-related digital content; or
24		<u>C.</u>	A loyalty card or gift card.
25	<u>36.</u>	<u>"Wc</u>	orthless security" means a security whose cost of liquidation and delivery to the
26		<u>adn</u>	ninistrator would exceed the value of the security on the date a report is due under
27		<u>this</u>	chapter.
28	<u>47-3</u>	30.2-0	02. (103) Inapplicability to foreign transaction.
29	<u>This</u>	cha _l	oter does not apply to property held, due, and owing in a foreign country if the
30	transact	ion o	ut of which the property grose was a foreign transaction

- 1 47-30.2-03. (104) Rulemaking.
- 2 The commissioner may adopt rules to implement and administer this chapter.
- 3 <u>47-30.2-04. (201) When property presumed abandoned.</u>
- 4 Subject to section 47-30.2-12, the following property is presumed abandoned if it is
- 5 <u>unclaimed by the apparent owner during the period specified below:</u>
- 6 <u>1.</u> Except as provided in this section, checks held, issued, or owing in the ordinary
- 7 <u>course of the holder's business which remain uncashed by the owner two years after</u>
- 8 <u>becoming payable</u>;
- 9 <u>2.</u> <u>A traveler's check, fifteen years after issuance;</u>
- 10 <u>3. A money order, seven years after issuance;</u>
- 11 <u>4. A state or municipal bond, bearer bond, or original-issue-discount bond, three years</u>
- 12 <u>after the earliest of the date:</u>
- 13 <u>a. The bond matures;</u>
- b. The bond is called; or
- 15 <u>c.</u> The obligation to pay the principal of the bond arises;
- 16 <u>5. A debt of a business association, three years after the obligation to pay arises;</u>
- 17 <u>6. A payroll card or a demand, savings, or time deposit, including a time deposit that is </u>
- automatically renewable, five years after the date of maturity of the time deposit or the
- date of the last indication of interest in the property by the apparent owner, whichever
- is earlier, provided a time deposit that is automatically renewable is deemed matured
- 21 on its initial date of maturity unless the apparent owner has consented in a record on
- file with the holder to renewal at or about the time of the renewal. If an apparent owner
- 23 <u>has another established account with the financial institution and has demonstrated</u>
- interest in any account under section 47-30.2-12, then all accounts must be
- considered active;
- 26 7. A cashier's check or certified check, two years after issuance;
- 8. Money or a credit owed to a customer as a result of a retail business transaction, other
- 28 <u>than in-store credit for returned merchandise, three years after the obligation arose;</u>
- 29 <u>9. An amount owed by an insurance company on a life or endowment insurance policy or</u>
- an annuity contract that has matured or terminated, one year three years after the
- 31 obligation to pay arose under the terms of the policy or contract or, if a policy or

1		contract for which an amount is owed on proof of death has not matured by proof of
2	1	the death of the insured or annuitant, as follows:
3		a. With respect to an amount owed on a life or endowment insurance policy, one
4		yearthree years after the earlier of the date:
5		(1) The insurance company has knowledge of the death of the insured; or
6		(2) The insured has attained, or would have attained if living, the limiting age
7	1	under the mortality table on which the reserve for the policy is based; and
8		b. With respect to an amount owed on an annuity contract, one yearthree years
9		after the date the insurance company has knowledge of the death of the
10		annuitant.
11	<u>10.</u>	Property distributable by a business association in the course of dissolution, one year
12		after the property becomes distributable;
13	<u>11.</u>	Property held by a court, including property received as proceeds of a class action,
14		three years after the property becomes distributable;
15	<u>12.</u>	Property held by a government or political subdivision, agency, or instrumentality,
16		including municipal bond interest and unredeemed principal under the administration
17		of a paying agent or indenture trustee, three years after the property becomes
18		distributable;
19	<u>13.</u>	Wages, commissions, bonuses, or reimbursements to which an employee is entitled,
20		or other compensation for personal services, one year after the amount becomes
21		payable;
22	<u>14.</u>	A deposit or refund owed to a subscriber by a utility, one year after the deposit or
23		refund becomes payable;
24	<u>15.</u>	A security deposit, including interest on the security deposit, made in advance by a
25		person to secure an agreement for rights of services, less any lawsuit deductions,
26		which remains unclaimed by the owner for more than one year after termination of the
27		agreement for which the deposit or advance payment was made;
28	<u>16.</u>	A sum payable as mineral proceeds which has remained unclaimed by the owner for
29		more than three years after it became payable or distributable and the owner's
30		underlying right to receive those mineral proceeds are deemed abandoned. At the time
31		an owner's underlying right to receive mineral proceeds is deemed abandoned, any

1		mir	neral p	orocee	ds then owing to the owner and any proceeds accruing after that time
2		are	deen	ned ab	andoned;
3	<u>17.</u>	Pro	perty	not sp	pecified in this section or sections 47-30.2-05 through 47-30.2-10, the
4		<u>ear</u>	lier of	three	years after the owner first has a right to demand the property or the
5		<u>obl</u>	<u>igatio</u>	n to pa	y or distribute the property arises.
6	<u>47-</u>	30.2-	<u>05. (2</u>	202) W	hen tax-deferred or tax-exempt retirement account presumed
7	<u>abando</u>	ned.	<u>.</u>		
8	<u>1.</u>	<u>Sul</u>	bject t	o sect	ion 47-30.2-12, property held in a pension account or retirement
9		acc	count	that qu	ualifies for tax deferral or tax exemption under the income tax laws of
10		the	Unite	ed Stat	es is presumed abandoned if it is unclaimed by the apparent owner
11		thre	ee yea	ars afte	er the later of:
12		<u>a.</u>	<u>The</u>	follow	<u>ring dates:</u>
13			<u>(1)</u>	Exce	ept as in paragraph 2, the date a second consecutive communication
14				<u>sent</u>	by the holder by first-class United States mail to the apparent owner is
15				<u>retur</u>	ned to the holder undelivered by the United States postal service; or
16			<u>(2)</u>	If the	e second communication is sent later than thirty days after the date the
17				first (communication is returned undelivered, the date the first
18				<u>com</u> ı	munication was returned undelivered by the United States postal
19				<u>servi</u>	ce; or
20		<u>b.</u>	<u>The</u>	earlie	r of the following dates:
21			<u>(1)</u>	The	date the apparent owner becomes seventy-two years of age, if
22				<u>dete</u>	rminable by the holder; or
23			<u>(2)</u>	If the	Internal Revenue Code, as amended, [26 U.S.C. 1 et seq.] or title 57,
24				<u>requ</u>	ires distribution to avoid a tax penalty, two years after the date the
25				<u>hold</u>	<u>er:</u>
26				<u>(a)</u>	Receives confirmation of the death of the apparent owner in the
27					ordinary course of its business; or
28				<u>(b)</u>	Confirms the death of the apparent owner under subsection 2.
29	<u>2.</u>	<u>If a</u>	holde	er in th	e ordinary course of its business receives notice or an indication of the
30		dos	ath of	an ani	parent owner and subdivision haof subsection 1 applies, the holder shall

1		<u>atte</u>	mpt not later than ninety days after receipt of the notice or indication to confirm
2		whe	ether the apparent owner is deceased.
3	<u>3.</u>	If th	e holder does not send communications to the apparent owner of an account
4		des	cribed in subsection 1 by first-class United States mail, the holder shall attempt to
5		cont	firm the apparent owner's interest in the property by sending the apparent owner
6		an e	electronic-mail communication not later than two years after the apparent owner's
7		last	indication of interest in the property. However, the holder promptly shall attempt to
8		cont	tact the apparent owner by first-class United States mail if:
9		<u>a.</u>	The holder does not have information needed to send the apparent owner an
10			electronic-mail communication;
11		<u>b.</u>	The holder receives notification that the electronic-mail communication was not
12			received; or
13		<u>C.</u>	The apparent owner does not respond to the electronic-mail communication not
14			later than thirty days after the communication was sent.
15	<u>4.</u>	<u>If fir</u>	st-class United States mail sent under subsection 3 is returned to the holder
16		und	elivered by the United States postal service, the property is presumed abandoned
17		thre	e years after the later of:
18		<u>a.</u>	Except as in subdivision b, the date a second consecutive communication to
19			contact the apparent owner sent by first-class United States mail is returned to
20			the holder undelivered;
21		<u>b.</u>	If the second communication is sent later than thirty days after the date the first
22			communication is returned undelivered, the date the first communication was
23			returned undelivered; or
24		<u>C.</u>	The date established by subdivision b of subsection 1.
25	<u>47-3</u>	0.2-0	06. (203) When other tax-deferred or tax-exempt account presumed
26	<u>abandoı</u>	ned.	
27	<u>Subj</u>	ect to	section 47-30.2-12 and except for property described in section 47-30.2-05 and
28	property	held	in a plan described in Section 529A of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended,
29	[26 U.S.	C. 52	29A] property held in an account or plan, including a health savings account, that
30	qualifies	for ta	ax deferral or tax exemption under the income tax laws of the United States is
31	presume	d ab	andoned if it is unclaimed by the apparent owner three years after the earlier of:

