#### 23.0267.02005

#### FIRST ENGROSSMENT

Sixty-eighth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

**ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 2013** 

Introduced by

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Appropriations Committee

A BILL for an Act to provide an appropriation for defraying the expenses of the department of 1 public instruction, the state library, the school for the deaf, and North Dakota vision services -2 school for the blind; to amend and reenact sections 15.1-02-02. 15.1-27-04.1. 15.1-32-01. 3 15.1-32-14, 15.1-32-18, and 54-24.3-01 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to the salary of the superintendent of public instruction, baseline funding, high-cost students, and regional library cooperative definitions; to provide for a transfer; to provide a statement of legislative intent; to provide for reports; and to provide an exemption; to provide an effective date; and to declare an emergency.

#### 9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

10	SECTION 1. APPROPRIATION. The funds provided in this section, or so much of the funds					
11	as may be necessary, are appropriated out of any moneys in the general fund in the state					
12	treasury, not otherwise appropriate	ed, and from special fun	ds derived from fede	ral funds and		
13	other income, to the department o	f public instruction, the	state library, the scho	ol for the deaf,		
14	and North Dakota vision services	school for the blind for	the purpose of defra	ying the		
15	expenses of those agencies, for th	e biennium beginning J	uly 1, 2023, and end	ing June 30,		
16	N=1 125					
17	Subdivision 1.					
18	DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION					
19			Adjustments or			
20		Base Level	<u>Enhancements</u>	Appropriation		
21	Salaries and wages	\$17,854,747	\$1,459,112	\$19,313,859		
22	Operating expenses	33,098,149	195,171	33,293,320		
23	Integrated formula payments	2,131,825,000	316,826,200	2,448,651,200		
24	Grants - special education	27,000,000	0	27,000,000		

1	Grants - transportation	58,100,000	0	58,100,000
2	Grants - other grants	312,738,893	70,000,000	382,738,893
3	Grants - program grants		13,780,000	13,780,000
4	Grants - passthrough grants			2,229,764
5	Grants - program and passthrough		(10,387,064)	0
6	PowerSchool		525,000	5,775,000
7	National board certification		0	<del>176,290</del>
8	Total all funds	\$2,596,430,143	\$394,628,183	<del>\$2,991,058,326</del>
9	Less estimated income		154,404,811	1,092,638,081
10	Total general fund			\$1,898,420,24 <del>5</del>
11	Full-time equivalent positions		0.00	86.25
12	Salaries and wages		\$702,569	\$18,557,316
13	Operating expenses		(304,829)	32,793,320
14			339,743,255	2,471,568,255
	Integrated formula payments		0	27,000,000
15	Grants - special education	58,100,000	0	58,100,000
16	Grants - transportation	312,738,893	70,000,000	382,738,893
17	Grants - other grants	312,736,693	15,550,000	15,550,000
18	Grants - program grants		16,989,000	16,989,000
19	Grants - passthrough grants	0		10,909,000
20	Grants - program and passthrough		(10,387,064)	5,775,000
21	PowerSchool	5,250,000	525,000	176,290
22	National board certification	176,290	0	
23	Total all funds	\$2,596,430,143	\$432,817,931	\$3,029,248,074
24	Less estimated income	938,233,270	180,436,476	1,118,669,746
25	Total general fund	\$1,658,196,873	\$252,381,455	\$1,910,578,328
26	Full-time equivalent positions	86.25	0.00	86.25
27	Subdivision 2.			
28	CENTER	R FOR DISTANCE EL		
29			Adjustments or	
30		Base Level	Enhancements	Appropriation
31				

1	Center for distance education	\$0	\$11,183,325	\$11,183,325		
2	Total all funds	s \$0 \$11,183,325				
3	Less estimated income	0	4,550,000	4,550,000		
4	Total general fund	\$0	\$6,633,325	\$6,633,325		
5	Full-time equivalent positions	0.00	30.80	30.80		
6	Subdivision 23.					
7		STATE LIBRARY				
8			Adjustments or			
9	r	Base Level	<u>Enhancements</u>	Appropriation		
10	Salaries and wages	\$4,139,907	\$345,606	\$4,485,513		
11	Operating expenses	1,822,703	415,770	2,238,473		
12	Grants	2,233,528	50,000	2,283,528		
13	Total all funds	\$8,196,138	\$811,376	\$9,007,514		
14	Less estimated income	2,364,417	(221,410)	2,143,007		
15	Total general fund	\$5,831,721	<del>\$1,032,786</del>	\$6,864,507		
16	Salaries and wages	\$4,139,907	\$295,408	\$4,435,315		
17	Operating expenses	1,822,703	752.595	2,575,298		
18	Grants	2,233,528	50,000	2,283,528		
19	Total all funds	\$8,196,138	\$1,098,003	\$9,294,141		
20	Less estimated income	2.364,417	107,626	2,472,043		
21	Total general fund	\$5,831,721	\$990,377	\$6,822,098		
22	Full-time equivalent positions	26.75	0.00	26.75		
23	Subdivision 34.					
24		SCHOOL FOR THE	DEAF			
25			Adjustments or			
26		Base Level	<u>Enhancements</u>	Appropriation		
27	Salaries and wages	\$8,332,820	\$855,432	\$9,188,252		
28	Operating expenses	1,705,586	120,171	1,825,757		
29	Capital assets	158,678	843,500	1,002,178		
30	Total all funds	4 , 5 , 15 , 15 5 ,	\$1,819,103	<del>\$12,016,187</del>		
31	Less estimated income	2,790,528	887,693	3,678,221		

