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SECOND ENGROSSMENT

Sixty-eighth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

REENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 2248

Introduced by

Senators Hogue, Larson, Luick

Representatives Klemin, Louser

A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new section to chapter 19-03.1, section 19-03.1-23.6,
and a new section to chapter 50-06 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to a special
penalty for death or injury through distribution of illegal drugs, fentanyl reporting, and an opioid
settlement fund; to amend and reenact subdivision d of subsection 1 of section 19-03.1-23.1 of
the North Dakota Century Code, relating to the increased penalty for delivering or selling a
controlled substance resulting in a substantial injury or death; and to provide a penalty; and to
provide an appropriation.

8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

9	SECTION 1. A new section to chapter 19-03.1 of the North Dakota Century Code is created		
10	and enacted as follows:		
11	Distribution of illegal drugs - Special penalty for death or injury.		
12	1. As used in this section:		
13	a. "Consume" means to inject, ingest, or inhale a controlled substance.		
14	<u>b. "Controlled substance" includes derivatives or analogs to a scheduled controlled</u>		
15	substance.		
16	<u>e. "Injury" means an overdose that puts an individual's life at immediate risk.</u>		
17	<u>d. "Supplies" includes delivering, supplying, directing, or willfully assisting another to</u>		
18	supply or deliver a controlled substance.		
19	2. An individual is guilty of causing death or injury by distributing a controlled substance if		
20	the individual willfully supplies another to deliver a controlled substance to an		
21	individual who consumes the controlled substance and that individual dies or is injured		
22	from overdosing after consuming a portion of the controlled substance.		
23	a. A violation of this section is a class A felony.		

1	<u>b.</u> <u>This section does not limit a conviction under chapter 12.1-16, but an individual</u>		
2	may not be found guilty of this section and an offense under chapter 12.1-16 if		
3	the conduct arises out of the same course of conduct.		
4	3. Venue for an offense under this section is in the county where the death or injury		
5	occurred or any county where the controlled substance was directly or		
6	indirectly obtained by the deceased or injured individual.		
7	a. An individual may not be convicted in more than one county for the death or		
8	injury of the same individual who overdosed on a controlled substance.		
9	b. Notwithstanding chapter 29-03, an individual outside the state may be		
10	prosecuted within the state under this section.		
11	c. The charging document for a violation of this section must list an overt act in		
12	which the individual engaged to violate this section.		
13	d. Injury or death by an overdose may be proven by direct or circumstantial		
14	evidence.		
15	4. An individual may not be charged under this section if the individual supplied or		
16	administered a controlled substance as part of a medical procedure or the individual		
17	was in a lawful position to dispense a medication prescription.		
18	a. An individual may not be charged under this section if the individual complied		
19	with section 19-3.1-23.4.		
20	<u>b. It is not a defense to this section that the deceased or injured individual</u>		
21	had other controlled substances or alcohol in the individual's system which the		
22	defendant did not supply at the time of an overdose.		
23	SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Subdivision d of subsection 1 of section 19-03.1-23.1 of the		
24	North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:		
25	d. The defendant sells, distributes, delivers, or conspires to deliver a controlled		
26	substance to an individual which results in the substantial injury or death of the		
27	individual due to the use of that controlled substance and the substantial injury or		
28	death of the individual would not have occurred in the absence of the defendant's		
29	conduct. This subdivision does not apply to an individual who is immune from		
30	prosecution under section 19-03.1-23.4.		

1	(1) Venue for an offense under this subdivision is in the county where the death		
2	or substantial injury occurred or any county where the controlled substance		
3	was directly or indirectly obtained by the deceased or injured individual.		
4	(a)	An individual may not be convicted in more than one county for the	
5		death or substantial injury of the same individual who overdosed on a	
6		controlled substance.	
7	(b)	Notwithstanding chapter 29-03, an individual outside the state may be	
8		prosecuted within the state under this subdivision.	
9	(c)	The charging document for a violation of this subdivision must list an	
10		overt act in which the individual engaged to violate this subdivision.	
11	(d)	Substantial injury or death by an overdose may be proven by direct or	
12		circumstantial evidence.	
13	(2) As u	sed in this subdivision:	
14	(a)	"Results" means the substantial injury or death would not have	
15		occurred but for the conduct of the defendant operating either alone or	
16		concurrently with another cause, unless the concurrent cause was	
17		clearly sufficient to produce the result and the conduct of the	
18		defendant clearly insufficient.	
19	(b)	"Substantial injury" means an overdose that puts an individual's life at	
20		immediate risk of death.	
21	SECTION 2. Section	n 19-03.1-23.6 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and	
22	enacted as follows:		
23	19-03.1-23.6. Fentanyl reporting - Report to legislative management - Fentanyl		
24	awareness campaign.		
25	1. As used in this section:		
26	a. "Health co	are provider" means a person licensed or certified by the state to	
27	provide h	ealth care services. The term includes emergency service personnel, a	
28	medical h	ospital, and a medical clinic.	
29	<u>b. "Law enfo</u>	preement agency" means a nonfederal public agency authorized by law	
30	or by a go	overnment agency or branch to enforce the law and to conduct or	

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Developing a media and social media campaign to expand statewide awareness of fentanyl drug deaths and the fentanyl overdose epidemic occurring within the state.

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SECTION 3. A new section to chapter 50-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as follows:

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Opioid settlement fund.

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There is created in the state treasury an opioid settlement fund. The fund consists of opioidlitigation funds received by the state. Moneys received by the state as a result of opioid litigation must be deposited in the fund. Moneys in the fund may be used as authorized by legislative appropriation. The legislative assembly shall consult with the governor in determining the use of the moneys in the fund. As used in this section, "opioid litigation" means civil litigation, demand, or settlement in lieu of litigation alleging unlawful conduct related to the marketing, sale, or distribution of opioids in this state or other alleged illegal actions that contributed to the excessive use of opioids.

SECTION 3. APPROPRIATION - DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES -FENTANYL AWARENESS EXPANSION. There is appropriated out of any moneys from the opioid settlement fund, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$1,500,000, or so much of the sum as may be necessary, to the department of health and human services for the purpose of providing and expanding statewide awareness of the fentanyl drug and overdose epidemic, for the biennium beginning July 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2025Best practices relating to fentanyl drug overdose by the department of health and human services as provided insection 3 of House Bill No. 1447, as approved by the sixty-eighth legislative assembly, includes providing and expanding statewide awareness of fentanyl drug deaths and the fentanyl overdose epidemic, communication strategies and campaigns, access to Naloxone, and other strategies as provided under section 2 of this Act, for the biennium beginning July 1, 2023, and ending June 30, 2025.