1 The date, if determinable by the holder, specified in the income tax laws and 2 regulations of the United States by which distribution of the property must begin to 3 avoid a tax penalty, with no distribution having been made; or 4 2. Thirty years after the date the account was opened. 5 47-30.2-07. (204) When custodial account for minor presumed abandoned. 6 1. Subject to section 47-30.2-12, property held in an account established under a state's 7 Uniform Gifts to Minors Act or Uniform Transfers to Minors Act is presumed 8 abandoned if it is unclaimed by or on behalf of the minor on whose behalf the account 9 was opened three years after the later of: 10 Except as in subdivision b, the date a second consecutive communication sent 11 by the holder by first-class United States mail to the custodian of the minor on 12 whose behalf the account was opened is returned undelivered to the holder by 13 the United States postal service; 14 If the second communication is sent later than thirty days after the date the first <u>b.</u> 15 communication is returned undelivered, the date the first communication was 16 returned undelivered; or 17 The date on which the custodian of the minor, as defined under section <u>C.</u> 18 47-24.1-01, is required to transfer the property to the minor or the minor's estate 19 in accordance with the Uniform Gifts to Minors Act or Uniform Transfers to Minors 20 Act of the state in which the account was opened. 21 <u>2.</u> If the holder does not send communications to the custodian of the minor on whose 22 behalf an account described in subsection 1 was opened by first-class United States 23 mail, the holder shall attempt to confirm the custodian of the minor's interest in the 24 property by sending the custodian of the minor an electronic-mail communication not 25 later than two years after the custodian of the minor's last indication of interest in the 26 property. However, the holder promptly shall attempt to contact the custodian of the 27 minor by first-class United States mail if: 28 The holder does not have information needed to send the custodian of the minor a. 29 an electronic-mail communication or the holder believes that the custodian of the 30 minor's electronic-mail address in the holder's records is not valid;

1		<u>b.</u>	The holder receives notification that the electronic-mail communication was not
2			received; or
3		<u>C.</u>	The custodian of the minor does not respond to the electronic-mail
4			communication not later than thirty days after the communication was sent.
5	<u>3.</u>	If firs	st-class United States mail sent under subsection 2 is returned undelivered to the
6		<u>hold</u>	er by the United States postal service, the property is presumed abandoned three
7		year	es after the later of:
8		<u>a.</u>	The date a second consecutive communication to contact the custodian of the
9			minor by first-class United States mail is returned to the holder undelivered by the
10			United States postal service; or
11		<u>b.</u>	The date established by subdivision c of subsection 1.
12	<u>4.</u>	The	property in the account described in subsection 1 ceases to be subject to this
13		<u>sect</u>	ion on the date the property is transferred to the minor or to the minor's estate.
14	<u>47-3</u>	<u>30.2-0</u>	8. (205) When contents of safe deposit box presumed abandoned.
15	<u>Tan</u>	gible p	property held in a safe deposit box is presumed abandoned if the property remains
16	unclaim	ed by	the apparent owner three years after the earlier of the:
17	<u>1.</u>	<u>Expi</u>	ration of the lease or rental period for the box; or
18	<u>2.</u>	<u>Earli</u>	iest date when the lessor of the box is authorized by law of this state other than
19		this	chapter to enter the box and remove or dispose of the contents without consent or
20		<u>auth</u>	orization of the lessee.
21	<u>47-3</u>	<u>30.2-0</u>	9. (206) When stored-value card presumed abandoned.
22	<u>1.</u>	<u>Sub</u> j	ject to section 47-30.2-12, the net card value of a stored-value card, other than a
23		payr	oll card, is presumed abandoned on the latest of three years after:
24		<u>a.</u>	December thirty-first of the year in which the card is issued or additional funds
25			are deposited into the card;
26		<u>b.</u>	The most recent indication of interest in the card by the apparent owner; or
27		<u>C.</u>	A verification or review of the balance by or on behalf of the apparent owner.
28	<u>2.</u>	The	amount presumed abandoned in a stored-value card is the net card value at the
29		<u>time</u>	it is presumed abandoned.
30	<u>47-3</u>	<u>30.2-1</u>	0. (208) When security presumed abandoned.
31	<u>1.</u>	Subj	iect to section 47-30.2-12, a security is presumed abandoned three years after:

1		<u>a.</u>	The date a second consecutive communication sent by the holder by first-class
2			United States mail to the apparent owner is returned to the holder undelivered by
3			the United States postal service; or
4		<u>b.</u>	If the second communication is made later than thirty days after the first
5			communication is returned, the date the first communication is returned
6			undelivered to the holder by the United States postal service.
7	<u>2.</u>	If th	e holder does not send communications to the apparent owner of a security by
8		first	-class United States mail, the holder shall attempt to confirm the apparent owner's
9		inte	rest in the security by sending the apparent owner an electronic-mail
10		con	nmunication not later than two years after the apparent owner's last indication of
11		inte	rest in the security. However, the holder promptly shall attempt to contact the
12		<u>app</u>	arent owner by first-class United States mail if:
13		<u>a.</u>	The holder does not have information needed to send the apparent owner an
14			electronic-mail communication or the holder believes that the apparent owner's
15			electronic-mail address in the holder's records is not valid;
16		<u>b.</u>	The holder receives notification that the electronic-mail communication was not
17			received; or
18		<u>C.</u>	The apparent owner does not respond to the electronic-mail communication not
19			later than thirty days after the communication was sent.
20	<u>3.</u>	<u>lf fir</u>	st-class United States mail sent under subsection 2 is returned to the holder
21		<u>und</u>	elivered by the United States postal service, the security is presumed abandoned
22		thre	ee years after the date the mail is returned.
23	<u>47-3</u>	30.2-	11. (209) When related property presumed abandoned.
24	At a	nd af	ter the time property is presumed abandoned under this chapter, any other
25	property	right	t or interest accrued or accruing from the property and not previously presumed
26	abandor	ned is	s also presumed abandoned.
27	<u>47-3</u>	30.2-	12. (210) Indication of apparent owner interest in property.
28	<u>1.</u>	<u>The</u>	period after which property is presumed abandoned is measured from the later of:
29		<u>a.</u>	The date the property is presumed abandoned under sections 47-30.2-04,
30			47-30.2-05, 47-30.2-06, 47-30.2-07, 47-30.2-08, 47-30.2-09, 47-30.2-10,
31			47-30.2-11, 47-30.2-12, 47-30.2-13, and 47-30.2-14; or

I		<u>D.</u>	The latest indication of interest by the apparent owner in the property.
2	<u>2.</u>	<u>Unc</u>	der this chapter, an indication of an apparent owner's interest in property includes:
3		<u>a.</u>	A record communicated by the apparent owner to the holder or agent of the
4			holder concerning the property or the account in which the property is held;
5		<u>b.</u>	An oral communication by the apparent owner to the holder or agent of the holder
6			concerning the property or the account in which the property is held, if the holder
7			or its agent contemporaneously makes and preserves a record of the fact of the
8			apparent owner's communication;
9		<u>C.</u>	Presentment of a check or other instrument of payment of a dividend, interest
10			payment, or other distribution, or evidence of receipt of a distribution made by
11			electronic or similar means, with respect to an account, underlying security, or
12			interest in a business association;
13		<u>d.</u>	Activity directed by an apparent owner in the account in which the property is
14			held, including accessing the account or information concerning the account, or a
15			direction by the apparent owner to increase, decrease, or otherwise change the
16			amount or type of property held in the account;
17		<u>e.</u>	A deposit into or withdrawal from an account at a financial organization, including
18			an automatic deposit or withdrawal previously authorized by the apparent owner
19			other than an automatic reinvestment of dividends or interest;
20		<u>f.</u>	Subject to subsection 5, payment of a premium on an insurance policy; and
21		<u>g.</u>	Any other action by the apparent owner which reasonably demonstrates to the
22			holder that the apparent owner knows that the property exists.
23	<u>3.</u>	An a	action by an agent or other legal representative of an apparent owner, other than
24		the	holder acting as the apparent owner's agent, is presumed to be an action on
25		<u>beh</u>	alf of the apparent owner.
26	<u>4.</u>	A co	ommunication with an apparent owner by a person other than the holder or the
27		<u>holo</u>	der's representative is not an indication of interest in the property by the apparent
28		<u>owr</u>	ner unless a record of the communication evidences the apparent owner's
29		<u>kno</u>	wledge of a right to the property.
30	<u>5.</u>	If th	e insured dies or the insured or beneficiary of an insurance policy otherwise
31		hec	omes entitled to the proceeds before depletion of the cash surrender value of the

1		poli	cy by	operation of an automatic-premium-loan provision or other nonforfeiture			
2		pro	provision contained in the policy, the operation does not prevent the policy from				
3		mat	maturing or terminating.				
4	<u>47-</u>	30.2-	13. (2 ⁻	11) Knowledge of death of insured or annuitant.			
5	<u>1.</u>	<u>In tl</u>	nis se	ction, "death master file" means the United States social security			
6		<u>adn</u>	ninistr	ation death master file or other database or service that is at least as			
7		con	preh	ensive as the United States social security administration death master file for			
8		dete	<u>ermini</u>	ng that an individual reportedly has died.			
9	<u>2.</u>	Witl	n resp	ect to a life or endowment insurance policy or annuity contract for which an			
10		amo	ount is	s owed on proof of death, but which has not matured by proof of death of the			
11		insu	ired o	r annuitant, the company has knowledge of the death of an insured or			
12		<u>ann</u>	<u>uitant</u>	when:			
13		<u>a.</u>	<u>The</u>	company receives a death certificate or court order determining that the			
14			<u>insu</u>	red or annuitant has died;			
15		<u>b.</u>	<u>Due</u>	diligence, performed as required under section 26.1-55-02 to maintain			
16			cont	act with the insured or annuitant or determine whether the insured or			
17			<u>annı</u>	uitant has died, validates the death of the insured or annuitant;			
18		<u>C.</u>	<u>The</u>	company conducts a comparison for any purpose between a death master			
19			file a	and the names of some or all of the company's insureds or annuitants, finds a			
20			mate	ch that provides notice that the insured or annuitant has died, and validates			
21			the o	death; or			
22		<u>d.</u>	<u>The</u>	company:			
23			<u>(1)</u>	Receives notice of the death of the insured or annuitant from an			
24				administrator, beneficiary, policy owner, relative of the insured, or trustee or			
25				from a personal representative, or other legal representative of the insured's			
26				or annuitant's estate; and			
27			<u>(2)</u>	Validates the death of the insured or annuitant.			
28	<u>3.</u>	The	follo	wing apply under this section:			
29		<u>a.</u>	A de	eath master file match under subdivision c of subsection 2 occurs if the			
30			<u>crite</u>	ria for an exact or partial match are satisfied as provided by:			
31			(1)	Law of this state other than this chapter, including chapter 26 1-55; or			