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1	Total general fund	\$7,406,556	\$931,410	<del>\$8,337,966</del>
2	Salaries and wages	\$8,332,820	\$604,780	\$8,937,600
3	Operating expenses	1,705,586	120,171	1,825,757
4	Capital assets	158,678	843,500	1,002,178
5	Total all funds	\$10,197,084	\$1,568,451	\$11,765,535
6	Less estimated income	2,790,528	875,163	3,665,691
7	Total general fund	\$7,406,556	\$693,288	\$8,099,844
8	Full-time equivalent positions	44.61	0.75	45.36
9	Subdivision 45.			
10	NORTH DAKOTA V	ISION SERVICES - SCH	HOOL FOR THE BLI	ND
11			Adjustments or	
12		Base Level	<b>Enhancements</b>	<u>Appropriation</u>
13	Salaries and wages	\$4,992,194	\$445,666	<del>\$5,437,860</del>
14	Operating expenses	792,671	103,015	895,686
15	Capital assets	39,192	439,000	478.192
16	Total all funds	\$5,824,057	\$987,681	\$6,811,738
17	Less estimated income	1,062,178	602,245	1,664,423
18	Total general fund	\$4,761,879	\$385,436	\$5,147,315
19	Salaries and wages	\$4,992,194	\$354,219	\$5,346,413
20	Operating expenses	792,671	103,015	895,686
21	Capital assets	39,192	439,000	478,192
22	Total all funds	\$5,824,057	\$896,234	\$6,720,291
23	Less estimated income	1,062,178	598,533	1,660,711
24	Total general fund	\$4,761,879	\$297,701	\$5,059,580
25	Full-time equivalent positions	27.75	0.00	27.75
26	Subdivision <u>56</u> .			
27		TOTAL - SECTION '	1	
28			Adjustments or	
`29		Base Level	<b>Enhancements</b>	<u>Appropriation</u>
30	Grand total general fund	\$1,676,197,029	\$242,573,004	<del>\$1,918,770,033</del>
31	Grand total special funds	944,450,393	155,673,339	1,100,123,732

	Legislative Assembly					
1	Grand total all funds	\$2,620,647,422	\$398,246,343	\$3,018,893,765		
2	Grand total general fund	\$1,676,197,029	\$260,996,146	\$1,937,193,175		
3	Grand total special funds	944,450,393	186,567,798	1,131,018,191		
4	Grand total all funds	\$2,620,647,422	\$447,563,944	\$3,068,211,366		
5	SECTION 2. ONE-TIME FU	NDING - EFFECT ON	BASE BUDGET - REF	PORT TO		
6	SIXTY-NINTH LEGISLATIVE AS	SSEMBLY. The following	ng amounts reflect the	one-time funding		
7	items approved by the sixty-seve	enth legislative assemb	ly for the 2021-23 bien	nium and the		
8	2023-25 biennium one-time fund	ling items included in th	ne appropriation in sec	tion 1 of this Act:		
9	One-Time Funding Des	<u>cription</u>	2021-23	2023-25		
10	Department of public instruction					
11	-Science experiments grant		\$13,500,000	\$0		
12	Regional education association	n grants	250,000	0		
13	State automated reporting syst	tem maintenance	200,000	0		
14	- Children's science center		5,900,000	0		
15	State automated reporting syst	tem and	10,100,000	0		
16	statewide longitudinal data s	ystem upgrades				
17	- Elementary and secondary sel	nool emergency	305,266,879	0		
18	—education relief					
19	Emergency education relief homeless children 1,999,661					
20	— and youth program					
21	-Assistance to nonpublic school	S	4,151,371	0		
22	-Individuals with disabilities edu	cation act grant	8,632,569	0		
23	Grow-your-own teacher progra	m	0	3,000,000		
24	School board training grants		0	2,000,000		
25	- Cybersecurity training for teach	ners	<u>0</u>	1.000,000		
26	Total department of public instr	uction -	\$350,000,480	\$6,000,000		
27	— all funds					
28	- Total department of public instr	uction -	349,800,480	6,000,000		
29	- estimated income					
30	Total department of public instr	uction -	\$200,000	\$0		
31	general fund					

1	Department of public instruction		
2	Science experiments grants	\$13,500,000	\$9,900,000
3	Regional education association grants	250,000	70,000
4	State automated reporting system maintenance	200,000	0
5	Children's science center	5,900,000	0
6	Children's theatre and art park	0	2,500,000
7	State automated reporting system and	10,100,000	0
8	statewide longitudinal data system upgrades		
9	Elementary and secondary school emergency	305,266,879	0
10	education relief		
11	Emergency education relief homeless children	1,999,661	0
12	and youth program		
13	Assistance to nonpublic schools	4,151,371	0
14	Individuals with Disabilities Education Act grant	8,632,569	0
15	Grow-your-own teacher program	0	0
16	School board training grants	0	1,500,000
17	Cybersecurity training for teachers	0	0
18	Statewide reading tool	0	1,600,000
19	Statewide teacher retention program	0	4,300,000
20	Total department of public instruction -	\$350,000,480	\$19,870,000
21	all funds		
22	Total department of public instruction -	349,800,480	16,300,000
23	estimated income		-
24	Total department of public instruction -	\$200,000	\$3,570,000
25	general fund		
26	State library		
27	COVID-19 salaries and wages	\$86,669	\$0
28	COVID-19 operating expenses	1,580,057	0
29	COVID-19 grants	500,000	0
30	Retirement leave payouts	0	40,000
31	Maintenance of effort	0	100,000

