FIRST ENGROSSMENT

Sixty-eighth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 2013

Introduced by

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Appropriations Committee

A BILL for an Act to provide an appropriation for defraying the expenses of the department of public instruction, the state library, the school for the deaf, and North Dakota vision services school for the blind; to amend and reenact sections 15.1-02-02, 15.1-27-04.1, 15.1-32-01, 15.1-32-14, 15.1-32-18, and 54-24.3-01 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to the salary of the superintendent of public instruction, baseline funding, high-cost students, and regional library cooperative definitions; to provide for a transfer; to provide for reports; and-to provide an exemption; to provide an effective date; and to declare an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

9 **SECTION 1. APPROPRIATION.** The funds provided in this section, or so much of the funds 10 as may be necessary, are appropriated out of any moneys in the general fund in the state 11 treasury, not otherwise appropriated, and from special funds derived from federal funds and 12 other income, to the department of public instruction, the state library, the school for the deaf, 13 and North Dakota vision services - school for the blind for the purpose of defraying the 14 expenses of those agencies, for the biennium beginning July 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 15 2025, as follows: 16 Subdivision 1.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

		Adjustments or	
	Base Level	<u>Enhancements</u>	<u>Appropriation</u>
Salaries and wages	\$17,854,747	\$1,459,112	\$19,313,859
Operating expenses	33,098,149	195,171	33,293,320
Integrated formula payments	2,131,825,000	316,826,200	2,448,651,200
Grants - special education	27,000,000	0	27,000,000
Grants - transportation	58,100,000	0	58,100,000

1	Grants - other grants	312,738,893	70,000,000	382,738,893	
2	Grants - program grants	0	13,780,000	13,780,000	
3	Grants - passthrough grants	0	2,229,764	2,229,764	
4	Grants - program and passthrough	10,387,064	(10,387,064)	0	
5	PowerSchool	5,250,000	525,000	5,775,000	
6	National board certification	<u>176,290</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>176,290</u>	
7	Total all funds	\$2,596,430,143	\$394,628,183	\$2,991,058,326	
8	Less estimated income	938,233,270	<u>154,404,811</u>	1,092,638,081	
9	Total general fund	\$1,658,196,873	\$240,223,372	\$1,898,420,245	
10	Full-time equivalent positions	86.25	0.00	86.25	
11	Salaries and wages	\$17,854,747	\$965,839	\$18,820,586	
12	Operating expenses	33,098,149	(304,829)	32,793,320	
13	Integrated formula payments	2,131,825,000	164,849,851	2,296,674,851	
14	Grants - special education	27,000,000	(3,000,000)	24,000,000	
15	Grants - transportation	58,100,000	0	58,100,000	
16	Grants - other grants	312,738,893	70,000,000	382,738,893	
17	Grants - program grants	0	13,550,000	13,550,000	
18	Grants - passthrough grants	0	8,569,000	8,569,000	
19	Grants - program and passthrough	10,387,064	(10,387,064)	0	
20	PowerSchool	5,250,000	525,000	5,775,000	
21	National board certification	176,290	0	176,290	
22	Total all funds	\$2,596,430,143	\$244,767,797	\$2,841,197,940	
23	Less estimated income	938,233,270	187,349,226	1,125,582,496	
24	Total general fund	\$1,658,196,873	\$57,418,571	\$1,715,615,444	
25	Full-time equivalent positions	86.25	0.00	86.25	
26	Subdivision 2.				
27	CENTER	R FOR DISTANCE E	DUCATION		
28			Adjustments or		
29		Base Level	Enhancements	Appropriation	
30	<u>Center for distance education</u> \$0 \$11,347,980 \$11,347,98				
31	Total all funds	\$0	\$11,347,980	\$11,347,980	

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1	Less estimated income	0	4,550,000	4,550,000	
2	Total general fund	\$0	\$6,797,980	\$6,797,980	
3	Full-time equivalent positions	0.00	30.80	30.80	
4	Subdivision 2 3.				
5		STATE LIBRARY			
6			Adjustments or		
7		Base Level	<u>Enhancements</u>	<u>Appropriation</u>	
8	Salaries and wages	\$4,139,907	\$345,606	\$4,485,513	
9	Operating expenses	1,822,703	415,770	2,238,473	
10	Grants	<u>2,233,528</u>	<u>50,000</u>	<u>2,283,528</u>	
11	Total all funds	\$8,196,138	\$811,376	\$9,007,514	
12	Less estimated income	<u>2,364,417</u>	(221,410)	2,143,007	
13	Total general fund	\$5,831,721	\$1,032,786	\$6,864,507	
14	Salaries and wages	\$4,139,907	\$295,408	\$4,435,315	
15	Operating expenses	1,822,703	752,595	2,575,298	
16	Grants	2,233,528	50,000	2,283,528	
17	Total all funds	\$8,196,138	\$1,098,003	\$9,294,141	
18	Less estimated income	2,364,417	107,626	2,472,043	
19	Total general fund	\$5,831,721	\$990,377	\$6,822,098	
20	Full-time equivalent positions	26.75	0.00	26.75	
21	Subdivision <u>34</u> .				
22		SCHOOL FOR THE I	DEAF		
23			Adjustments or		
24		Base Level	<u>Enhancements</u>	<u>Appropriation</u>	
25	Salaries and wages	\$8,332,820	\$855,432	\$9,188,252	
26	Operating expenses	1,705,586	120,171	1,825,757	
27	Capital assets	<u>158,678</u>	<u>843,500</u>	1,002,178	
28	Total all funds	\$10,197,084	\$1,819,103	\$12,016,187	
29	Less estimated income	2,790,528	<u>887,693</u>	<u>3,678,221</u>	
30	0 Total general fund \$7,406,556 \$931,410 \$8,337,9				
31	Salaries and wages \$8,332,820 \$604,780 \$8				