1			<u>(2)</u>	A rule or policy adopted by the insurance commissioner;	
2		<u>b.</u>	<u>The</u>	death master file match does not constitute proof of death for the purpose of	
3			subi	mission to an insurance company of a claim by a beneficiary, annuitant, or	
4			<u>own</u>	er of the policy or contract for an amount due under an insurance policy or	
5			ann	uity contract.	
6		<u>C.</u>	<u>The</u>	death master file match or validation of the insured's or annuitant's death	
7			doe	s not alter the requirements for a beneficiary, annuitant, or owner of the policy	
8			or c	ontract to make a claim to receive proceeds under the terms of the policy or	
9			cont	<u>rract.</u>	
10		<u>d.</u>	<u>The</u>	company shall make a good-faith effort using available records and	
11			info	mation to document the death of the insured or annuitant in accordance with	
12			the t	time frame specified in chapter 26.1-55-02.	
13	<u>4.</u>	<u>This</u>	s chap	oter does not affect the determination of the extent to which an insurance	
14		com	npany	before the effective date of this chapter had knowledge of the death of an	
15		<u>ins</u> ı	ired o	r annuitant or was required to conduct a death master file comparison to	
16		<u>dete</u>	ermin	e whether amounts owed by the company on a life or endowment insurance	
17		poli	cy or	annuity contract were presumed abandoned or unclaimed.	
18	<u>47-3</u>	30.2-1	14. <u>(2</u>	12) Deposit account for proceeds of insurance policy or annuity	
19	contrac	<u>t.</u>			
20	<u>lf pr</u>	ocee	ds pa	yable under a life or endowment insurance policy or annuity contract are	
21	deposite	ed inte	o an a	account with check or draft writing privileges for the beneficiary of the policy	
22	or contract and, under a supplementary contract not involving annuity benefits other than death				
23	benefits, the proceeds are retained by the insurance company or the financial organization				
24	where the account is held, the policy or contract includes the assets in the account.				
25	<u>47-3</u>	30.2-1	15. <u>(</u> 3	01) Address of apparent owner to establish priority.	
26	<u>In s</u>	<u>ectior</u>	ns 47-	30.2-15, 47-30.2-16, 47-30.2-17, 47-30.2-18, 47-30.2-19, and 47-30.2-20,	
27	the follo	wing	apply	-	
28	<u>1.</u>	<u>The</u>	last-	known address of an apparent owner is any description, code, or other	
29		indi	cation	of the location of the apparent owner which identifies the state, even if the	
30		des	criptio	on, code, or indication of location is not sufficient to direct the delivery of first-	
31		clas	s Uni	ted States mail to the apparent owner.	

7

13

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

- If the United States postal zip code associated with the apparent owner is for a post
 office located in this state, this state is deemed to be the state of the last-known
 address of the apparent owner unless other records associated with the apparent
 owner specifically identify the physical address of the apparent owner to be in another
 state.
 - 3. If the address under subsection 2 is in another state, the other state is deemed to be the state of the last-known address of the apparent owner.
- 4. The address of the apparent owner of a life or endowment insurance policy or annuity

 contract or its proceeds is presumed to be the address of the insured or annuitant if a

 person other than the insured or annuitant is entitled to the amount owed under the

 policy or contract and the address of the other person is not known by the insurance

 company and cannot be determined under section 47-30.2-16.

47-30.2-16. (302) Address of apparent owner in this state.

- The administrator may take custody of property that is presumed abandoned, whether

 located in this state, another state, or a foreign country if:
- 16 <u>1. The last-known address of the apparent owner in the records of the holder is in this</u>
 17 <u>state; or</u>
 - 2. The records of the holder do not reflect the identity or last-known address of the apparent owner, but the administrator has determined that the last-known address of the apparent owner is in this state.

47-30.2-17. (303) If records show multiple addresses of apparent owner.

- 1. Except as in subsection 2, if records of a holder reflect multiple addresses for an apparent owner and this state is the state of the most recently recorded address, this state may take custody of property presumed abandoned, whether located in this state or another state.
- 2. If it appears from records of the holder that the most recently recorded address of the apparent owner under subsection 1 is a temporary address and this state is the state of the next most recently recorded address that is not a temporary address, this state may take custody of the property presumed abandoned.

30

administrator.

1 47-30.2-18. (304) Holder domiciled in this state. 2 Except as in subsection 2 or section 47-30.2-16 or 47-30.2-17, the administrator may 1. 3 take custody of property presumed abandoned, whether located in this state, another 4 state, or a foreign country, if the holder is domiciled in this state or is this state or a 5 political subdivision, agency, or instrumentality of this state; and 6 Another state or foreign country is not entitled to the property because there is no a. 7 last-known address of the apparent owner or other person entitled to the property 8 in the records of the holder; or 9 The state or foreign country of the last-known address of the apparent owner or <u>b.</u> 10 other person entitled to the property does not provide for custodial taking of the 11 property. 12 2. Property is not subject to custody of the administrator under subsection 1 if the 13 property is specifically exempt from custodial taking under the law of this state or the 14 state or foreign country of the last-known address of the apparent owner. 15 <u>3.</u> If a holder's state of domicile has changed since the time property was presumed 16 abandoned, the holder's state of domicile in this section is deemed to be the state 17 where the holder was domiciled at the time the property was presumed abandoned. 18 47-30.2-19. (305) Custody if transaction took place in this state. Except as in section 47-30.2-16, 47-30.2-17, or 47-30.2-18, the administrator may take 19 20 custody of property presumed abandoned whether located in this state or another state if: 21 <u>1.</u> The transaction out of which the property arose took place in this state; 22 2. The holder is domiciled in a state that does not provide for the custodial taking of the 23 property, except that if the property is specifically exempt from custodial taking under 24 the law of the state of the holder's domicile, the property is not subject to the custody 25 of the administrator; and 26 The last-known address of the apparent owner or other person entitled to the property <u>3.</u> 27 is unknown or in a state that does not provide for the custodial taking of the property. 28 except that if the property is specifically exempt from custodial taking under the law of

the state of the last-known address, the property is not subject to the custody of the

1	<u>47-3</u>	47-30.2-20. (306) Traveler's check, money order, or similar instrument.			
2	The	ne administrator may take custody of sums payable on a traveler's check, money order, or			
3	similar instrument presumed abandoned to the extent permissible under 12 U.S.C. 2501				
4	through	2503	<u>3.</u>		
5	<u>47-3</u>	0.2-	21. (401) Report required by holder.		
6	<u>1.</u>	<u>A h</u>	older of property presumed abandoned and subject to the custody of the		
7		<u>adr</u>	ministrator shall report in a record to the administrator concerning the property.		
8	<u>2.</u>	<u>A h</u>	older may contract with a third party to make the report required under		
9		<u>sub</u>	esection 1.		
10	<u>3.</u>	<u>Wh</u>	ether or not a holder contracts with a third party under subsection 2, the holder is		
11		res	ponsible:		
12		<u>a.</u>	To the administrator for the complete, accurate, and timely reporting of property		
13			presumed abandoned; and		
14		<u>b.</u>	For paying or delivering to the administrator property described in the report.		
15	<u>4.</u>	<u>A h</u>	older may file a negative report if the holder does not have reportable property or		
16		safe	e deposit box contents.		
17	<u>47-3</u>	0.2-	22. (402) Content of report.		
18	<u>1.</u>	The	e report filed under section 47-30.2-21 must:		
19		<u>a.</u>	Be signed by or on behalf of the holder and verified as to its completeness and		
20			accuracy;		
21		<u>b.</u>	Be filed electronically in a secure format approved by the administrator which		
22			protects confidential information of the apparent owner in the same manner as		
23			required of the administrator and the administrator's agent under sections		
24			47-30.2-71, 47-30.2-72, and 47-30.2-73;		
25		<u>C.</u>	Describe the property:		
26		<u>d.</u>	Except for a traveler's check, money order, or similar instrument, contain the		
27			name, if known, last-known address, if known, and social security number or		
28			taxpayer identification number, if known or readily ascertainable, of the apparent		
29			owner of property with a value of twenty-five dollars or more;		
30		<u>e.</u>	For an amount held or owing under a life or endowment insurance policy or		
31			annuity contract, contain the name and last-known address of the insured,		

1 annuitant, or other apparent owner of the policy or contract and of the 2 beneficiary; 3 <u>f.</u> For property held in or removed from a safe deposit box, indicate the location of 4 the property, where it may be inspected by the administrator, and any amounts 5 owed to the holder under section 47-30.2-35; 6 Contain the commencement date for determining abandonment under sections g. 7 47-30.2-04, 47-30.2-05, 47-30.2-06, 47-30.2-07, 47-30.2-08, 47-30.2-09, 8 47-30.2-10, 47-30.2-11, 47-30.2-12, 47-30.2-13, and 47-30.2-14; 9 State that the holder has complied with the notice requirements of section <u>h.</u> 10 47-30.2-26; 11 Identify property that is a non-freely transferable security and explain why it is a 12 non-freely transferable security; and 13 Contain other information the commissioner prescribes by rules. 14 <u>2.</u> A report under section 47-30.2-21 may include in the aggregate items valued under 15 twenty-five dollars each. If the report includes items in the aggregate valued under 16 twenty-five dollars each, the administrator may not require the holder to provide the 17 name and address of an apparent owner of an item unless the information is 18 necessary to verify or process a claim in progress by the apparent owner. 19 A report under section 47-30.2-21 may include personal information about the 3. 20 apparent owner or the apparent owner's property to the extent not otherwise 21 prohibited by state and federal law. 22 The administrator and any state employee conducting an examination on the 4. 23 administrator's behalf are exempt from chapter 6-08.1. 24 <u>5.</u> If a holder has changed the holder's name while holding property presumed abandoned or is a successor to another person that previously held the property for 25 26 the apparent owner, the holder shall include in the report under section 47-30.2-21 the 27 holder's former name or the name of the previous holder, if any, and the known name 28 and address of each previous holder of the property.