1	IT equipment	0	43,000
2	Building renovations	<u>0</u>	<u>150,000</u>
3	Total state library - all funds	\$2,166,726	\$333,000
4	Total state library - estimated income	2,166,726	<u>0</u>
5	Total state library - general fund	\$0	\$333,000
6	School for the deaf		
7	Campus server upgrade	\$7,500	\$0
8	Operating expenses	21,500	0
9	Equipment	40,000	43,500
10	Boiler and resource center projects	650,000	0
11	Operating expense inflation	0	120,171
12	Boiler replacement	0	650,000
13	Fire alarm and controls	<u>0</u>	150,000
14	Total school for the deaf - all funds	\$719,000	\$963,671
15	Total school for the deaf - estimated income	719,000	<u>873,586</u>
16	Total school for the deaf - general fund	\$0	\$90,085
17	North Dakota vision services - school for the blind		
18	Vision screening devices	\$11,500	\$0
19	Replace flooring	10,000	0
20	Replace south wing air conditioning	40,000	0
21	Repair sidewalk, roof, and parking lot	24,000	0
22	Replace doors and key system	45,000	0
23	Heating, ventilation, and air conditioning upgrades	86,000	0
24	Install LED lighting	33,000	0
25	South wing electrical service	165,000	0
26	Equipment	0	26,000
27	Repairs and maintenance	<u>0</u>	439,000
28	Total school for the blind - estimated income	\$414,500	\$465,000
29	Grand total - all funds	\$353,300,706	<del>\$7,761,671</del>
30	Grand total - estimated income	353,100,706	7,338,586
31	Grand total - general fund	\$200,000	\$423,085

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1	Grand total - all funds	\$353,300,706	\$21,631,671
2	Grand total - estimated income	353,100,706	17.638.586
3	Grand total - general fund	\$200,000	\$3,993,085
4	The 2023-25 biennium one-time funding ar	mounts are not part of the entity'	s base budget for
5	the 2025-27 biennium. The department of publ	ic instruction, state library, school	ol for the deaf,
6	and North Dakota vision services - school for the	ne blind shall report to the appro	priations
7	committees of the sixty-ninth legislative assem	bly on the use of this one-time for	unding for the
8	biennium beginning July 1, 2023, and ending J	lune 30, 2025.	
9	SECTION 3. APPROPRIATION - TUITION	APPORTIONMENT. The sum of	of \$510,860,000,
10	included in the integrated formula payments lir	ne item in subdivision 1 of section	n 1 of this Act, is
11	from the state tuition fund in the state treasury.	Any additional amount in the sta	ate tuition fund
12	that becomes available for distribution to public	c schools is appropriated to the	department of
13	public instruction for that purpose for the bienn	ium beginning July 1, 2023, and	ending June 30,
14	2025.		
15	SECTION 4. ESTIMATED INCOME - FOU	INDATION AID STABILIZATION	I FUND. The
16	estimated income line item in subdivision 1 of	section 1 of this Act includes the	sum of
17	\$143,454,500 <u>\$157,000,000</u> from the foundation	on aid stabilization fund for integr	ated formula
18	payments.		
19	SECTION 5. ESTIMATED INCOME - STR	ATEGIC INVESTMENT AND IN	PROVEMENTS
20	FUND. The estimated income line item in subo	division 1 of section 1 of this Act	includes the sum
21	of \$8,900,000 from the strategic investment ar	nd improvements fund for certain	passthrough
22	grants.		
23	SECTION 6. INTEGRATED FORMULA P.	AYMENTS AND SPECIAL EDU	CATION
24	CONTRACTS EXPENDITURE AUTHORITY.	The superintendent of public ins	truction may
25	expend funds included in the integrated formu	la payments and grants - specia	l education
26	contracts line items in subdivision 1 of section	1 of this Act for paying grants for	r educational
27	services that were due in the 2021-23 bienniu	m but which were not filed, clain	ned, or properly
28	supported by the education provider until after	June 30, 2023. To be reimburse	ed under this
29	section, claims must be properly supported ar	nd filed with the superintendent of	of public
30	instruction by June 30, 2024.		

SECTION 7. GIFTED AND TALENTED PROGRAM. The sum of \$800,000, included in the integrated formula payments line item in subdivision 1 of section 1 of this Act, must be distributed to reimburse school districts or special education units for gifted and talented programs upon the submission of an application that is approved in accordance with guidelines adopted by the superintendent of public instruction. The superintendent of public instruction shall encourage cooperative efforts for gifted and talented programs among school districts and special education units.

# SECTION 8. MEDICAID MATCHING FUNDING AND SCHOOL APPROVAL - WITHHOLDING AND DISTRIBUTION.

- State school aid payments for special education must be reduced by the amount of matching funds required to be paid by school districts or special education units for students participating in the Medicaid program for the biennium beginning July 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2025. Special education funds equal to the amount of the matching funds required to be paid by the school district or special education unit must be paid by the superintendent of public instruction to the department of health and human services on behalf of the school district or unit.
- State school aid payments for integrated formula payments must be reduced by the amount of funds required to be paid by school districts for school approval for the biennium beginning July 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2025.

**SECTION 9. REGIONAL EDUCATION ASSOCIATION MERGER GRANTS - ONE-TIME FUNDING - DISTRIBUTION.** The grants - program grants line item included in subdivision 1 of section 1 of this Act includes \$70,000 from the general fund for the purpose of providing a one-time \$35,000 grant to each regional education association that merges with another regional education association to form a single entity with a single governing board during the biennium beginning July 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2025.

SECTION 10. REGIONAL EDUCATION ASSOCIATIONS - GRANTS - DISTRIBUTION.

The integrated formula payments line item in subdivision 1 of section 1 of this Act includes \$700,000\$500,000 from the general fund for the purpose of providing annual grants to regional education associations for the biennium beginning July 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2025. An annual grant of \$50,000\$35,714 is provided to each regional education association that exists

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as of July 1, 2023. Regional education associations that merge during the 2023-25 biennium 1 are entitled to the annual grants that would have been paid to each of the member associations. 2

SECTION 11. PASSTHROUGH GRANTS - APPLICATION - DISTRIBUTION -

REPORTING. The grants - passthrough grants line item in subdivision 1 of section 1 of this Act includes \$2,229,764 for passthrough grants. The superintendent of public instruction shall determine the manner in which each passthrough grant is distributed but no more than one half of the funding may be provided each year of the biennium. Annually grantees, as a condition of receiving the grant, must establish performance measures to be reviewed by the superintendent of public instruction. Grantees shall report annually to the superintendent of public instruction regarding performance based on the measures. The superintendent may not distribute the grant payment for the second year of the biennium until the grantee submits the annual report for the first year of the biennium. The superintendent of public instruction shall report to the appropriations committees of the sixty-ninth legislative assembly regarding funds granted, performance measures established for each grantee, and whether grantees met performance expectations.