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	,				
1	Operating expenses	1,705,586	120,171	1,825,757	
2	Capital assets	158,678	843,500	1,002,178	
3	Total all funds	\$10,197,084	\$1,568,451	\$11,765,535	
4	Less estimated income	2,790,528	875,163	3,665,691	
5	Total general fund	\$7,406,556	\$693,288	\$8,099,844	
6	Full-time equivalent positions	44.61	0.75	45.36	
7	Subdivision 4 <u>5</u> .				
8	NORTH DAKOTA \	/ISION SERVICES - SC	HOOL FOR THE BLI	ND	
9			Adjustments or		
10		Base Level	<u>Enhancements</u>	<u>Appropriation</u>	
11	Salaries and wages	\$4,992,194	\$445,666	\$5,437,860	
12	Operating expenses	792,671	103,015	895,686	
13	Capital assets	<u>39,192</u>	439,000	478,192	
14	Total all funds	\$5,824,057	\$987,681	\$6,811,738	
15	Less estimated income	<u>1,062,178</u>	602,245	1,664,423	
16	Total general fund	\$4,761,879	\$385,436	\$5,147,315	
17	Salaries and wages	\$4,992,194	\$354,219	\$5,346,413	
18	Operating expenses	792,671	103,015	895,686	
19	Capital assets	39,192	439,000	478,192	
20	Total all funds	\$5,824,057	\$896,234	\$6,720,291	
21	Less estimated income	1,062,178	598,533	1,660,711	
22	Total general fund	\$4,761,879	\$297,701	\$5,059,580	
23	Full-time equivalent positions	27.75	0.00	27.75	
24	Subdivision <u>56</u> .				
25		TOTAL - SECTION	1		
26			Adjustments or		
27		Base Level	<u>Enhancements</u>	<u>Appropriation</u>	
28	Grand total general fund	\$1,676,197,029	\$242,573,004	\$1,918,770,033	
29	Grand total special funds	944,450,393	<u>155,673,339</u>	1,100,123,732	
30	Grand total all funds \$2,620,647,422 \$398,246,343 \$3,018,893,76				
31	Grand total general fund	\$1,676,197,029	\$66,197,917	\$1,742,394,946	

1	Grand total special funds	944,450,393	193,480,548	1,137,930,941
2	Grand total all funds	\$259,678,465	\$2,880,325,887	
3	SECTION 2. ONE-TIME FUND	ING - EFFECT ON BA	SE BUDGET - REP	ORT TO
4	SIXTY-NINTH LEGISLATIVE ASS	EMBLY. The following	amounts reflect the	one-time funding
5	items approved by the sixty-sevent	h legislative assembly	for the 2021-23 bien	nium and the
6	2023-25 biennium one-time funding	g items included in the	appropriation in sect	ion 1 of this Act:
7	One-Time Funding Descrip	<u>otion</u>	2021-23	<u>2023-25</u>
8	Department of public instruction			
9	Science experiments grant		\$13,500,000	\$0
10	Regional education association g	rants	250,000	0
11	State automated reporting system	n maintenance	200,000	0
12	Children's science center		5,900,000	0
13	State automated reporting system	n and	10,100,000	0
14	- statewide longitudinal data syst	em upgrades		
15	- Elementary and secondary school	ol emergency	305,266,879	0
16	— education relief			
17	- Emergency education relief home	eless children	1,999,661	0
18	— and youth program			
19	- Assistance to nonpublic schools		4,151,371	0
20	-Individuals with disabilities educa	tion act grant	8,632,569	0
21	- Grow-your-own teacher program		0	3,000,000
22	School board training grants		0	2,000,000
23	-Cybersecurity training for teacher	'S	<u>0</u>	1,000,000
24	- Total department of public instruc	tion -	\$350,000,480	\$6,000,000
25	- all funds			
26	-Total department of public instruc	tion -	349,800,480	6,000,000
27	estimated income			
28	- Total department of public instruc	tion -	\$200,000	\$0
29	general fund			
30	Department of public instruction			
31	Science experiments grants		\$13,500,000	\$5,500,000

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Regional education association grants	250.000	70,000
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	305,266,879	0
	1,999,661	0
Assistance to nonpublic schools	4,151,371	0
School board training grants	0	1,500,000
Statewide reading tool	0	1,600,000
Statewide teacher retention program	0	2,300,000
Total department of public instruction -	\$350,000,480	\$10,970,000
all funds		
_ Total department of public instruction -	349,800,480	10,900,000
estimated income		
Total department of public instruction -	\$200,000	\$70,000
general fund		
State library		
COVID-19 salaries and wages	\$86,669	\$0
COVID-19 operating expenses	1,580,057	0
COVID-19 grants	500,000	0
Retirement leave payouts	0	40,000
Maintenance of effort	0	100,000
IT equipment	0	43,000
Building renovations	<u>0</u>	<u>150,000</u>
Total state library - all funds	\$2,166,726	\$333,000
Total state library - estimated income	<u>2,166,726</u>	<u>0</u>
Total state library - general fund	\$0	\$333,000
	Children's science center State automated reporting system and statewide longitudinal data system upgrades Elementary and secondary school emergency education relief Emergency education relief homeless children and youth program Assistance to nonpublic schools Individuals with Disabilities Education Act grant School board training grants Statewide reading tool Statewide teacher retention program Total department of public instruction - all funds Total department of public instruction - estimated income Total department of public instruction - general fund State library COVID-19 salaries and wages COVID-19 grants Retirement leave payouts Maintenance of effort IT equipment Building renovations Total state library - all funds Total state library - estimated income	State automated reporting system maintenance Children's science center State automated reporting system and Statewide longitudinal data system upgrades Elementary and secondary school emergency education relief Emergency education relief homeless children Assistance to nonpublic schools Assistance to nonpublic schools Statewide reading tool Statewide reading tool Statewide reading tool Statewide teacher retention program Total department of public instruction - 3350,000,480 all funds Total department of public instruction - 349,800,480 estimated income Total department of public instruction - \$200,000 general fund State library COVID-19 salaries and wages \$86,669 COVID-19 operating expenses 1,580,057 COVID-19 grants 500,000 Retirement leave payouts 0 Maintenance of effort 0 IT equipment 0 Building renovations 0 Total state library - all funds \$2,166,726 Total state library - estimated income 2,166,726