29

	Legisiali	ve Assembly
1	<u>47-3</u>	30.2-23. (403) When report to be filed.
2	<u>1.</u>	Except as otherwise provided under this section, the report under section 47-30.2-21
3		must be filed before November first of each year and cover the twelve months
4		preceding July first of that year.
5	<u>2.</u>	Subject to subsection 3, the report under section 47-30.2-21 to be filed by a life
6		insurance company must be filed before May first of each year for the immediately
7		preceding calendar year.
8	<u>3.</u>	Before the date for filing the report under section 47-30.2-21, the holder of property
9		presumed abandoned may request the administrator to extend the time for filing. The
0		administrator may grant an extension.
11	<u>4.</u>	The commissioner may grant an extension of the reporting date for good cause in the
2		event of a national or state emergency.
3	<u>47-3</u>	0.2-24. (404) Retention of records by holder.
4	A ho	older required to file a report under section 47-30.2-21 shall retain records for ten years
5	after the	later of the date the report was filed or the last date a timely report was due to be filed,
6	unless a	shorter period is provided by rule of the commissioner. The holder may satisfy the
7	requiren	nent to retain records under this section through an agent. The records must contain:
8	<u>1.</u>	The information required to be included in the report;
9	<u>2.</u>	The date, place, and nature of the circumstances that gave rise to the property right;
20	<u>3.</u>	The amount or value of the property:
21	<u>4.</u>	The last address of the apparent owner, if known to the holder; and
22	<u>5.</u>	If the holder sells, issues, or provides to others for sale or issue in this state traveler's
23		checks, money orders, or similar instruments, other than third-party bank checks, on
24		which the holder is directly liable, a record of the instruments while they remain
25		outstanding indicating the state and date of issue.
26	<u>47-3</u>	0.2-25. (405) Property reportable and payable or deliverable absent owner
27	demand	<u>L</u>

Property is reportable and payable or deliverable under this chapter even if the owner fails to make demand or present an instrument or document otherwise required to obtain payment.

1	<u>47-3</u>	30.2-26. (501) Notice to apparent owner by holder.		
2	<u>1.</u>	Subject to subsection 2, the holder of property presumed abandoned shall send to the		
3		apparent owner notice by first-class United States mail that complies with section		
4		47-30.2-27 in a format acceptable to the administrator not more than one hundred		
5		twenty days before filing the report under section 47-30.2-21 if:		
6		a. The holder has in the holder's records an address for the apparent owner which		
7		the holder's records do not disclose to be invalid and is sufficient to direct the		
8		delivery of first-class United States mail to the apparent owner; and		
9		b. The value of the property is twenty-five dollars or more.		
10	<u>2.</u>	If an apparent owner has consented to receive electronic mail delivery from the holder,		
11		the holder shall send the notice described in subsection 1 both by first-class United		
12		States mail to the apparent owner's last-known mailing address and by electronic mail,		
13		unless the holder believes that the apparent owner's electronic-mail address is invalid.		
14	<u>47-3</u>	30.2-27. (502) Contents of notice by holder.		
15	<u>1.</u>	Notice under section 47-30.2-26 must contain a heading that reads substantially as		
16		follows:		
17		"Notice. The State of North Dakota requires us to notify you that your property may be		
18		transferred to the custody of the North Dakota unclaimed property administrator if you		
19		do not contact us before (insert date that is thirty days after the date of this notice)."		
20	<u>2.</u>	The notice under section 47-30.2-26 must:		
21		a. Identify the holder and provide a name, address, telephone number, and		
22		electronic-mail address at which to contact the holder;		
23		b. Identify the nature and, except for property that does not have a fixed value, the		
24		value of the property that is the subject of the notice;		
25		c. State that the property will be turned over to the administrator;		
26		d. State that after the property is turned over to the administrator an apparent owner		
27		that seeks return of the property shall file a claim with the administrator;		
28		e. State that property that is not legal tender of the United States may be sold by		
29		the administrator in accordance with section 47-30.2-40; and		
30		f. Provide instructions that the apparent owner must follow to prevent the holder		
31		from reporting and paying or delivering the property to the administrator.		

1 47-30.2-28. (503) Notice by administrator. 2 <u>1.</u> The administrator shall give notice to an apparent owner that property is presumed 3 abandoned and appears to be owned by the apparent owner is held by the 4 administrator under this chapter. 5 <u>2.</u> In providing notice under subsection 1, the administrator shall: 6 Except as otherwise provided in subdivision b, send written notice by first-class 7 United States mail to each apparent owner of property valued at twenty-five 8 dollars or more held by the administrator, unless the administrator determines 9 that a mailing by first-class United States mail would not be received by the 10 apparent owner, and, in the case of a security held in an account for which the 11 apparent owner had consented to receiving electronic mail from the holder, send 12 notice by electronic mail if the electronic-mail address of the apparent owner is 13 known to the administrator instead of by first-class United States mail; or 14 Send the notice to the apparent owner's electronic-mail address if the <u>b.</u> 15 administrator does not have a valid United States mail address for an apparent 16 owner but has an electronic-mail address that the administrator does not know to 17 be invalid. 18 <u>3.</u> In addition to the notice under subsection 2, the administrator shall: 19 Publish in the biennial report required under section 54-06-04 and shall include: <u>a.</u> 20 The total value of property received by the administrator during the (1) 21 preceding biennium, taken from the reports under section 47-30.2-21; and 22 The total value of claims paid by the administrator during the biennium (2) 23 period; 24 <u>b.</u> Maintain a website or database accessible by the public and electronically 25 searchable which contains the names reported to the administrator of apparent 26 owners for whom property that meets or exceeds the searchable value as set by 27 the commissioner is being held by the administrator. Property that does not meet 28 or exceed the searchable value must continue to be held by the administrator but

may not appear in the searchable website or database.

1	<u>4.</u>	The website or database maintained under subdivision b of subsection 3 must include			
2		instructions for filing with the administrator a claim to property and a printable claim			
3		form with instructions for the form's use.			
4	<u>5.</u>	In addition to giving notice under subsection 2, publishing the information under			
5		subdivision a of subsection 3, and maintaining the website or database under			
6		subdivision b of subsection 3, the administrator may use other printed publication,			
7		telecommunication, the internet, or other media to inform the public of the existence of			
8		unclaimed property held by the administrator.			
9	<u>47-3</u>	0.2-29. (504) Cooperation among state officers and agencies to locate apparent			
10	owner.				
11	<u>Unle</u>	ess prohibited by law of this state other than this chapter, on request of the			
12	administ	dministrator, each officer, agency, board, commission, division, and department of this state,			
13	any body politic and corporate created by this state for a public purpose, and each political				
14	subdivision of this state shall make its books and records available to the administrator and				
15	cooperate with the administrator to determine the current address of an apparent owner of				
16	property held by the administrator under this chapter.				
17	<u>47-3</u>	0.2-30. (601) Definition of good faith.			
18	<u>In se</u>	sections 47-30.2-30, 47-30.2-31, 47-30.2-32, 47-30.2-33, 47-30.2-34, 47-30.2-35,			
19	<u>47-30.2</u> -	36, 47-30.2-37, and 47-30.2-38, payment or delivery of property is made in good faith if			
20	<u>a holder</u>	<u>:</u>			
21	<u>1.</u>	Had a reasonable basis for believing, based on the facts then known, that the property			
22		was required or permitted to be paid or delivered to the administrator under this			
23		chapter; or			
24	<u>2.</u>	Made payment or delivery:			
25		a. In response to a demand by the administrator or administrator's agent; or			
26		b. Under a guidance or ruling issued by the administrator which the holder			
27		reasonably believed required or permitted the property to be paid or delivered.			
28	<u>47-3</u>	<u>80.2-31. (602) Dormancy charge.</u>			
29	<u>1.</u>	A holder may deduct a dormancy charge from property required to be paid or delivered			
30		to the administrator if:			

1 An enforceable written contract between the holder and the apparent owner 2 authorizes imposition of the charge for the apparent owner's failure to claim the 3 property within a specified time; and 4 b. The holder regularly imposes the charge and regularly does not reverse or 5 otherwise cancel the charge. 6 2. Charges authorized under this section may only be charged until the respective 7 property is deemed abandoned. 8 47-30.2-32. (603) Payment or delivery of property to administrator. 9 Except as otherwise provided in this section, on filing a report under section <u>1.</u> 10 47-30.2-21, the holder shall pay or deliver to the administrator the property described 11 in the report. 12 2. If property in a report under section 47-30.2-21 is an automatically renewable deposit 13 and a penalty or forfeiture in the payment of interest would result from paying the 14 deposit to the administrator at the time of the report, the date for payment of the 15 property to the administrator is extended until a penalty or forfeiture no longer would 16 result from payment, if the holder informs the administrator of the extended date. 17 <u>3.</u> If property reported to the administrator under section 47-30.2-21 is a security, the 18 administrator may: 19 Make an endorsement, instruction, or entitlement order on behalf of the apparent a. 20 owner to invoke the duty of the issuer, the transfer agent of the issuer, or the 21 securities intermediary to transfer the security; or 22 Dispose of the security under section 47-30.2-41. b. 23 If the holder of property reported to the administrator under section 47-30.2-21 is the <u>4.</u> 24 issuer of a certificated security, the administrator may obtain a replacement certificate 25 in physical or book-entry form under section 41-08-38. An indemnity bond is not 26 required. 27 <u>5.</u> The administrator shall establish procedures for the registration, issuance, method of 28 delivery, transfer, and maintenance of securities delivered to the administrator by a 29 holder. 30 An issuer, holder, or transfer agent acting under this section under instructions of and

on behalf of the issuer or holder is not liable to the apparent owner for, and shall be

- indemnified by the state against, a claim arising with respect to property after the
 property has been delivered in good faith to the administrator.
 - 7. A holder is not required to deliver to the administrator a security identified by the holder as a non-freely transferable security. If the administrator or holder determines that a security is no longer a non-freely transferable security, the holder shall deliver the security on the next regular date prescribed for delivery of securities under this chapter. The holder shall make a determination annually whether a security identified in a report filed under section 47-30.2-21 as a non-freely transferable security is no longer a non-freely transferable security.