## SECTION 11. USE OF NEW MONEY - NONADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL COMPENSATION INCREASES.

- During the 2023-25 biennium, the board of each school district shall use an amount equal to at least seventy percent of all new money received by the district, resulting from increases in the base integrated formula payment rate, to increase the compensation paid to nonadministrative personnel. Additional funding made available to school districts by reducing the local property tax contribution to the integrated formula is not considered new money.
- For purposes of this section, the superintendent of public instruction shall provide 2. guidance to school districts regarding the calculation of the amount of new money resulting from increases in the base integrated formula payment rate during the 2023-25 biennium.

SECTION 12. EXEMPTION - INDIRECT COST RECOVERIES, GENERAL EDUCATIONAL DEVELOPMENT FEES, AND DISPLACED HOMEMAKER DEPOSITS.

Notwithstanding section 54-44.1-15, the department of public instruction may deposit indirect 30 cost recoveries in its operating account. In addition, any moneys collected by the department of 31

- public instruction for general educational development fees and displaced homemakers
  deposits must be deposited in the public instruction fund in the state treasury. Any funds
  deposited in the public instruction fund may only be spent subject to appropriation by the
  legislative assembly.
  - SECTION 13. EXEMPTION TRANSFER PUBLIC INSTRUCTION FUND TRANSFER GENERAL FUND. Notwithstanding section 54-44.1-11, if, after the superintendent of public instruction complies with all statutory payment obligations imposed for the 2021-23 biennium, from any moneys remaining in the integrated formula payments line item in subdivision 1 of section 1 of chapter 13 of the 2021 Session Laws, the lesser of \$16,009,764\$20,069,000 or the remaining amount must be continued into the 2023-25 biennium and the office of management and budget shall transfer this amount into the public instruction fund for the purpose of providing program and passthrough grants as appropriated in subdivision 1 of section 1 of this Act. The superintendent of public instruction shall transfer any these funds remaining unspent at the end of the 2023-25 biennium to the general fund.

**SECTION 14. EXEMPTION - UNEXPENDED APPROPRIATIONS.** The following appropriations are not subject to the provisions of section 54-44.1-11 and may be continued into the biennium beginning July 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2025:

- Any funds remaining from federal funds derived from the elementary and secondary school emergency education relief fund and any other federal funds appropriated in subdivision 2 of section 2 of chapter 28 of the 2021 Session Laws; and
- Any funds remaining from federal funds appropriated in subsection 2 of section 6 of chapter 15 of the 2021 Session Laws, as amended in section 1 of chapter 548 of the 2021 Special Session Session Laws.

# SECTION 15. EXEMPTION - UNEXPENDED STATE AUTOMATED REPORTING SYSTEM AND STATEWIDE LONGITUDINAL DATA SYSTEM UPGRADE APPROPRIATION.

The sum of \$10,000,000 of special funds from the public instruction fund in the state treasury, derived from reimbursements withheld from school districts' integrated formula payments for the purpose of information technology project upgrades to the state automated reporting system and the statewide longitudinal data system, appropriated to the department of public instruction in section 17 of chapter 549 of the 2021 Special Session Session Laws, is not subject to the provisions of section 54-44.1-11 and any unexpended funds from this one-time appropriation

1	may be continued and are available for information technology project upgrades to the state						
2	automated reporting system and the statewide longitudinal data system during the biennium						
3	beginning July 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2025. The department of public instruction shall						
4	transfer any funds continued in excess of \$5,000,000 to the information technology department						
5	for statewide longitudinal data system upgrades.						
6	SECTION 16. STATE AID TO PUBLIC LIBRARIES. The grants line item in subdivision 23						
7	of section 1 of this Act includes \$1,737,582 for aid to public libraries, of which no more than						
8	one-half may be expended during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.						
9	SECTION 17. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-02-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is						
10	amended and reenacted as follows:						
11	15.1-02-02. Salary.						
12	The annual salary of the superintendent of public instruction is one hundred twenty-seven-						
13	thousand seven hundred sixty-eightthirty-five thousand five hundred thirty-sixthirty-eight						
14	thousand one hundred forty-two dollars through June 30, 20222024, and one hundred thirty-						
15	thousand three hundred twenty-three forty thousand nine hundred fifty-seven forty-three						
16	thousand six hundred sixty-eight dollars thereafter.						
17	SECTION 18. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-27-04.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is						
18	amended and reenacted as follows:						
19	15.1-27-04.1. Baseline funding - Establishment - Determination of state aid. (Effective						
20	through June 30, 2025)						
21	1. To determine the amount of state aid payable to each district, the superintendent of						
22	public instruction shall establish each district's baseline funding. A district's baseline						
23	funding consists of:						
24	a. All state aid received by the district in accordance with chapter 15.1-27 during the						
25	2018-19 school year;						
26	b. An amount equal to the property tax deducted by the superintendent of public						
27	instruction to determine the 2018-19 state aid payment;						
28	c. An amount equal to seventy-five percent of the revenue received by the school						
20	district during the 2017-18 school year for the following revenue types:						

- 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30
- (1) Revenue reported under code 2000 of the North Dakota school district financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08;
- (2) Mineral revenue received by the school district through direct allocation from the state treasurer and not reported under code 2000 of the North Dakota school district financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08;
- (3)Tuition reported under code 1300 of the North Dakota school district financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08. with the exception of revenue received specifically for the operation of an educational program provided at a residential treatment facility, tuition received for the provision of an adult farm management program, and beginning in the 2021-22 school year, seventeen percent of tuition received under an agreement to educate students from a school district on an air force base with funding received through federal impact aid, and an additional seventeen percent of tuition received under an agreement to educate students from a school district on an air force base with funding received through federal impact aid each school year thereafter, until the 2024-25 school year when sixty-eight percent of tuition received under an agreement to educate students from a school district on an air force base with funding received through federal impact aid must be excluded from the tuition calculation under this paragraph;
- (4) Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes on the distribution and transmission of electric power;
- (5) Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes on electricity generated from sources other than coal; and
- (6) Revenue from the leasing of land acquired by the United States for which compensation is allocated to the state under 33 U.S.C. 701(c)(3);