1	School for the deaf		
2	Campus server upgrade	\$7,500	\$0
3	Operating expenses	21,500	0
4	Equipment	40,000	43,500
5	Boiler and resource center projects	650,000	0
6	Operating expense inflation	0	120,171
7	Boiler replacement	0	650,000
8	Fire alarm and controls	<u>0</u>	<u>150,000</u>
9	Total school for the deaf - all funds	\$719,000	\$963,671
10	Total school for the deaf - estimated income	<u>719,000</u>	<u>873,586</u>
11	Total school for the deaf - general fund	\$0	\$90,085
12	North Dakota vision services - school for the blind		
13	Vision screening devices	\$11,500	\$0
14	Replace flooring	10,000	0
15	Replace south wing air conditioning	40,000	0
16	Repair sidewalk, roof, and parking lot	24,000	0
17	Replace doors and key system	45,000	0
18	Heating, ventilation, and air conditioning upgrades	86,000	0
19	Install LED lighting	33,000	0
20	South wing electrical service	165,000	0
21	Equipment	0	26,000
22	Repairs and maintenance	<u>0</u>	<u>439,000</u>
23	Total school for the blind - estimated income	\$414,500	\$465,000
24	Grand total - all funds	\$353,300,706	\$7,761,671
25	Grand total - estimated income	<u>353,100,706</u>	7,338,586
26	Grand total - general fund	\$200,000	\$423,085
27	Grand total - all funds	\$353,300,706	\$12,731,671
28	Grand total - estimated income	353,100,706	12,238,586
29	Grand total - general fund	\$200,000	\$493,08 <u>5</u>
30	The 2023-25 biennium one-time funding amounts a	are not part of the entit	y's base budget for
31	the 2025-27 biennium. The department of public instruc	ction, state library, sch	ool for the deaf,

- and North Dakota vision services school for the blind shall report to the appropriations
 committees of the sixty-ninth legislative assembly on the use of this one-time funding for the
 biennium beginning July 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2025.
 - **SECTION 3. APPROPRIATION TUITION APPORTIONMENT.** The sum of \$510,860,000, included in the integrated formula payments line item in subdivision 1 of section 1 of this Act, is from the state tuition fund in the state treasury. Any additional amount in the state tuition fund that becomes available for distribution to public schools is appropriated to the department of public instruction for that purpose for the biennium beginning July 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2025.
 - **SECTION 4. ESTIMATED INCOME FOUNDATION AID STABILIZATION FUND.** The estimated income line item in subdivision 1 of section 1 of this Act includes the sum of \$143,454,500\\$157,000,000 from the foundation aid stabilization fund for integrated formula payments.
 - **SECTION 5. ESTIMATED INCOME STRATEGIC INVESTMENT AND IMPROVEMENTS FUND.** The estimated income line item in subdivision 1 of section 1 of this Act includes the sum of \$19,493,086 from the strategic investment and improvements fund for integrated formula payments and certain passthrough grants.
 - SECTION 6. INTEGRATED FORMULA PAYMENTS AND SPECIAL EDUCATION
 CONTRACTS EXPENDITURE AUTHORITY. The superintendent of public instruction may expend funds included in the integrated formula payments and grants special education contracts line items in subdivision 1 of section 1 of this Act for paying grants for educational services that were due in the 2021-23 biennium but which were not filed, claimed, or properly supported by the education provider until after June 30, 2023. To be reimbursed under this section, claims must be properly supported and filed with the superintendent of public instruction by June 30, 2024.
 - **SECTION 7. GIFTED AND TALENTED PROGRAM.** The sum of \$800,000, included in the integrated formula payments line item in subdivision 1 of section 1 of this Act, must be distributed to reimburse school districts or special education units for gifted and talented programs upon the submission of an application that is approved in accordance with guidelines adopted by the superintendent of public instruction. The superintendent of public instruction

shall encourage cooperative efforts for gifted and talented programs among school districts and
 special education units.

SECTION 8. MEDICAID MATCHING FUNDING AND SCHOOL APPROVAL -

WITHHOLDING AND DISTRIBUTION.

- State school aid payments for special education must be reduced by the amount of matching funds required to be paid by school districts or special education units for students participating in the Medicaid program for the biennium beginning July 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2025. Special education funds equal to the amount of the matching funds required to be paid by the school district or special education unit must be paid by the superintendent of public instruction to the department of health and human services on behalf of the school district or unit.
- State school aid payments for integrated formula payments must be reduced by the amount of funds required to be paid by school districts for school approval for the biennium beginning July 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2025.

SECTION 9. REGIONAL EDUCATION ASSOCIATION MERGER GRANTS - ONE-TIME FUNDING - DISTRIBUTION. The grants - program grants line item included in subdivision 1 of section 1 of this Act includes \$70,000 from the general fund for the purpose of providing a one-time \$35,000 grant to each regional education association that merges with another regional education association to form a single entity with a single governing board during the biennium beginning July 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2025.

SECTION 10. REGIONAL EDUCATION ASSOCIATIONS - GRANTS - DISTRIBUTION.