47-30.2-33. (604) Effect of payment or delivery of property to administrator.

- 1. On payment or delivery of property to the administrator under this chapter, the administrator as agent for the state assumes custody and responsibility for safekeeping the property. A holder that pays or delivers property in full to the administrator in good faith and substantially complies with sections 47-30.2-26 and 47-30.2-27 is relieved of liability to the extent of the value of the property paid or delivered for any claim arising after the payment or delivery with respect to payment or delivery of that property to the administrator.
- 2. To the extent of the value of property paid or delivered as measured on the date of delivery, this state shall defend and indemnify a holder against liability on a claim against the holder resulting from the payment or delivery of property to the administrator made in good faith and after the holder substantially complied with sections 47-30.2-26 and 47-30.2-27.

47-30.2-34. (605) Recovery of property by holder from administrator.

- 1. A holder that under this chapter pays money to the administrator may file a claim for reimbursement from the administrator of the amount paid if the holder:
 - a. Paid the money in error; or
- b. After paying the money to the administrator, paid money to a person the holder reasonably believed was entitled to the money.
- - a. The holder delivered the property in error; or

1		<u>b.</u>	The apparent owner has claimed the property from the holder.		
2	<u>3.</u>	If a claim for return of property under subsection 2 is made, the holder shall include			
3		with the claim evidence sufficient to establish that:			
4		<u>a.</u>	The apparent owner has claimed the property from the holder and that the		
5			property was delivered to the apparent owner in full; or		
6		<u>b.</u>	The property was delivered by the holder to the administrator in error.		
7	<u>4.</u>	The	e administrator may determine that an affidavit submitted by a holder is evidence		
8		<u>suff</u>	ficient to establish that the holder is entitled to reimbursement or to recover		
9		pro	perty under this section.		
10	<u>5.</u>	A h	older is not required to pay a fee or other charge for reimbursement or return of		
11		pro	perty under this section.		
12	<u>6.</u>	Not	later than ninety days after a claim is filed under subsection 1 or 2, the		
13		<u>adn</u>	ninistrator shall allow or deny the claim and give the claimant notice of the decision		
14		<u>in a</u>	record.		
15	<u>47-3</u>	30.2-	35. (606) Property removed from safe deposit box.		
16	<u>Pro</u>	perty	removed from a safe deposit box and delivered under this chapter to the		
17	administrator under this chapter is subject to the holder's right to reimbursement for the cost of				
18	opening	the b	box and a lien or contract providing reimbursement to the holder for unpaid rent		
19	charges for the box. The administrator shall reimburse the holder from the proceeds remaining				
20	after ded	ductir	ng the expense incurred by the administrator in selling the property.		
21	<u>47-3</u>	30.2-	36. (607) Crediting income or gain to owner's account.		
22	If property in the form of a security is paid or delivered to the administrator under this				
23	chapter,	the o	owner is entitled to receive any dividends or other increments realized or accruing		
24	on the s	<u>ecuri</u>	ty for as long as the security is held by the administrator, if the total amount of cash		
25	due the	owne	er exceeds five dollars.		
26	<u>47-3</u>	30.2-	37. (608) Administrator's option as to custody.		
27	<u>1.</u>	The	e administrator may decline to take custody of property reported under section		
28		<u>47-</u>	30.2-21 if the administrator determines that:		
29		<u>a.</u>	The property has a value less than the estimated expenses of notice and sale of		
30			the property; or		
31		b.	Taking custody of the property would be unlawful.		

1 A holder may pay or deliver property to the administrator before the property is 2 presumed abandoned under this chapter if the holder: 3 <u>a.</u> Sends the apparent owner of the property notice required by section 47-30.2-26 4 and provides the administrator evidence of the holder's compliance with this 5 subsection: 6 <u>b.</u> Includes with the payment or delivery a report regarding the property conforming 7 to section 47-30.2-22; and 8 First obtains the administrator's consent in a record to accept payment or <u>C.</u> 9 delivery. 10 A holder's request for the administrator's consent under subdivision c of subsection 2 3. 11 must be in a record. If the administrator fails to respond to the request within thirty 12 days after receipt of the request, the administrator is deemed to consent to the 13 payment or delivery of the property and the payment or delivery is considered to have 14 been made in good faith. 15 <u>4.</u> On payment or delivery of property under subsection 2, the property is presumed 16 abandoned. 17 47-30.2-38. (609) Disposition of property having no substantial value; immunity from 18 liability. 19 If the administrator takes custody of property delivered under this chapter and later 1. 20 determines that the property has no substantial commercial value or that the cost of 21 disposing of the property will exceed the value of the property, the administrator may 22 return the property to the holder or destroy or otherwise dispose of the property. 23 An action or proceeding may not be commenced against the state, an agency of the <u>2.</u> 24 state, the administrator, another officer, employee, or agent of the state, or a holder for 25 or because of an act of the administrator under this section, except for intentional 26 misconduct or malfeasance. 27 47-30.2-39. (610) Periods of limitation and repose. 28 Expiration before, on, or after the effective date of this chapter, of a period of limitation 1. 29 on an owner's right to receive or recover property, whether specified by contract, 30 statute, or court order, does not prevent the property from being presumed abandoned

<u>1.</u>

31

1 or affect the duty of a holder under this chapter to file a report or pay or deliver 2 property to the administrator. 3 2. The administrator may not commence an action or proceeding to enforce this chapter with respect to the reporting, payment, or delivery of property more than five years 4 5 after the holder filed a nonfraudulent report under section 47-30.2-21 with the 6 administrator. The parties may agree in a record to extend the limitation in this 7 subsection. 8 <u>3.</u> The administrator may not commence an action, proceeding, or examination with 9 respect to a duty of a holder under this chapter more than ten years after the duty 10 arose. 11 47-30.2-40. (701) Public sale of property. 12 <u>1.</u> Subject to section 47-30.2-41, not earlier than three years after receipt of property 13 presumed abandoned, the administrator may sell the property. 14 <u>2.</u> Before selling property under subsection 1, the administrator shall give notice to the 15 public of: 16 The date of the sale; and a. 17 A reasonable description of the property. b. 18 <u>3.</u> A sale under subsection 1 must be to the highest bidder: 19 At public sale at a location in this state which the administrator determines to be <u>a.</u> 20 the most favorable market for the property; 21 <u>b.</u> On the internet; or 22 On another forum the administrator determines is likely to yield the highest net C. 23 proceeds of sale. 24 <u>4.</u> The administrator may decline the highest bid at a sale under this section and reoffer 25 the property for sale if the administrator determines the highest bid is insufficient. 26 If a sale held under this section is to be conducted other than on the internet, the <u>5.</u> 27 administrator shall publish on the administrator's website a notice of the sale, at least 28 ten days before the date of sale. 29 47-30.2-41. (702) Disposal of securities. 30 The administrator may not sell or otherwise liquidate a security until three years after

the administrator receives the security.

the administrator;

1 The administrator may not sell a security listed on an established stock exchange for 2 less than the price prevailing on the exchange at the time of sale. The administrator 3 may sell a security not listed on an established exchange by any commercially 4 reasonable method. 5 47-30.2-42. (704) Purchaser owns property after sale. 6 A purchaser of property at a sale conducted by the administrator under this chapter takes 7 the property free of all claims of the owner, a previous holder, or a person claiming through the 8 owner or holder. The administrator shall execute documents necessary to complete the transfer 9 of ownership to the purchaser. 10 47-30.2-43. (705) Military medal or decoration. 11 The administrator may not sell a medal or decoration awarded for military service in 12 the armed forces of the United States. 13 The administrator, with the consent of the respective organization under subdivision a 2. 14 or agency under subdivision b may deliver a medal or decoration described in 15 subsection 1 to be held in custody for the owner, to: 16 The state historical society; or a. 17 b. The agency that awarded the medal or decoration. 18 <u>3.</u> On delivery under subsection 2, the administrator is not responsible for safekeeping 19 the medal or decoration. 20 47-30.2-44. (801) Deposit of funds by administrator. 21 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the department shall deposit to the credit 22 of the common schools trust fund all funds received under this chapter, including 23 proceeds from the sale of property under sections 47-30.2-40, 47-30.2-41, 47-30.2-42, 24 and 47-30.2-43. 25 The department shall maintain an account with an amount of funds the commissioner 2. 26 reasonably estimates is sufficient to pay claims allowed under this chapter. 27 47-30.2-45. (802) Administrator to retain records of property. 28 The administrator shall: 29 1. Record and retain the name and last-known address of each person shown on a 30 report filed under section 47-30.2-21 to be the apparent owner of property delivered to

1 Record and retain the name and last-known address of each insured or annuitant and 2 beneficiary shown on the report; 3 <u>3.</u> For each policy of insurance or annuity contract listed in the report of an insurance 4 company, record and retain the policy or account number, the name of the company, 5 and the amount due or paid; and 6 <u>4.</u> For each apparent owner listed in the report, record and retain the name of the holder 7 that filed the report and the amount due or paid. 8 47-30.2-46. Deposit of funds - Continuing appropriation. 9 Except as otherwise provided by this section, all funds received under this chapter, <u>1.</u> 10 including the proceeds from the sale of abandoned property under section 47-30.2-40, 11 must be promptly deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the common schools 12 trust fund. 13 There is appropriated annually the amounts necessary to pay all expense deductions 2. 14 under this section, including: 15 <u>a.</u> Any costs in connection with the sale of abandoned property; 16 Costs of mailing, publication, and outreach efforts in connection with any <u>b.</u> 17 abandoned property; 18 Reasonable service charges; <u>C.</u> 19 Costs incurred in examining records of holders of property and in collecting the <u>d.</u> 20 property from those holders; 21 Funds for the payment of claims; <u>e.</u> 22 Funds for the payment of holder refunds; and f. 23 Funds for attorney's fees and all other reasonable costs and expenses incurred in <u>q.</u> 24 an action or suit. 25 47-30.2-47. (804) Administrator holds property as custodian for owner. 26 Property received by the administrator under this chapter is held in custody for the benefit of 27 the owner and is not owned by the state. 28 47-30.2-48. (901) Claim of another state to recover property. 29 If the administrator knows that property held by the administrator under this chapter is 30 subject to a superior claim of another state, the administrator shall: 31 Report and pay or deliver the property to the other state; or a.