- d. An amount equal to the total revenue received by the school district during the
   2017-18 school year for the following revenue types:
  - (1) Mobile home tax revenue;
  - (2) Telecommunications tax revenue; and
  - (3) Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes and state reimbursement of the homestead credit and disabled veterans credit; and
- e. Beginning with the 2020-21 school year, the superintendent shall reduce the baseline funding for any school district that becomes an elementary district pursuant to section 15.1-07-27 after the 2012-13 school year. The reduction must be proportional to the number of weighted student units in the grades that are offered through another school district relative to the total number of weighted student units the school district offered in the year before the school district became an elementary district. The reduced baseline funding applies to the calculation of state aid for the first school year in which the school district becomes an elementary district and for each year thereafter. For districts that become an elementary district prior to the 2020-21 school year, the superintendent shall use the reduced baseline funding to calculate state aid for the 2020-21 school year and for each year thereafter.
- a. The superintendent shall divide the district's baseline funding determined in subsection 1 by the district's 2017-18 weighted student units to determine the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit.
  - b. For any school district that becomes an elementary district pursuant to section 15.1-07-27 after the 2017-18 school year, the superintendent shall adjust the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit used to calculate state aid. The superintendent shall divide the district's baseline funding determined in subsection 1 by the district's weighted student units after the school district becomes an elementary district to determine the district's adjusted baseline funding per weighted student unit. The superintendent shall use the district's adjusted baseline funding per weighted student unit in the calculation of state aid for the first school year in which the school district becomes an elementary district and for each year thereafter.

- c. Beginning with the 2021-22 school year and for each school year thereafter, the superintendent shall reduce the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. Each year the superintendent shall calculate the amount by which the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit exceeds the payment per weighted student unit provided in subsection 3. The superintendent shall reduce the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit by fifteen percent of the amount by which the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit exceeds the payment per weighted student unit for the 2021-22 school year. For each year thereafter, the reduction percentage is increased by an additional fifteen percent. However, the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, after the reduction, may not be less than the payment per weighted student unit provided in subsection 3.
- a. For the 2021-22 school year, the superintendent shall calculate state aid as the greater of:
  - The district's weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand one hundred thirty-six dollars;
  - (2) One hundred two percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's weighted student units, not to exceed the district's 2017-18 baseline weighted student units, plus any weighted student units in excess of the 2017-18 baseline weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand one hundred thirty-six dollars; or
  - (3) The district's baseline funding as established in subsection 1 less the amount in paragraph 1, with the difference reduced by fifteen percent and then the difference added to the amount determined in paragraph 1.
  - b. For the 2022-23 school year and each school year thereafter, the superintendent shall calculate state aid as the greater of:
    - (1) The district's weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand two hundred thirty-seven dollars;
    - (2) One hundred two percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's

- weighted student units, not to exceed the district's 2017-18 baseline weighted student units, plus any weighted student units in excess of the 2017-18 baseline weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand two hundred thirty-seven dollars; or
- (3) The district's baseline funding as established in subsection 1 less the amount in paragraph 1, with the difference reduced by thirty percent for the 2022-23 school year and the reduction percentage increasing by fifteen percent each school year thereafter until the difference is reduced to zero, and then the difference added to the amount determined in paragraph 1.
- c. The superintendent also shall adjust state aid determined in this subsection to ensure the amount does not exceed the transition maximum as follows:
  - (1) For the 2021-22 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's weighted student units from the previous school year.
  - (2) For the 2022-23 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's weighted student units from the previous school year.
  - (3) For the 2023-24 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, plus twenty percent of the difference between the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. The transition maximum is determined by multiplying the transition maximum rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection, by the district's weighted student units from the previous school year.
  - (4) For the 2024-25 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, plus forty percent of the difference between the

- rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. The transition maximum is determined by multiplying the transition maximum rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection, by the district's weighted student units from the previous school year.
- (5) For the 2025-26 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, plus sixty percent of the difference between the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. The transition maximum is determined by multiplying the transition maximum rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection, by the district's weighted student units from the previous school year.
- (6) For the 2026-27 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, plus eighty percent of the difference between the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. The transition maximum is determined by multiplying the transition maximum rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection, by the district's weighted student units from the previous school year.
- 4. After determining the product in accordance with subsection 3, the superintendent of public instruction shall:
  - a. Subtract an amount equal to sixty mills multiplied by the taxable valuation of the school district, except the amount in dollars subtracted for purposes of this subdivision may not exceed the previous year's amount in dollars subtracted for purposes of this subdivision by more than twelve percent, adjusted pursuant to section 15.1-27-04.3; and

30

- b. Subtract an amount equal to seventy-five percent of all revenue types listed in subdivisions c and d of subsection 1. Before determining the deduction for seventy-five percent of all revenue types, the superintendent of public instruction shall adjust revenues as follows:
  - (1) Tuition revenue shall be adjusted as follows:
    - (a) In addition to deducting tuition revenue received specifically for the operation of an educational program provided at a residential treatment facility, tuition revenue received for the provision of an adult farm management program, tuition received for the education of high-cost and special education students, and tuition received under an agreement to educate students from a school district on an air force base with funding received through federal impact aid as directed each school year in paragraph 3 of subdivision c of subsection 1, the superintendent of public instruction also shall reduce the total tuition reported by the school district by the amount of tuition revenue received for the education of students not residing in the state and for which the state has not entered a cross-border education contract; and
    - (b) The superintendent of public instruction also shall reduce the total tuition reported by admitting school districts meeting the requirements of subdivision e of subsection 2 of section 15.1-29-12 by the amount of tuition revenue received for the education of students residing in an adjacent school district.
  - (2) After adjusting tuition revenue as provided in paragraph 1, the superintendent shall reduce all remaining revenues from all revenue types by the percentage of mills levied in 2020 by the school district for sinking and interest relative to the total mills levied in 2020 by the school district for all purposes.
- The amount remaining after the computation required under subsection 4 is the amount of state aid to which a school district is entitled, subject to any other statutory requirements or limitations.