The integrated formula payments line item in subdivision 1 of section 1 of this Act includes \$700,000 from the general fund for the purpose of providing annual grants to regional education associations for the biennium beginning July 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2025. An annual grant of \$50,000 is provided to each regional education association that exists as of July 1, 2023. Regional education associations that merge during the 2023-25 biennium are entitled to the annual grants that would have been paid to each of the member associations.

-SECTION 11. PASSTHROUGH GRANTS - APPLICATION - DISTRIBUTION -

REPORTING. The grants - passthrough grants line item in subdivision 1 of section 1 of this Actincludes \$2,229,764 for passthrough grants. The superintendent of public instruction shall determine the manner in which each passthrough grant is distributed but no more than one-half-

of the funding may be provided each year of the biennium. Annually grantees, as a condition of receiving the grant, must establish performance measures to be reviewed by the superintendent of public instruction. Grantees shall report annually to the superintendent of public instruction regarding performance based on the measures. The superintendent may not distribute the grant payment for the second year of the biennium until the grantee submits the annual report for the first year of the biennium. The superintendent of public instruction shall report to the appropriations committees of the sixty-ninth legislative assembly regarding funds granted, performance measures established for each grantee, and whether grantees met performance expectations.

SECTION 11. USE OF NEW MONEY - NONADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL COMPENSATION INCREASES.

- 1. During the 2023-25 biennium, the board of each school district shall use an amount equal to at least seventy percent of all new money received by the district, resulting from increases in the base integrated formula payment rate, to increase the compensation and benefits paid to nonadministrative personnel.
- For purposes of this section, the superintendent of public instruction shall provide guidance to school districts regarding the calculation of the amount of new money resulting from increases in the base integrated formula payment rate during the 2023-25 biennium.

SECTION 12. EXEMPTION - INDIRECT COST RECOVERIES, GENERAL EDUCATIONAL DEVELOPMENT FEES, AND DISPLACED HOMEMAKER DEPOSITS.

Notwithstanding section 54-44.1-15, the department of public instruction may deposit indirect cost recoveries in its operating account. In addition, any moneys collected by the department of public instruction for general educational development fees and displaced homemakers deposits must be deposited in the public instruction fund in the state treasury. Any funds deposited in the public instruction fund may only be spent subject to appropriation by the legislative assembly.

SECTION 13. EXEMPTION - TRANSFER - PUBLIC INSTRUCTION FUND - TRANSFER - GENERAL FUND. Notwithstanding section 54-44.1-11, if, after the superintendent of public instruction complies with all statutory payment obligations imposed for the 2021-23 biennium, from any moneys remaining in the integrated formula payments line item in subdivision 1 of

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SECTION 14. EXEMPTION - UNEXPENDED APPROPRIATIONS. The following appropriations are not subject to the provisions of section 54-44.1-11 and may be continued into the biennium beginning July 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2025:

- Any funds remaining from federal funds derived from the elementary and secondary school emergency education relief fund and any other federal funds appropriated in subdivision 2 of section 2 of chapter 28 of the 2021 Session Laws; and
- Any funds remaining from federal funds appropriated in subsection 2 of section 6 of chapter 15 of the 2021 Session Laws, as amended in section 1 of chapter 548 of the 2021 Special Session Session Laws.

SECTION 15. EXEMPTION - UNEXPENDED STATE AUTOMATED REPORTING

SYSTEM AND STATEWIDE LONGITUDINAL DATA SYSTEM UPGRADE APPROPRIATION - TRANSFER. The sum of \$10,000,000 of special funds from the public instruction fund in the state treasury, derived from reimbursements withheld from school districts' integrated formula payments for the purpose of information technology project upgrades to the state automated reporting system and the statewide longitudinal data system, appropriated to the department of public instruction in section 17 of chapter 549 of the 2021 Special Session Session Laws, is not subject to the provisions of section 54-44.1-11 and any unexpended funds from this one-time appropriation may be continued and are available for information technology project upgrades to the state automated reporting system and the statewide longitudinal data system during the biennium beginning July 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2025. The department of public

SECTION 16. STATE AID TO PUBLIC LIBRARIES. The grants line item in subdivision 23 of section 1 of this Act includes \$1,737,582 for aid to public libraries, of which no more than one-half may be expended during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

instruction shall transfer any funds continued in excess of \$5,000,000 to the information

technology department for statewide longitudinal data system upgrades.

1	SECTION '	17. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-02-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is
2	amended and r	reenacted as follows:
3	15.1-02-02	. Salary.
4	The annual	I salary of the superintendent of public instruction is one hundred twenty-seven
5	thousand sever	n hundred sixty-eightthirty-five thousand five hundred thirty-sixthirty-eight
6	thousand one h	nundred forty-two dollars through June 30, 2022 2024, and one hundred thirty
7	thousand three	hundred twenty-threeforty thousand nine hundred fifty-sevenforty-three
8	thousand six hu	undred sixty-eight dollars thereafter.
9	SECTION '	18. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-27-04.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is
10	amended and r	reenacted as follows:
11	15.1-27-04	.1. Baseline funding - Establishment - Determination of state aid. (Effective
12	through June	30, 2025)
13	1. To def	termine the amount of state aid payable to each district, the superintendent of
14	public	instruction shall establish each district's baseline funding. A district's baseline
15	fundin	ng consists of:
16	a. <i>I</i>	All state aid received by the district in accordance with chapter 15.1-27 during the
17	2	2018-19 school year;
18	b. A	An amount equal to the property tax deducted by the superintendent of public
19	i	nstruction to determine the 2018-19 state aid payment;
20	c. A	An amount equal to seventy-five percent of the revenue received by the school
21	C	district during the 2017-18 school year for the following revenue types:
22	(1) Revenue reported under code 2000 of the North Dakota school district
23		financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the
24		superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08;
25	(2	2) Mineral revenue received by the school district through direct allocation from
26		the state treasurer and not reported under code 2000 of the North Dakota
27		school district financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by
28		the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section
29		15.1-02-08;
30	(:	3) Tuition reported under code 1300 of the North Dakota school district
31		financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the

superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08, with the exception of revenue received specifically for the operation of an educational program provided at a residential treatment facility, tuition received for the provision of an adult farm management program, and beginning in the 2021-22 school year, seventeen percent of tuition received under an agreement to educate students from a school district on an air force base with funding received through federal impact aid, and an additional seventeen percent of tuition received under an agreement to educate students from a school district on an air force base with funding received through federal impact aid each school year thereafter, until the 2024-25 school year when sixty-eight percent of tuition received under an agreement to educate students from a school district on an air force base with funding received through federal impact aid must be excluded from the tuition calculation under this paragraph;

- (4) Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes on the distribution and transmission of electric power;
- (5) Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes on electricity generated from sources other than coal; and
- (6) Revenue from the leasing of land acquired by the United States for which compensation is allocated to the state under 33 U.S.C. 701(c)(3);
- d. An amount equal to the total revenue received by the school district during the2017-18 school year for the following revenue types:
 - (1) Mobile home tax revenue;
 - (2) Telecommunications tax revenue; and
 - (3) Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes and state reimbursement of the homestead credit and disabled veterans credit; and
- e. Beginning with the 2020-21 school year, the superintendent shall reduce the baseline funding for any school district that becomes an elementary district pursuant to section 15.1-07-27 after the 2012-13 school year. The reduction must be proportional to the number of weighted student units in the grades that are offered through another school district relative to the total number of weighted

- student units the school district offered in the year before the school district became an elementary district. The reduced baseline funding applies to the calculation of state aid for the first school year in which the school district becomes an elementary district and for each year thereafter. For districts that become an elementary district prior to the 2020-21 school year, the superintendent shall use the reduced baseline funding to calculate state aid for the 2020-21 school year and for each year thereafter.
- a. The superintendent shall divide the district's baseline funding determined in subsection 1 by the district's 2017-18 weighted student units to determine the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit.
 - b. For any school district that becomes an elementary district pursuant to section 15.1-07-27 after the 2017-18 school year, the superintendent shall adjust the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit used to calculate state aid. The superintendent shall divide the district's baseline funding determined in subsection 1 by the district's weighted student units after the school district becomes an elementary district to determine the district's adjusted baseline funding per weighted student unit. The superintendent shall use the district's adjusted baseline funding per weighted student unit in the calculation of state aid for the first school year in which the school district becomes an elementary district and for each year thereafter.
 - c. Beginning with the 2021-22 school year and for each school year thereafter, the superintendent shall reduce the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. Each year the superintendent shall calculate the amount by which the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit exceeds the payment per weighted student unit provided in subsection 3. The superintendent shall reduce the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit by fifteen percent of the amount by which the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit exceeds the payment per weighted student unit for the 2021-22 school year. For each year thereafter, the reduction percentage is increased by an additional fifteen percent. However, the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, after

1 the reduction, may not be less than the payment per weighted student unit 2 provided in subsection 3. 3 3. a. For the 2021-22 school year, the superintendent shall calculate state aid as the 4 greater of: 5 (1) The district's weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand one hundred 6 thirty-six dollars; 7 One hundred two percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted (2) 8 student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's 9 weighted student units, not to exceed the district's 2017-18 baseline 10 weighted student units, plus any weighted student units in excess of the 11 2017-18 baseline weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand 12 one hundred thirty-six dollars; or 13 The district's baseline funding as established in subsection 1 less the (3) 14 amount in paragraph 1, with the difference reduced by fifteen percent and 15 then the difference added to the amount determined in paragraph 1. 16 For the 2022-23 school year and each school year thereafter, the superintendent b. 17 shall calculate state aid as the greater of: 18 The district's weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand two hundred 19 thirty-seven dollars; 20 One hundred two percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted (2) 21 student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's 22 weighted student units, not to exceed the district's 2017-18 baseline 23 weighted student units, plus any weighted student units in excess of the 24 2017-18 baseline weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand 25 two hundred thirty-seven dollars; or 26 The district's baseline funding as established in subsection 1 less the (3) 27 amount in paragraph 1, with the difference reduced by thirty percent for the 28 2022-23 school year and the reduction percentage increasing by fifteen 29 percent each school year thereafter until the difference is reduced to zero. 30 and then the difference added to the amount determined in paragraph 1.

- c. The superintendent also shall adjust state aid determined in this subsection to ensure the amount does not exceed the transition maximum as follows:
 - (1) For the 2021-22 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's weighted student units from the previous school year.
 - (2) For the 2022-23 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's weighted student units from the previous school year.
 - (3) For the 2023-24 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, plus twenty percent of the difference between the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. The transition maximum is determined by multiplying the transition maximum rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection, by the district's weighted student units from the previous school year.
 - (4) For the 2024-25 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, plus forty percent of the difference between the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. The transition maximum is determined by multiplying the transition maximum rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection, by the district's weighted student units from the previous school year.
 - (5) For the 2025-26 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, plus sixty percent of the difference between the

- rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. The transition maximum is determined by multiplying the transition maximum rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection, by the district's weighted student units from the previous school year.
- (6) For the 2026-27 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, plus eighty percent of the difference between the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. The transition maximum is determined by multiplying the transition maximum rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection, by the district's weighted student units from the previous school year.
- 4. After determining the product in accordance with subsection 3, the superintendent of public instruction shall:
 - a. Subtract an amount equal to sixty mills multiplied by the taxable valuation of the school district, except the amount in dollars subtracted for purposes of this subdivision may not exceed the previous year's amount in dollars subtracted for purposes of this subdivision by more than twelve percent, adjusted pursuant to section 15.1-27-04.3; and
 - b. Subtract an amount equal to seventy-five percent of all revenue types listed in subdivisions c and d of subsection 1. Before determining the deduction for seventy-five percent of all revenue types, the superintendent of public instruction shall adjust revenues as follows:
 - (1) Tuition revenue shall be adjusted as follows:
 - (a) In addition to deducting tuition revenue received specifically for the operation of an educational program provided at a residential treatment facility, tuition revenue received for the provision of an adult farm management program, tuition received for the education of

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high-cost and special education students, and tuition received under an agreement to educate students from a school district on an air force base with funding received through federal impact aid as directed each school year in paragraph 3 of subdivision c of subsection 1, the superintendent of public instruction also shall reduce the total tuition reported by the school district by the amount of tuition revenue received for the education of students not residing in the state and for which the state has not entered a cross-border education contract; and

- (b) The superintendent of public instruction also shall reduce the total tuition reported by admitting school districts meeting the requirements of subdivision e of subsection 2 of section 15.1-29-12 by the amount of tuition revenue received for the education of students residing in an adjacent school district.
- (2) After adjusting tuition revenue as provided in paragraph 1, the superintendent shall reduce all remaining revenues from all revenue types by the percentage of mills levied in 2020 by the school district for sinking and interest relative to the total mills levied in 2020 by the school district for all purposes.
- 5. The amount remaining after the computation required under subsection 4 is the amount of state aid to which a school district is entitled, subject to any other statutory requirements or limitations.
- 6. On or before June thirtieth of each year, the school board shall certify to the superintendent of public instruction the final average daily membership for the current school year.
- 7. For purposes of the calculation in subsection 4, each county auditor, in collaboration with the school districts, shall report the following to the superintendent of public instruction on an annual basis:
 - The amount of revenue received by each school district in the county during the previous school year for each type of revenue identified in subdivisions c and d of subsection 1;

- b. The total number of mills levied in the previous calendar year by each school district for all purposes; and
- c. The number of mills levied in the previous calendar year by each school district for sinking and interest fund purposes.

Baseline funding - Establishment - Determination of state aid. (Effective after June 30, 2025)

- To determine the amount of state aid payable to each district, the superintendent of public instruction shall establish each district's baseline funding. A district's baseline funding consists of:
 - a. All state aid received by the district in accordance with chapter 15.1-27 during the 2018-19 school year:
 - An amount equal to the property tax deducted by the superintendent of public instruction to determine the 2018-19 state aid payment;
 - c. An amount equal to seventy-five percent of the revenue received by the school district during the 2017-18 school year for the following revenue types:
 - (1) Revenue reported under code 2000 of the North Dakota school district financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08;
 - (2) Mineral revenue received by the school district through direct allocation from the state treasurer and not reported under code 2000 of the North Dakota school district financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08;
 - (3) Tuition reported under code 1300 of the North Dakota school district financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08, with the exception of revenue received specifically for the operation of an educational program provided at a residential treatment facility, tuition received for the provision of an adult farm management program, and beginning in the 2025-26 school year, eighty-five percent of tuition received under an agreement to educate students from a school district on an

1		air force base with funding received through federal impact aid, until the
2		2026-27 school year, and each school year thereafter, when all tuition
3		received under an agreement to educate students from a school district on
4		an air force base with funding received through federal impact aid must be
5		excluded from the tuition calculation under this paragraph;
6	(4)	Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes on the distribution and transmission
7		of electric power;
8	(5)	Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes on electricity generated from
9		sources other than coal; and
10	(6)	Revenue from the leasing of land acquired by the United States for which
11		compensation is allocated to the state under 33 U.S.C. 701(c)(3); and
12	d. Ar	n amount equal to the total revenue received by the school district during the
13	20	017-18 school year for the following revenue types:
14	(1)) Mobile home tax revenue;
15	(2)	Telecommunications tax revenue; and
16	(3)	Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes and state reimbursement of the
17		homestead credit and disabled veterans credit.
18	e. Be	eginning with the 2020-21 school year, the superintendent shall reduce the
19	ba	aseline funding for any school district that becomes an elementary district
20	ри	rsuant to section 15.1-07-27 after the 2012-13 school year. The reduction mus
21	be	e proportional to the number of weighted student units in the grades that are
22	of	fered through another school district relative to the total number of weighted
23	sto	udent units the school district offered in the year before the school district
24	be	ecame an elementary district. The reduced baseline funding applies to the
25	ca	lculation of state aid for the first school year in which the school district
26	be	ecomes an elementary district and for each year thereafter. For districts that
27	be	ecome an elementary district prior to the 2020-21 school year, the
28	su	perintendent shall use the reduced baseline funding to calculate state aid for
29	th	e 2020-21 school year and for each year thereafter.