1		<u>b.</u>	Return the property to the holder so that the holder may pay or deliver the
2			property to the other state.
3	<u>2.</u>	The	e administrator is not required to enter into an agreement to transfer property to the
4		oth	er state under subsection 1.
5	<u>47-</u>	30.2-	49. (902) When property subject to recovery by another state.
6	<u>1.</u>	<u>Pro</u>	perty held under this chapter by the administrator is subject to the right of another
7		<u>sta</u>	te to take custody of the property if:
8		<u>a.</u>	The property was paid or delivered to the administrator because the records of
9			the holder did not reflect a last-known address of the apparent owner in the other
10			state and:
11			(1) The other state establishes that the last-known address of the apparent
12			owner or other person entitled to the property was in the other state; or
13			(2) Under the law of the other state, the property has become subject to a clair
14			by the other state of abandonment;
15		<u>b.</u>	The records of the holder did not accurately identify the owner of the property, the
16			last-known address of the owner was in another state, and, under the law of the
17			other state, the property has become subject to a claim by the other state of
18			abandonment;
19		<u>C.</u>	The property was subject to the custody of the administrator of this state under
20			section 47-30.2-19 and, under the law of the state of domicile of the holder, the
21			property has become subject to a claim by the state of domicile of the holder of
22			abandonment; or
23		<u>d.</u>	The property:
24			(1) Is a sum payable on a traveler's check, money order, or similar instrument
25			that was purchased in the other state and delivered to the administrator
26			under section 47-30.2-20; and
27			(2) Under the law of the other state, has become subject to a claim by the other
28			state of abandonment.
29	<u>2.</u>	A c	laim by another state to recover property under this section must be presented in a
30		forr	m prescribed by the administrator, unless the administrator waives presentation of
31		the	form.

1	<u>3.</u>	The administrator shall decide a claim under this section not later than ninety days
2		after it is presented. If the administrator determines that the other state is entitled
3		under subsection 1 to custody of the property, the administrator shall allow the claim
4		and pay or deliver the property to the other state.
5	<u>4.</u>	The administrator may require another state, before recovering property under this
6		section, to agree to indemnify this state and its agents, officers, and employees
7		against any liability on a claim to the property.
8	<u>47-</u>	30.2-50. (903) Claim for property by person claiming to be owner.
9	<u>1.</u>	A person claiming to be the owner of property held under this chapter by the
10		administrator may file a claim for the property and the claim must be on a form
11		prescribed by the administrator. The claimant shall verify the claim as to the claim's
12		completeness and accuracy.
13	<u>2.</u>	The administrator may waive the requirement in subsection 1 and may pay or deliver
14		property directly to a person if:
15		a. The person receiving the property or payment is shown to be the apparent owner
16		included on a report filed under section 47-30.2-21;
17		b. The administrator reasonably believes the person is entitled to receive the
18		property or payment; and
19		c. The property has a value as provided by rules adopted by the commissioner.
20	<u>47-</u>	30.2-51. (904) When administrator shall honor claim for property.
21	<u>1.</u>	The administrator shall pay or deliver property to a claimant under subsection 1 of
22		section 47-30.2-50 if the administrator receives evidence sufficient to establish to the
23		satisfaction of the administrator that the claimant is the owner of the property.
24	<u>2.</u>	Not later than ninety days after a claim is filed under subsection 1 of section
25		47-30.2-50, the administrator shall allow or deny the claim and give the claimant notice
26		in a record of the decision.
27	<u>3.</u>	If the claim is denied under subsection 2:
28		a. The administrator shall inform the claimant of the reason for the denial and
29		specify what additional evidence, if any, is required for the claim to be allowed;
30		b. The claimant may file an amended claim with the administrator or commence an
31		action under section 47-30.2-53; and

1 The administrator may consider an amended claim filed under subdivision b as 2 an initial claim. 3 47-30.2-52. (905) Allowance of claim for property. 4 Not later than sixty days after a claim is allowed under subsection 2 of section 5 47-30.2-51, the administrator shall pay or deliver to the owner the property or pay to 6 the owner the net proceeds of a sale of the property, together with income or gain to 7 which the owner is entitled under section 47-30.2-36. On request of the owner, the 8 administrator may sell or liquidate a security and pay the net proceeds to the owner, 9 even if the security had been held by the administrator for fewer than three years or 10 the administrator has not complied with the notice requirements under section 11 47-30.2-41. 12 2. Property held under this chapter by the administrator is subject to a claim for the 13 payment of an enforceable debt the owner owes in this state for: 14 Child support arrearages, including child support collection costs and child a. 15 support arrearages that are combined with maintenance; 16 A civil or criminal fine or penalty, court costs, a surcharge, or restitution imposed <u>b.</u> 17 by a final order of an administrative agency or a final court judgment; or 18 State or local taxes, penalties, and interest that have been determined to be <u>C.</u> 19 delinguent or as to which notice has been recorded with the state or local taxing 20 authority. 21 <u>3.</u> The state and local agencies may make periodic inquiries to the administrator to 22 determine whether an apparent owner included in the unclaimed property records of 23 this state has enforceable debts described in subsection 2. The administrator first shall 24 apply the property or net proceeds of a sale of property held by the administrator to a 25 debt under subsection 2 of an apparent owner which appears in the records of the 26 administrator and deliver the amount to the appropriate state or local agency. 27 47-30.2-53. (906) Action by person whose claim is denied. 28 Not later than one hundred eighty days after filing a claim under subsection 1 of section 29 47-30.2-50, the claimant may commence an action against the board in the Burleigh County 30 District Court to establish a claim that has been denied or deemed denied under section 31 47-30.2-50. If the board is successful in a proceeding brought under this section, the district

- 1 court shall allow the board to recover court costs; reasonable costs, fees, disbursements, and
- 2 expenses incurred by the board in the proceeding; and reasonable attorney's fees.
- 3 <u>47-30.2-54. (1001) Verified report of property.</u>
- 4 If a person does not file a report under section 47-30.2-21 or the administrator believes that
- 5 a person may have filed an inaccurate, incomplete, or false report, the administrator may
- 6 require the person to file a verified report in a form prescribed by the administrator. The verified
- 7 report must:

- 8 <u>1. State whether the person is holding property reportable under this chapter;</u>
- 9 <u>2. Describe property not previously reported or about which the administrator has</u>
 10 inquired;
- 3. Specifically identify property described under subsection 2 about which there is a
 dispute whether it is reportable under this chapter; and
- 13 <u>4.</u> State the amount or value of the property.
- 14 <u>47-30.2-55. (1002) Examination of records to determine compliance.</u>
- The administrator, at reasonable times and on reasonable notice, may:
- 1. Examine the records of a person, including examination of appropriate records in the
 possession of an agent of the person under examination, if the records are reasonably
 necessary to determine whether the person has complied with this chapter;
- 19 2. <u>Issue an administrative subpoena requiring the person or agent of the person to make</u>
 20 <u>records available for examination; and</u>
 - 3. Bring an action seeking judicial enforcement of the subpoena.
- 47-30.2-56. (1003) Rules for conducting examination.
- The commissioner shall adopt rules governing an examination under section
 47-30.2-55, including rules for use of an estimation, extrapolation, and statistical
- sampling in conducting an examination. An examination commenced after adoption of
 rules under this subsection must comply with the rules.
- 27 <u>2. If a person subject to examination under section 47-30.2-55 has filed the reports</u>
- 28 required under sections 47-30.2-21 and 47-30.2-54 and has retained the records
- required by section 47-30.2-24, the following apply:
- 30 a. The examination must include a review of the person's records.
- 31 <u>b.</u> The examination may be based on an estimate if no records are available.