1	6.	On	or bet	ore June thirtieth of each year, the school board shall certify to the				
2		sup	superintendent of public instruction the final average daily membership for the current					
3		sch	ool ye	ar.				
4	7.	For	purpo	oses of the calculation in subsection 4, each county auditor, in collaboration				
5		with	the s	school districts, shall report the following to the superintendent of public				
6		inst	ructio	n on an annual basis:				
7		a.	The	amount of revenue received by each school district in the county during the				
8 9				rious school year for each type of revenue identified in subdivisions c and d of section 1;				
10		b.		total number of mills levied in the previous calendar year by each school				
11			distr	ict for all purposes; and				
12		C.	The	number of mills levied in the previous calendar year by each school district				
13				inking and interest fund purposes.				
14	Ва	seline	func	ling - Establishment - Determination of state aid. (Effective after				
15	June 3	0, 202	25)					
16	1.	To	letern	nine the amount of state aid payable to each district, the superintendent of				
17		pub	public instruction shall establish each district's baseline funding. A district's baseline					
18		fund	ding o	onsists of:				
19		a.	Alls	tate aid received by the district in accordance with chapter 15.1-27 during the				
20			201	3-19 school year;				
21		b.	An a	amount equal to the property tax deducted by the superintendent of public				
22			instr	ruction to determine the 2018-19 state aid payment;				
23		C.	An a	amount equal to seventy-five percent of the revenue received by the school				
24			distr	ict during the 2017-18 school year for the following revenue types:				
25			(1)	Revenue reported under code 2000 of the North Dakota school district				
26				financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the				
27				superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08;				
28			(2)	Mineral revenue received by the school district through direct allocation from				
29				the state treasurer and not reported under code 2000 of the North Dakota				
30				school district financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by				

1 the superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section 2 15.1-02-08; 3 Tuition reported under code 1300 of the North Dakota school district (3)4 financial accounting and reporting manual, as developed by the 5 superintendent of public instruction in accordance with section 15.1-02-08, 6 with the exception of revenue received specifically for the operation of an educational program provided at a residential treatment facility, tuition 8 received for the provision of an adult farm management program, and 9 beginning in the 2025-26 school year, eighty-five percent of tuition received 10 under an agreement to educate students from a school district on an 11 air force base with funding received through federal impact aid, until the 12 2026-27 school year, and each school year thereafter, when all tuition 13 received under an agreement to educate students from a school district on 14 an air force base with funding received through federal impact aid must be 15 excluded from the tuition calculation under this paragraph; 16 Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes on the distribution and transmission 17 of electric power; 18 (5)Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes on electricity generated from 19 sources other than coal; and 20 Revenue from the leasing of land acquired by the United States for which 21 compensation is allocated to the state under 33 U.S.C. 701(c)(3); and 22 An amount equal to the total revenue received by the school district during the 23 2017-18 school year for the following revenue types: 24 Mobile home tax revenue; 25 (2)Telecommunications tax revenue; and 26 (3)Revenue from payments in lieu of taxes and state reimbursement of the 27 homestead credit and disabled veterans credit. 28 Beginning with the 2020-21 school year, the superintendent shall reduce the 29 baseline funding for any school district that becomes an elementary district 30 pursuant to section 15.1-07-27 after the 2012-13 school year. The reduction must 31 be proportional to the number of weighted student units in the grades that are

offered through another school district relative to the total number of weighted student units the school district offered in the year before the school district became an elementary district. The reduced baseline funding applies to the calculation of state aid for the first school year in which the school district becomes an elementary district and for each year thereafter. For districts that become an elementary district prior to the 2020-21 school year, the superintendent shall use the reduced baseline funding to calculate state aid for the 2020-21 school year and for each year thereafter.

- a. The superintendent shall divide the district's baseline funding determined in subsection 1 by the district's 2017-18 weighted student units to determine the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit.
  - b. For any school district that becomes an elementary district pursuant to section 15.1-07-27 after the 2017-18 school year, the superintendent shall adjust the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit used to calculate state aid. The superintendent shall divide the district's baseline funding determined in subsection 1 by the district's weighted student units after the school district becomes an elementary district to determine the district's adjusted baseline funding per weighted student unit. The superintendent shall use the district's adjusted baseline funding per weighted student unit in the calculation of state aid for the first school year in which the school district becomes an elementary district and for each year thereafter.
  - c. Beginning with the 2021-22 school year and for each school year thereafter, the superintendent shall reduce the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. Each year the superintendent shall calculate the amount by which the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit exceeds the payment per weighted student unit provided in subsection 3. The superintendent shall reduce the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit by fifteen percent of the amount by which the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit exceeds the payment per weighted student unit for the 2021-22 school year. For each year thereafter, the reduction percentage is increased by an additional fifteen percent. However, the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, after