- a. The superintendent shall divide the district's baseline funding determined in subsection 1 by the district's 2017-18 weighted student units to determine the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit.
 - b. For any school district that becomes an elementary district pursuant to section 15.1-07-27 after the 2017-18 school year, the superintendent shall adjust the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit used to calculate state aid. The superintendent shall divide the district's baseline funding determined in subsection 1 by the district's weighted student units after the school district becomes an elementary district to determine the district's adjusted baseline funding per weighted student unit. The superintendent shall use the district's adjusted baseline funding per weighted student unit in the calculation of state aid for the first school year in which the school district becomes an elementary district and for each year thereafter.
 - c. Beginning with the 2021-22 school year and for each school year thereafter, the superintendent shall reduce the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. Each year the superintendent shall calculate the amount by which the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit exceeds the payment per weighted student unit provided in subsection 3. The superintendent shall reduce the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit by fifteen percent of the amount by which the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit exceeds the payment per weighted student unit for the 2021-22 school year. For each year thereafter, the reduction percentage is increased by an additional fifteen percent. However, the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, after the reduction, may not be less than the payment per weighted student unit provided in subsection 3.
- 3. a. For the 2021-22 school year, the superintendent shall calculate state aid as the greater of:
 - (1) The district's weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand one hundred thirty-six dollars;
 - (2) One hundred two percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's

1			weighted student units, not to exceed the district's 2017-18 baseline
2			weighted student units, plus any weighted student units in excess of the
3			2017-18 baseline weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand
4			one hundred thirty-six dollars; or
5		(3)	The district's baseline funding as established in subsection 1 less the
6			amount in paragraph 1, with the difference reduced by fifteen percent and
7			then the difference added to the amount determined in paragraph 1.
8	b.	For	the 2022-23 school year and each school year thereafter, the superintendent
9		sha	Il calculate state aid as the greater of:
10		(1)	The district's weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand two hundred
11			thirty-seven dollars;
12		(2)	One hundred two percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted
13			student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's
14			weighted student units, not to exceed the district's 2017-18 baseline
15			weighted student units, plus any weighted student units in excess of the
16			2017-18 baseline weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand
17			two hundred thirty-seven dollars; or
18		(3)	The district's baseline funding as established in subsection 1 less the
19			amount in paragraph 1, with the difference reduced by thirty percent for the
20			2022-23 school year and the reduction percentage increasing by fifteen
21			percent each school year thereafter until the difference is reduced to zero,
22			and then the difference added to the amount determined in paragraph 1.
23	C.	The	superintendent also shall adjust state aid determined in this subsection to
24		ens	ure the amount does not exceed the transition maximum as follows:
25		(1)	For the 2021-22 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred
26			ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as
27			established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's weighted student
28			units from the previous school year.
29		(2)	For the 2022-23 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred
30			ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as

- established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's weighted student units from the previous school year.
- (3) For the 2023-24 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, plus twenty percent of the difference between the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. The transition maximum is determined by multiplying the transition maximum rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection, by the district's weighted student units from the previous school year.
- (4) For the 2024-25 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, plus forty percent of the difference between the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. The transition maximum is determined by multiplying the transition maximum rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection, by the district's weighted student units from the previous school year.
- (5) For the 2025-26 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, plus sixty percent of the difference between the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. The transition maximum is determined by multiplying the transition maximum rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection, by the district's weighted student units from the previous school year.
- (6) For the 2026-27 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as

established in subsection 2, plus eighty percent of the difference between the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. The transition maximum is determined by multiplying the transition maximum rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection, by the district's weighted student units from the previous school year.

- 4. After determining the product in accordance with subsection 3, the superintendent of public instruction shall:
 - a. Subtract an amount equal to sixty mills multiplied by the taxable valuation of the school district; and
 - b. Subtract an amount equal to seventy-five percent of all revenue types listed in subdivisions c and d of subsection 1. Before determining the deduction for seventy-five percent of all revenue types, the superintendent of public instruction shall adjust revenues as follows:
 - (1) Tuition revenue shall be adjusted as follows:
 - (a) In addition to deducting tuition revenue received specifically for the operation of an educational program provided at a residential treatment facility, tuition revenue received for the provision of an adult farm management program, tuition received for the education of high-cost and special education students, and tuition received under an agreement to educate students from a school district on an air force base with funding received through federal impact aid as directed each school year in paragraph 3 of subdivision c of subsection 1, the superintendent of public instruction also shall reduce the total tuition reported by the school district by the amount of tuition revenue received for the education of students not residing in the state and for which the state has not entered a cross-border education contract; and
 - (b) The superintendent of public instruction also shall reduce the total tuition reported by admitting school districts meeting the requirements

1	of subdivision e of subsection 2 of section 15.1-29-12 by the amount
2	of tuition revenue received for the education of students residing in an
3	adjacent school district.
4	(2) After adjusting tuition revenue as provided in paragraph 1, the
5	superintendent shall reduce all remaining revenues from all revenue types
6	by the percentage of mills levied in 2020 by the school district for sinking
7	and interest relative to the total mills levied in 2020 by the school district for
8	all purposes.
9	5. The amount remaining after the computation required under subsection 4 is the
10	amount of state aid to which a school district is entitled, subject to any other statutory
11	requirements or limitations.
12	6. On or before June thirtieth of each year, the school board shall certify to the
13	superintendent of public instruction the final average daily membership for the current
14	school year.
15	7. For purposes of the calculation in subsection 4, each county auditor, in collaboration
16	with the school districts, shall report the following to the superintendent of public
17	instruction on an annual basis:
18	a. The amount of revenue received by each school district in the county during the
19	previous school year for each type of revenue identified in subdivisions c and d of
20	subsection 1;
21	b. The total number of mills levied in the previous calendar year by each school
22	district for all purposes; and
23	c. The number of mills levied in the previous calendar year by each school district
24	for sinking and interest fund purposes.
25	SECTION 19. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-32-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is
26	amended and reenacted as follows:
27	15.1-32-01. Definitions.
28	As used in this chapter:
29	1. "Major life activities" include learning, walking, talking, breathing, and caring for
30	oneself.