30

1 The person conducting the examination shall consider the evidence presented in 2 good faith by the person in preparing the findings of the examination under 3 section 47-30.2-60. 47-30.2-57. (1004) Records obtained in examination. 4 5 Records obtained from a private entity for purposes of an examination under this 6 chapter and records, including work papers, compiled by the administrator or the 7 administrator's agent in the course of conducting an examination under section 8 47-30.2-55 are subject to the security provisions of sections 47-30.2-71, 47-30.2-72, 9 and 47-30.2-73 and are confidential records. However, the administrator or 10 administrator's agent may furnish information to the attorney general, other state 11 agencies, a prosecuting official requiring the information for use in the prosecuting 12 official's official duties, or for legislative investigations under chapter 54-03.2. 13 Confidential information furnished by the administrator or the administrator's agent to a 14 third party under this section remains confidential while in the possession of the third 15 party. Confidential information received by the administrator or administrator's agent 16 from a third party under this section remains confidential while in the possession of the 17 administrator or administrator's agent. The administrator or the administrator's agent's 18 final and completed examination reports are records open to the public. The final 19 examination report may not contain confidential documentation or working papers 20 unless one of the exceptions in this section applies. 21 <u>2.</u> The records subject to subsection 1: 22 May be used by the board in an action to collect property or otherwise enforce a. 23 this chapter; 24 <u>b.</u> May be used in a joint examination conducted with or pursuant to agreements 25 with other states, the federal government, or other governmental entities; 26 May be disclosed at the discretion of the commissioner, on request, to the person 27 that administers the unclaimed property law of another state for that state's use in 28 circumstances equivalent to circumstances described in sections 47-30.2-54,

47-30.2-55, 47-30.2-56, 47-30.2-57, 47-30.2-58, 47-30.2-59, 47-30.2-60,

47-30.2-61, and 47-30.2-62. A state to which information is disclosed shall

1			maintain the confidentiality and security of information obtained in a manner
2			substantially equivalent to sections 47-30.2-71, 47-30.2-72, and 47-30.2-73;
3		<u>d.</u>	May be required to be produced under section 44-04-18.11; and
4		<u>e.</u>	May be required to be produced by the administrator on request of the person
5			subject to the examination in an administrative or judicial proceeding relating to
6			the property.
7	<u>3.</u>	The	administrator or any state employee conducting an examination on the
8		<u>adn</u>	ninistrator's behalf are exempt from chapter 6-08.1.
9	<u>47-3</u>	30.2-	58. (1005) Evidence of unpaid debt or undischarged obligation.
10	<u>1.</u>	<u>A re</u>	ecord of a putative holder showing an unpaid debt or undischarged obligation is
11		prin	na facie evidence of the debt or obligation.
12	<u>2.</u>	<u>A p</u>	utative holder may establish by a preponderance of the evidence that there is no
13		<u>unp</u>	aid debt or undischarged obligation for a debt or obligation described in
14		<u>sub</u>	section 1 or that the debt or obligation was not, or no longer is, a fixed and certain
15		<u>obli</u>	gation of the putative holder.
16	<u>3.</u>	<u>A p</u>	utative holder may overcome prima facie evidence under subsection 1 by
17		<u>esta</u>	ablishing by a preponderance of the evidence that a check, draft, or similar
18		<u>inst</u>	rument was:
19		<u>a.</u>	Issued as an unaccepted offer in settlement of an unliquidated amount;
20		<u>b.</u>	Issued but later was replaced with another instrument because the earlier
21			instrument was lost or contained an error that was corrected;
22		<u>C.</u>	Issued to a party affiliated with the issuer;
23		<u>d.</u>	Paid, satisfied, or discharged;
24		<u>e.</u>	Issued in error;
25		<u>f.</u>	Issued without consideration;
26		<u>g.</u>	Issued but there was a failure of consideration;
27		<u>h.</u>	Voided not later than ninety days after issuance for a valid business reason set
28			forth in a contemporaneous record; or
29		<u>i.</u>	Issued but not delivered to the third-party payee for a sufficient reason recorded
30			within a reasonable time after issuance.

1	<u>4.</u>	In asserting a defense under this section, a putative holder may present evidence of a		
2		course of dealing between the putative holder and the apparent owner or of custom		
3	and practice.			
4	<u>47-</u>	30.2-59. (1006) Failure of person examined to retain records.		
5	<u>lf a</u>	person subject to examination under section 47-30.2-55 fails to retain the records		
6	required	by section 47-30.2-24, the administrator may determine the value of property due		
7	using a	reasonable method of estimation based on all information available to the administrator,		
8	includin	g extrapolation and use of statistical sampling when appropriate and necessary,		
9	consiste	ent with examination procedures and standards adopted under subsection 1 of section		
10	47-30.2	-56 and in accord with subsection 2 of section 47-30.2-56.		
11	<u>47-</u>	30.2-60. (1007) Report to person whose records were examined.		
12	At t	he conclusion of an examination under section 47-30.2-55, the administrator or the		
13	<u>adminis</u>	trator's agent shall provide to the person whose records were examined a complete and		
14	unredad	eted examination report that specifies:		
15	<u>1.</u>	The work performed;		
16	<u>2.</u>	The property types reviewed;		
17	<u>3.</u>	The methodology of any estimation technique, extrapolation, or statistical sampling		
18		used in conducting the examination;		
19	<u>4.</u>	Each calculation showing the value of property determined to be due; and		
20	<u>5.</u>	The findings of the person conducting the examination.		
21	<u>47-</u>	30.2-61. (1008) Informal conference during examination.		
22	<u>1.</u>	If a person subject to examination under section 47-30.2-55 believes the person		
23		conducting the examination has made an unreasonable or unauthorized request or is		
24		not proceeding expeditiously to complete the examination, the person subject to the		
25		examination may ask the administrator to intervene and take appropriate remedial		
26		action, including countermanding the request of the person conducting the		
27		examination, imposing a time limit for completion of the examination, or reassigning		
28		the examination to another person.		
29	<u>2.</u>	If a person subject to the examination requests a conference with the administrator to		
30		present matters that are the basis of a request under subsection 1, the administrator		
31		shall hold the conference not later than thirty days after receiving the request. The		

1		<u>adn</u>	ninistrator may hold the conference in person, by telephone, or by electronic
2		mea	ans.
3	<u>3.</u>	<u>lf a</u>	conference is held under subsection 2, not later than thirty days after the
4		con	ference ends, the administrator shall provide a report in a record of the conference
5		to th	ne person that requested the conference.
6	<u>47-3</u>	30.2 - 6	62. (1012) Determination of liability for unreported reportable property.
7	If the	e adn	ninistrator determines from an examination conducted under section 47-30.2-55
8	that a pu	utativ	e holder failed or refused to pay or deliver to the administrator property which is
9	reportab	le un	der this chapter, the administrator shall issue a determination of the putative
10	holder's	liabil	ity to pay or deliver and give notice of the determination in a record to the putative
11	holder.		
12	<u>47-3</u>	30.2 - 6	63. (1202) Interstate and international agreement - Cooperation.
13	<u>1.</u>	Sub	ject to subsection 2, the administrator may:
14		<u>a.</u>	Exchange information with another state or foreign country relating to property
15			presumed abandoned or relating to the possible existence of property presumed
16			abandoned; and
17		<u>b.</u>	Authorize in a record another state or foreign country or a person acting on
18			behalf of the other state or country to examine its records of a putative holder as
19			provided in sections 47-30.2-54, 47-30.2-55, 47-30.2-56, 47-30.2-57, 47-30.2-58,
20			47-30.2-59, 47-30.2-60, 47-30.2-61, and 47-30.2-62.
21	<u>2.</u>	<u>An e</u>	exchange or examination under subsection 1 may be done only if the state or
22		fore	ign country has confidentiality and security requirements substantially equivalent
23		to th	nose in sections 47-30.2-71, 47-30.2-72, and 47-30.2-73 or agrees in a record to
24		be b	bound by this state's confidentiality and security requirements.
25	<u>47-3</u>	30.2-6	64. (1203) Action involving another state or foreign country.
26	<u>1.</u>	<u>The</u>	administrator may join another state or foreign country to examine and seek
27		<u>enfo</u>	orcement of this chapter against a putative holder.
28	<u>2.</u>	The	board may pursue an action on behalf of this state to recover property subject to
29		<u>this</u>	chapter but delivered to the custody of another state if the administrator believes
30		the	property is subject to the custody of the administrator.

- The board may retain an attorney in this state, another state, or a foreign country to
 commence an action to recover property on behalf of the board and may agree to pay
 attorney's fees based in whole or in part on a fixed fee, hourly fee, or a percentage of
 the amount or value of property recovered in the action.
 - 4. Expenses incurred by this state in an action under this section must be paid in accordance with section 47-30.2-46.

47-30.2-65. (1204) Interest and penalty for failure to act in timely manner.

- 1. An administrator may collect interest from a holder that fails to report, pay, or deliver property within the time prescribed by this chapter. Interest must be calculated at an annual rate of one percent of the sum for each thirty day period of delinquency or fraction of delinquency period on the property or value of the property from the date the property should have been reported, paid, or delivered to the administrator until the date reported, paid, or delivered.
- Except as otherwise provided in section 47-30.2-66 or 47-30.2-67, the administrator may require a holder that fails to report, pay, or deliver property within the time prescribed by this chapter to pay to the administrator, in addition to interest included under subsection 1, a civil penalty of two hundred dollars for each day the duty is not performed, up to a cumulative maximum amount of five thousand dollars.

47-30.2-66. (1205) Other civil penalties.