1		the	reduction, may not be less than the payment per weighted student unit
2		prov	vided in subsection 3.
3	3. a.	For	the 2021-22 school year, the superintendent shall calculate state aid as the
4		grea	ater of:
5		(1)	The district's weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand one hundred
6			thirty-six dollars;
7		(2)	One hundred two percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted
8			student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's
9			weighted student units, not to exceed the district's 2017-18 baseline
10			weighted student units, plus any weighted student units in excess of the
11			2017-18 baseline weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand
12			one hundred thirty-six dollars; or
13	Aller State of the	(3)	The district's baseline funding as established in subsection 1 less the
14			amount in paragraph 1, with the difference reduced by fifteen percent and
15	40 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		then the difference added to the amount determined in paragraph 1.
16	6 b.	For	the 2022-23 school year and each school year thereafter, the superintendent
17		sha	Il calculate state aid as the greater of:
18		(1)	The district's weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand two hundred
19			thirty-seven dollars;
20		(2)	One hundred two percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted
21			student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's
22			weighted student units, not to exceed the district's 2017-18 baseline
23			weighted student units, plus any weighted student units in excess of the
24			2017-18 baseline weighted student units multiplied by ten thousand
25			two hundred thirty-seven dollars; or
26		(3)	The district's baseline funding as established in subsection 1 less the
27			amount in paragraph 1, with the difference reduced by thirty percent for the
28			2022-23 school year and the reduction percentage increasing by fifteen
29			percent each school year thereafter until the difference is reduced to zero.
30			and then the difference added to the amount determined in paragraph 1.

- c. The superintendent also shall adjust state aid determined in this subsection to ensure the amount does not exceed the transition maximum as follows:
  - (1) For the 2021-22 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's weighted student units from the previous school year.
  - (2) For the 2022-23 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, multiplied by the district's weighted student units from the previous school year.
  - (3) For the 2023-24 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, plus twenty percent of the difference between the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. The transition maximum is determined by multiplying the transition maximum rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection, by the district's weighted student units from the previous school year.
  - (4) For the 2024-25 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, plus forty percent of the difference between the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. The transition maximum is determined by multiplying the transition maximum rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection, by the district's weighted student units from the previous school year.
  - (5) For the 2025-26 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, plus sixty percent of the difference between the

rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. The transition maximum is determined by multiplying the transition maximum rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection, by the district's weighted student units from the previous school year.

- (6) For the 2026-27 school year, the transition maximum rate is one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit, as established in subsection 2, plus eighty percent of the difference between the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection and one hundred ten percent of the district's baseline funding per weighted student unit. The transition maximum is determined by multiplying the transition maximum rate, which may not exceed the rate under paragraph 1 of subdivision b of this subsection, by the district's weighted student units from the previous school year.
- 4. After determining the product in accordance with subsection 3, the superintendent of public instruction shall:
  - Subtract an amount equal to sixty mills multiplied by the taxable valuation of the school district; and
  - b. Subtract an amount equal to seventy-five percent of all revenue types listed in subdivisions c and d of subsection 1. Before determining the deduction for seventy-five percent of all revenue types, the superintendent of public instruction shall adjust revenues as follows:
    - (1) Tuition revenue shall be adjusted as follows:
      - (a) In addition to deducting tuition revenue received specifically for the operation of an educational program provided at a residential treatment facility, tuition revenue received for the provision of an adult farm management program, tuition received for the education of high-cost and special education students, and tuition received under an agreement to educate students from a school district on an air force base with funding received through federal impact aid as

1	46	directed each school year in paragraph 3 of subdivision c of
2		subsection 1, the superintendent of public instruction also shall reduce
3		the total tuition reported by the school district by the amount of tuition
4		revenue received for the education of students not residing in the
5		state and for which the state has not entered a cross-border education
6		contract; and
7		(b) The superintendent of public instruction also shall reduce the total
8		tuition reported by admitting school districts meeting the requirements
9		of subdivision e of subsection 2 of section 15.1-29-12 by the amount
10		of tuition revenue received for the education of students residing in an
11		adjacent school district.
12		(2) After adjusting tuition revenue as provided in paragraph 1, the
13		superintendent shall reduce all remaining revenues from all revenue types
14		by the percentage of mills levied in 2020 by the school district for sinking
15		and interest relative to the total mills levied in 2020 by the school district for
16		all purposes.
17	5.	The amount remaining after the computation required under subsection 4 is the
18		amount of state aid to which a school district is entitled, subject to any other statutory
19		requirements or limitations.
20	6.	On or before June thirtieth of each year, the school board shall certify to the
21		superintendent of public instruction the final average daily membership for the current
22		school year.
23	7.	For purposes of the calculation in subsection 4, each county auditor, in collaboration
24		with the school districts, shall report the following to the superintendent of public
25		instruction on an annual basis:
26		a. The amount of revenue received by each school district in the county during the
27		previous school year for each type of revenue identified in subdivisions c and d of
28		subsection 1;
29		b. The total number of mills levied in the previous calendar year by each school
30		district for all purposes; and

The number of mills levied in the previous calendar year by each school district 1 2 for sinking and interest fund purposes. SECTION 19. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-32-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is 3 4 amended and reenacted as follows: 5 15.1-32-01. Definitions. 6 As used in this chapter: 7 "Major life activities" include learning, walking, talking, breathing, and caring for 8 oneself. 9 "Related services" means transportation and developmental and corrective or supportive services required to assist a student with disabilities to benefit from special 10 11 education. 12 "Special education" means instruction designed to meet the needs of a student with 2.3. 13 disabilities, transportation, and corrective and supporting services required to assist a 14 student with disabilities in taking advantage of, or responding to, educational programs 15 and opportunities. 16 "Student who is gifted" means an individual who is identified by qualified professionals 3.4. 17 as being capable of high performance and who needs educational programs and 18 services beyond those normally provided in a regular education program. 19 4.5. "Student with a disability" means an individual who is at least three years of age but who has not reached the age of twenty-one before August first of the year in 20 21 which the individual turns twenty-one and who requires special education and 22 related services because of: 23 An intellectual disability; 24 A hearing impairment, including deafness; (2) 25 (3) Deaf-blindness; 26 (4) A speech or language impairment; 27 A visual impairment, including blindness; (5)28 An emotional disturbance; (6)29 An orthopedic impairment; (7) 30 (8)Autism: 31 A traumatic brain injury; (9)