1 "Related services" means transportation and developmental and corrective or 2 supportive services required to assist a student with disabilities to benefit from special 3 education. 4 2.3. "Special education" means instruction designed to meet the needs of a student with 5 disabilities, transportation, and corrective and supporting services required to assist a 6 student with disabilities in taking advantage of, or responding to, educational programs 7 and opportunities. 8 3.4. "Student who is gifted" means an individual who is identified by gualified professionals 9 as being capable of high performance and who needs educational programs and 10 services beyond those normally provided in a regular education program. 11 "Student with a disability" means an individual who is at least three years of age 4.5. 12 but who has not reached the age of twenty-one before August first of the year in 13 which the individual turns twenty-one and who requires special education and 14 related services because of: 15 An intellectual disability; 16 A hearing impairment, including deafness: (2) 17 (3) Deaf-blindness; 18 (4) A speech or language impairment; 19 (5)A visual impairment, including blindness; 20 An emotional disturbance; (6) 21 (7) An orthopedic impairment; 22 (8) Autism; 23 (9)A traumatic brain injury; 24 (10)Other health impairment; or 25 (11)A specific learning disability. 26 "Student with a disability" includes a student age eighteen through twenty-one b. 27 who is incarcerated in an adult correctional facility and who, in the last 28 educational placement prior to incarceration, was identified as being a student 29 with a disability and did not have an individualized education program or was 30 identified as being a student with a disability and had an individualized education 31 program.

6. "Student with a significant medical condition" means a student with a physical or mental impairment, whether permanent or temporary, which substantially limits one or more major life activities and who is not entitled to special education and related services.

SECTION 20. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-32-14 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

15.1-32-14. Special education students - Contracts for placement High-cost students.

- 1. If in the opinion of an individualized education program team or a services plan team a student with a disability or a student with a significant medical condition is unable to attend a public school in the special education unit to which the student's school district of residence belongs, the student's school district of residence shall contract release the student at the time deemed necessary to begin attendance with another public school that:
 - a. Does not belong to the same special education unit;
 - b.—Is located in this state;
 - e.b. Is willing to admit the student; and
 - d.c. Is able to provide appropriate services to the student.
- 2. The superintendent of public instruction shall approve in advance the terms of the contract and the services to be provided by the admitting school.
- 3. The contract must provide that the student's school district of residence is liable for the cost of educating the student.
- 4.3. Upon being notified by the district in which the student receives services that the student's school district of residence has not paid for services that were provided to the student, the superintendent of public instruction, after verification, shall withhold all state aid payments to which the student's school district of residence is entitled, until the required payments have been made.

SECTION 21. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-32-18 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

15.1-32-18. Cost - Liability of school district for special education and other high-cost services.

- 1. Each year the superintendent of public instruction shall identify the approximately one percent of special education students with a disability and students with a significant medical condition statewide who are not eligible for cost reimbursement under section 15.1-29-14 and who require the greatest school district expenditures in order to provide them with education and services, including special education and related services. This percentage represents the number of students that would qualify for excess cost reimbursement beyond the multiplier that is established in subsection 3.
- 2. The excess costs of providing special education and related services to these students are the responsibility of the state and the superintendent of public instruction shall reimburse the school districts for any excess costs incurred in the provision of special education and related the services to the identified students.
- "Excess costs" are those that exceed four times the state average cost of education
 per student and which are incurred by the special education students identified in
 subsection 1.
- 4. All costs of providing special education and related services to those students identified in subsection 1, other than excess costs reimbursed by the state, are the responsibility of the student's school district of residence.
- 5. In addition to any other reimbursements provided under this section, if a school district expends more than two percent of its annual budget for the provision of special education and related services to one student with a disability or significant medical condition, the district shall notify the superintendent of public instruction. Upon verification, the superintendent shall reimburse the district for the difference between:
 - a. Two percent of the district's annual budget; and
 - b. The lesser of:
 - (1) The amount actually expended by the district for the provision of special education and related services to that student; or
 - (2) The amount representing four times the state average cost of education per student.

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1 SECTION 22. AMENDMENT. Section 54-24.3-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is 2 amended and reenacted as follows: 3 54-24.3-01. Definitions. 4 In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires: 5 "Academic library" means a library that is part of a college or university that is publicly 6 or privately funded and whose primary role is to provide resources to enrich and 7 support the school's curricula and the research needs of students and faculty. 8 2. "Library resource center" means a central service unit, whose location is to be agreed 9 upon by members of the regional library cooperative and which is responsible for 10 extending special services to support members of the regional library cooperative, 11 while meeting all cooperative standards. 12 3. "Multitype library authority" means a geographic subdivision within which multitype 13 libraries are organized for the purpose of providing library and information services 14 through cooperation and mutual support. 15 4. "Participant library" means any library agreeing to join a regional library cooperative. 16 5. "Public library" means a library that is supported with funds derived from taxation and 17 which maintains a balanced collection of materials to serve the lifelong information, 18 reading, and recreational needs of the general population. For purposes of this 19 chapter, "public library" includes tribal libraries. 20 6. "Regional library cooperative" means an organization of one or more types of library 21 organized under Article VI of section 54-24.1-01, or a multitype library authority. 22 7. "School library media center" means a learning center operated as part of a publicly or 23 privately supported school or school district and whose role is to provide instruction, 24 cooperatively design learning strategies, and provide resources that support and 25 enrich the curriculum, following the North Dakota school library media guidelines. 26 8. "Special library" means a public or private sector library whose collection is specialized 27 and limited in scope and size and whose role is to provide information to a limited 28 clientele. 29

SECTION 23. EFFECTIVE DATE. Senate Bill No. 2269, as approved by the sixty-eighth legislative assembly, becomes effective July 1, 2023. Sections 3, 4, and 7 of Senate Bill No. 2050, as approved by the sixty-eighth legislative assembly, become effective May 15, 2023.

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- SECTION 24. EMERGENCY. Sections 3, 4, and 7 of Senate Bill No. 2050 and Senate Bill
- No. 2269, as approved by the sixty-eighth legislative assembly, are declared to be an
- 3 emergency measure.