- 1. If a holder enters into a contract or other arrangement for the purpose of evading an obligation under this chapter or otherwise willfully fails to perform a duty imposed on the holder under this chapter, the commissioner may require the holder to pay the administrator, in addition to interest as provided in subsection 1 of section 47-30.2-65, a civil penalty of one thousand dollars for each day the obligation is evaded or the duty is not performed, up to a cumulative maximum amount of twenty-five thousand dollars, plus twenty-five percent of the amount or value of property that should have been but was not reported, paid, or delivered as a result of the evasion or failure to perform.
- 2. If a holder makes a fraudulent report under this chapter, the commissioner may require the holder to pay to the administrator, in addition to interest under subsection 1 of section 47-30.2-65, a civil penalty of one thousand dollars for each day from the date the report was made until corrected, up to a cumulative maximum of twenty-five

1		thousand dollars, plus twenty-five percent of the amount or value of any property that
2		should have been reported but was not included in the report or was underreported.
3	<u>47-3</u>	30.2-67. Waiver of interest and penalty.
4	<u>1.</u>	A holder shall pay the penalty and interest or request a waiver or reduction within thirty
5		days from the date of the receipt of a notice of a penalty and interest assessment.
6	<u>2.</u>	A request for a waiver or reduction of the penalty or interest must be in writing and
7		provide the grounds for the request.
8	<u>3.</u>	The following factors may be considered if deciding to waive or reduce the penalty or
9		<u>interest:</u>
10		a. The reason for the holder's noncompliance;
11		b. The degree of control the holder had over the lack of compliance;
12		c. Any unusual or mitigating circumstances involved; and
13		d. Any other relevant factors.
14	<u>4.</u>	The commissioner may waive up to twenty-five thousand dollars of the penalty or
15		reduce interest. A request for a waiver or reduction of penalty in excess of twenty-five
16		thousand dollars must be presented to the board, with the commissioner's
17		recommendation, for review and decision.
18	<u>5.</u>	A waiver or reduction of penalty and interest does not constitute a waiver of the right to
19		seek the full amount of both penalty and interest if the initial holder obligation is not
20		paid. If a claim for penalties and interest is settled and payment received, the amount
21		of penalties and interest not collected is waived.
22	<u>47-3</u>	30.2-68. (1301) When agreement to locate property enforceable.
23	<u>An a</u>	agreement by an apparent owner and another person, the primary purpose of which is
24	to locate	e, deliver, recover, or assist in the location, delivery, or recovery of property held by the
25	adminis	rator, is enforceable only if:
26	<u>1.</u>	The person who entered into the agreement with the apparent owner is in compliance
27		with chapter 43-30; and
28	<u>2.</u>	The agreement:
29		a. Is in writing;
30		b. Clearly states the nature of the property and the services to be provided;

1		<u>C.</u>	States the amount of the fee or other compensation to be paid, which may not be
2			in excess of ten percent of the amount recovered;
3		<u>d.</u>	Discloses that, absent the agreement, the property would be delivered to a state-
4			administered unclaimed property program for safekeeping on the owner's behalf
5			and upon delivery, the owner may be able to recover the property from the state-
6			administered program without charge; and
7		<u>e.</u>	Is signed by or on behalf of the apparent owner.
8	<u>47-3</u>	30.2-6	69. (1302) When agreement to locate property void.
9	<u>1.</u>	An a	agreement to locate property is void if:
10		<u>a.</u>	Subject to subdivision b, the agreement is entered into during the period
11			beginning on the date the property was presumed abandoned and ending twenty-
12			four months after the payment or delivery; or
13		<u>b.</u>	A provision in an agreement described in subdivision a applies to property that
14			has not yet been abandoned and reported to the administrator, including mineral
15			proceeds.
16	<u>2.</u>	<u>This</u>	s section does not apply to an apparent owner's agreement with an attorney to
17		purs	sue a claim for recovery of specifically identified property held by the administrator
18		or to	o contest the administrator's denial of a claim for recovery of the property.
19	<u>47-3</u>	30.2-7	70. (1303) Right of agent of apparent owner to recover property held by
20	adminis	strato	<u>or.</u>
21	<u>1.</u>	An a	apparent owner that contracts with another person to locate, deliver, recover, or
22		ass	ist in the location, delivery, or recovery of property of the apparent owner which is
23		<u>helo</u>	by the administrator may designate the person as the agent of the apparent
24		<u>owr</u>	er. The designation must be in a record signed by the apparent owner.
25	<u>2.</u>	<u>The</u>	administrator shall give the agent of the apparent owner all information
26		<u>con</u>	cerning the property which the apparent owner is entitled to receive, including
27		<u>info</u>	rmation that otherwise is confidential information.
28	<u>47-3</u>	<u> 30.2-7</u>	71. (1405) No confidential information in notice.
29	Exc	ept a	s otherwise provided in sections 47-30.2-26 and 47-30.2-27, a holder is not
30	required	unde	er this chapter to include confidential information in a notice the holder is required
31	to provid	de to	an apparent owner under this chapter.

1	<u>47-3</u>	30.2-72. (1406) Security of information.
2	<u>1.</u>	If a holder is required to include confidential information in a report to the
3		administrator, the information must be provided by a secure means.
4	<u>2.</u>	If confidential information in a record is provided to and maintained by the
5		administrator or administrator's agent as required by this chapter, the administrator or
6		administrator's agent shall:
7		a. Implement administrative, technical, and physical safeguards to protect the
8		security, confidentiality, and integrity of the information required by state and
9		federal privacy and data security law whether or not the administrator or the
0		administrator's agent is subject to the law;
11		b. Protect against reasonably anticipated threats or hazards to the security,
2		confidentiality, or integrity of the information; and
3		c. Protect against unauthorized access to or use of the information which could
4		result in substantial harm or inconvenience to a holder or the holder's customers
5		including insureds, annuitants, and policy or contract owners and their
6		beneficiaries.
7	<u>47-3</u>	30.2-73. (1407) Security breach.
8	<u>1.</u>	Except to the extent prohibited by law other than this chapter, the administrator or
9		administrator's agent shall notify a holder as soon as practicable of:
20		a. A suspected loss, misuse or unauthorized access, disclosure, modification, or
21		destruction of confidential information obtained from the holder in the possession
22		of the administrator or an administrator's agent; and
23		b. Any interference with operations in any system hosting or housing confidential
24		information which:
25		(1) Compromises the security, confidentiality, or integrity of the information; or
26		(2) Creates a substantial risk of identity fraud or theft.
27	<u>2.</u>	Except as necessary to inform an insurer, attorney, investigator, or others as required
28		by law, the administrator and an administrator's agent may not disclose, without the
29		express consent in a record of the holder, an event described in subsection 1 to a
30		person whose confidential information was supplied by the holder

1	<u>3.</u>	If an event described in subsection 1 occurs, the administrator and the administrator's
2		agent shall:
3		a. Take action necessary for the holder to understand and minimize the effect of the
4		event and determine its scope; and
5		b. Cooperate with the holder with respect to:
6		(1) Any notification required by law concerning a data or other security breach;
7		<u>and</u>
8		(2) A regulatory inquiry, litigation, or similar action.
9	<u>47-3</u>	30.2-74. (1503) Transitional provision - Effect of new provisions - Clarification of
10	<u>applica</u>	tion.
11	<u>1.</u>	This chapter does not relieve a holder of a duty that arose before July 1, 2021, to
12		report, pay, or deliver property. A holder that fails to comply with the law in effect
13		before July 1, 2021, is subject to the applicable enforcement and penalty provisions
14		that existed before July 1, 2021, and the applicable provisions are continued in effect
15		for the purpose of this subsection.
16	<u>2.</u>	The initial report filed under this chapter for property that was not required to be
17		reported before July 1, 2021, but which is subject to this chapter must include all items
18		of property that would have been presumed abandoned during the ten-year period
19		preceding July 1, 2021, as if this chapter had been in effect during that period.
20	<u>47-3</u>	30.2-75. Enforcement - Appeals.
21	<u>The</u>	administrator may bring an action in a court of competent jurisdiction to enforce this
22	chapter.	A person in this state aggrieved by an audit that in any form requests the payment of
23	money o	or a civil penalty is entitled to a hearing before the board. A demand for a hearing must
24	be made	e within thirty days of the request by the administrator. The request by the administrator
25	must co	ntain notice of the right to a hearing. The board's decision is the final order of the
26	agency	and is appealable to the district court. Any amount of money requested by the
27	<u>adminis</u>	rator which may increase over time is tolled at the time of filing an appeal, retroactive to
28	the date	of the request.
29	SEC	CTION 18. AMENDMENT. Section 54-27-15.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
30	amende	d and reenacted as follows:

30

31

- 1 54-27-15.1. State treasurer's checks, warrants, and warrant-checks - Cancellation -2 Deposit to common schools trust fund - Subsequent payment - Continuing 3 appropriation. 4 The state treasurer, at the beginning of each fiscal year, shall prepare a list of the checks, 5 warrants, and warrant-checks drawn on various depositories which are more than threetwo 6 years old which remain outstanding and unpaid and shall show the number, date, payee, (with 7 address of payee if available), amount, and fund, (if available), against which said instrument 8 was drawn. A copy of such list must then be used as an authority for writing a receipt of the total 9 of such check or checks and shall credit such amount to the common schools trust fund 10 pursuant to chapter 47-30.147-30.2. One copy of such receipt with list of instruments affected 11 must be provided to the administrator of unclaimed properties. In the event such check, warrant, 12 or warrant-check is at any subsequent time presented for payment, or a claim is made by any 13 person for the amount of any such instrument, further proceedings must be conducted in 14 accordance with chapter 47-30.147-30.2. These expenditures are hereby subject to a standing 15 and continuing appropriation. 16 SECTION 19. AMENDMENT. Subsection 6 of section 57-38-57 of the North Dakota 17 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 18 Upon request, the tax commissioner may furnish to the unclaimed property division of 19 the board of university and school lands, a taxpayer's name, address, and federal 20 identification number for identifying the taxpayer as the owner of an unclaimed 21 voucher authorized by the tax commissioner or to locate the apparent owner of 22 unclaimed property as provided under chapter 47-30.147-30.2. 23 SECTION 20. AMENDMENT. Subsection 8 of section 57-39.2-23 of the North Dakota 24 Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 25 Upon request, the commissioner may furnish to the unclaimed property division of the 26 board of university and school lands, a taxpayer's name, address, and federal 27 identification number for identifying the owner of an unclaimed voucher authorized by 28 the commissioner or to locate the apparent owner of unclaimed property as provided
 - **SECTION 21. AMENDMENT.** Section 60-01-34 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

under chapter 47-30.147-30.2.

1 60-01-34. Finder - Depositary for hire - Assumption of ownership by finder.

- One who finds a thing lost is not bound to take charge of it but, if the person does so, the
 person is thenceforward a depositary for the owner with the rights and obligations of a
 depositary for hire. Notwithstanding chapters 36-22 and 47-30.147-30.2 or any other provision
 of law, an individual who finds lost personal property or money and places the property or
 money in the custody of a law enforcement agency is entitled to assume ownership of the
 property or money if the property or money is not claimed by its owner within two years after the
- 9 **SECTION 22. REPEAL.** Chapter 47-30.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is repealed.

property or money was placed in the custody of the law enforcement agency.