1	(10) Other health impairment; or
2	(11) A specific learning disability.
3	b. "Student with a disability" includes a student age eighteen through twenty-one
4	who is incarcerated in an adult correctional facility and who, in the last
5	educational placement prior to incarceration, was identified as being a student
6	with a disability and did not have an individualized education program or was
7	identified as being a student with a disability and had an individualized education
8	program.
9	6. "Student with a significant medical condition" means a student with a physical or
10	mental impairment, whether permanent or temporary, which substantially limits one or
11	more major life activities and who is not entitled to special education and related
12	services.
13	SECTION 20. AMENDMENT. Section 15.1-32-14 of the North Dakota Century Code is
14	amended and reenacted as follows:
15	15.1-32-14. Special education students - Contracts for placement High-cost students.
16	1. If in the opinion of an individualized education program team or a services plan team a
17	student with a disability or a student with a significant medical condition is unable to
18	attend a public school in the special education unit to which the student's school
19	district of residence belongs, the student's school district of residence shall
20	contractrelease the student at the time deemed necessary to begin attendance with
21	another public school that:
22	a. Does not belong to the same special education unit;
23	b. Is located in this state;
24	e.b. Is willing to admit the student; and
25	d.c. Is able to provide appropriate services to the student.
26	2. The superintendent of public instruction shall approve in advance the terms of the
27	contract and the services to be provided by the admitting school.
28	3. The contract must provide that the student's school district of residence is liable for the
29	cost of educating the student.
30	4.3. Upon being notified by the district in which the student receives services that the
31	student's school district of residence has not paid for services that were provided to

the student, the superintendent of public instruction, after verification, shall withhold all state aid payments to which the student's school district of residence is entitled, until the required payments have been made.

**SECTION 21. AMENDMENT.** Section 15.1-32-18 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

15.1-32-18. Cost - Liability of school district for special education and other high-cost services.

- 1. Each year the superintendent of public instruction shall identify the approximately one percent of special education students with a disability and students with a significant medical condition statewide who are not eligible for cost reimbursement under section 15.1-29-14 and who require the greatest school district expenditures in order to provide them with education and services, including special education and related services. This percentage represents the number of students that would qualify for excess cost reimbursement beyond the multiplier that is established in subsection 3.
- The excess costs of providing special education and related services to these students
  are the responsibility of the state and the superintendent of public instruction shall
  reimburse the school districts for any excess costs incurred in the provision of special
  education and related the services to the identified students.
- "Excess costs" are those that exceed four times the state average cost of education
  per student and which are incurred by the special education students identified in
  subsection 1.
- 4. All costs of providing special education and related services to those students identified in subsection 1, other than excess costs reimbursed by the state, are the responsibility of the student's school district of residence.
- 5. In addition to any other reimbursements provided under this section, if a school district expends more than two percent of its annual budget for the provision of special education and related services to one student with a disability or significant medical condition, the district shall notify the superintendent of public instruction. Upon verification, the superintendent shall reimburse the district for the difference between:
  - a. Two percent of the district's annual budget; and
  - b. The lesser of:

1		(1) The amount actually expended by the district for the provision of special
2		education and related services to that student; or
3		(2) The amount representing four times the state average cost of education per
4		student.
5	SEC	CTION 22. AMENDMENT. Section 54-24.3-01 of the North Dakota Century Code is
6	amende	ed and reenacted as follows:
7	54-2	24.3-01. Definitions.
8	In th	nis chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:
9	1.	"Academic library" means a library that is part of a college or university that is publicly
10		or privately funded and whose primary role is to provide resources to enrich and
11		support the school's curricula and the research needs of students and faculty.
12	2.	"Library resource center" means a central service unit, whose location is to be agreed
13		upon by members of the regional library cooperative and which is responsible for
14		extending special services to support members of the regional library cooperative,
15	*	while meeting all cooperative standards.
16	3.	"Multitype library authority" means a geographic subdivision within which multitype
17		libraries are organized for the purpose of providing library and information services
18		through cooperation and mutual support.
19	4.	"Participant library" means any library agreeing to join a regional library cooperative.
20	5.	"Public library" means a library that is supported with funds derived from taxation and
21		which maintains a balanced collection of materials to serve the lifelong information,
22		reading, and recreational needs of the general population. For purposes of this
23		chapter, "public library" includes tribal libraries.
24	6.	"Regional library cooperative" means an organization of one or more types of library
25		organized under Article VI of section 54-24.1-01, or a multitype library authority.
26	7.	"School library media center" means a learning center operated as part of a publicly or
27		privately supported school or school district and whose role is to provide instruction,
28		cooperatively design learning strategies, and provide resources that support and

enrich the curriculum, following the North Dakota school library media guidelines.

1	8.	"Special library" means a public or private sector library whose collection is specialized
2		and limited in scope and size and whose role is to provide information to a limited
3		clientele.
4	SEC	CTION 23. LEGISLATIVE INTENT - AMENDMENTS TO THE STATE SCHOOL AID
5	INTEGR	RATED FUNDING FORMULA. It is the intent of the sixty-eighth legislative assembly that
6	the sixty	r-ninth legislative assembly consider amendments to the state school aid integrated
7	funding	formula only in the appropriation bill for the department of public instruction.
8	SEC	CTION 24. EFFECTIVE DATE. Senate Bill No. 2269, as approved by the sixty-eighth
9	legislati	ve assembly, becomes effective July 1, 2023. Sections 3, 4, and 7 of Senate Bill No.
0	2050, as	s approved by the sixty-eighth legislative assembly, become effective May 15, 2023.
11	SEC	CTION 25. EMERGENCY. Sections 3, 4, and 7, of Senate Bill No. 2050 and Senate Bill
2	No. 226	9, as approved by the sixty-eighth legislative assembly, are declared to be an
13	emerge	ncy measure