TESTIMONY – Support of HB 1322

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I support HB 1322 as much needed clarification to the Administrative Rules code.

As a volunteer for the ND Food Freedom organization, I receive many phone calls, emails and other contacts from cottage food producers. During the 2019 Session, when some legislators were working with the Department of Health to restrict cottage foods, I was constantly asked "why is this happening? Didn't we go through this when the bill was passed in 2017?" I explained that this is part of the process and legislators and citizens had the right to ask for changes in law — even when we didn't always agree. We just needed to work through the process and talk to our elected representatives. We did and were successful.

Then the Department of Health decided to write rules – which were nearly word-for-word what the Legislature defeated earlier that year. Now I was asked, "How can they do this? Will it never stop?" I told our people to have faith in the process and especially the Legislature's Administrative Rules Committee. I explained that the reason for the committee was to make sure agencies did not pass rules contrary to legislative intent.

When we got to the committee I was shocked to hear attorneys state that when a piece of legislation is defeated it cannot be considered legislative intent.

I ask you – if an agency supports a bill and it fails – are our elected representatives going to allow the agency to make the rules – with the effect of law – on their own? If that's true, why do we have a Legislature?

We were fortunate that the Institute of Justice was willing to sue on our behalf and was successful.

If HB 1322 had been part of Century Code, that would have allowed the Attorney General to determine the rules were indeed not lawful and saved the State the cost of rulemaking and a lawsuit. It would have saved time for every member of the Administrative Rules Committee. It would also have saved our citizens – hardworking people trying to supplement their incomes – from a year of not being able to sell certain items and a whole lot of stress and stomach acid.

More importantly – it would have kept the faith with your constituents that it is the Legislature – our elected representatives – who determines what is lawful and what is not. We wonder why citizens don't participate in the process and then when they do – this happens.

HB 1322 is much, much larger than one issue. Every day you vote on bills downstairs. How many times do you hit the red button? What would you think if more of those ideas that you voted against – that could not meet the requirement of a majority of the Legislature in support – were effectively passed by agencies via rules?

I'll quote from the lawsuit:

"The Department does not cite to any legal authority establishing or even suggesting that if the Legislature fails to pass a law an agency wants, the agency can then enact the law on its own through the back door with rulemaking."

We talk about election integrity. 1322 deals with lawmaking integrity. I implore you to pass legislation that closes this loophole.

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ADDENDUM:

Background and Information on court case: https://ij.org/wp-content/uj.org/wp-con

[¶16] Interpretation of the Cottage Food Act as allowing the broad sale of homemade foods is also consistent with the Legislature's repeated refusal to enact the Department's requests to restrict cottage food sales. The Department quite relentlessly pursued the challenged rules/restrictions regarding cottage foods for three years. Docket Number 40 (Amended Complaint) at ¶¶ 31-36. The Department tried to impose the restrictions in three ways: through HB 1433, through its failed rules in 2018, and through SB 2269.

Id. Over the course of three years, the Department strongly persisted in its efforts to enact the restrictions on cottage foods, despite opposition. Id.

[¶17] The Legislature's refusal to adopt the Department's proposed amendments to H.B. 1433 in 2017 and to pass S.B. 2269 in 2019, both of which would have banned exactly the same homemade foods that the challenged rules now ban, reveal that the Legislature did not intend to so restrict cottage food sales. Therefore, the Department's interpretation of the Cottage Food Act clearly does not effectuate the Act's purpose, and is contrary to the Legislature's stated intent. Adopting the Department's interpretation of the Cottage Food Act would enact restrictions on cottage food sales that the Legislature has already rejected twice. Further, the Department does not cite to any legal authority establishing or even suggesting that if the Legislature fails to pass a law an agency wants, the agency can then enact the law on its own through the back door with rulemaking. Allowing such an end run directly undermines the clear Legislative intent.