Sixty-eighth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

SENATE BILL NO. 2218

Introduced by

Senator Vedaa

Representatives D. Anderson, Louser, Thomas

A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact subsection 1 of section 65-05-08 and section

65-05-09.3 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to the workers' compensation disability

benefits and retirement presumption; and to repeal sections 65-05-09.4 and 65-05-09.5 of the

North Dakota Century Code, relating to workers' compensation additional benefits payable; and

to provide for application. for an Act to provide for a legislative management study regarding

repealing the workers' compensation retirement presumption and additional benefits payable.

7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

8 SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 65-05-08 of the North Dakota Century 9 Code is amended and reenacted as follows: 10 1. When disability benefits are discontinued, the organization may not begin payment 11 again unless the injured employee files a reapplication for disability benefits on a form-12 supplied by the organization. In case of reapplication, the award may commence no-13 more than thirty days before the date of reapplication. Disability benefits must be 14 reinstated upon proof by the injured employee that: 15 The employee has sustained a significant change in the compensable medical 16 condition; and 17 The employee has sustained an actual wage loss caused by the significant 18 change in the compensable medical condition; and 19 The employee has not retired or voluntarily withdrawn from the job market as-20 defined in section 65-05-09-3 21 SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 65-05-09.3 of the North Dakota Century Code is 22 amended and reenacted as follows:

65-05-09.3. Retirement presumption - Termination of benefits upon retirement.

- 1. An employee who has retired or voluntarily withdrawn from the labor force and who, at that time, was not eligible to receive temporary total disability, temporary partial disability, or permanent total disability benefits or to receive a rehabilitation allowance from the organization is presumed retired from the labor market and is ineligible for receipt of disability benefits under this title. The presumption may be rebutted by a preponderance of the evidence; however, the subjective statement of an employee that the employee is not retired is not sufficient in itself to rebut objective evidence of retirement.
- 2. An injured employee who begins receiving social security retirement benefits or other retirement benefits in lieu of social security retirement benefits or who attains retirement age for social security retirement benefits, unless the employee proves the employee is not eligible to receive social security retirement benefits or other benefits in lieu of social security retirement benefits, is considered retired. The organization may not pay any disability benefits, rehabilitation benefits, or supplementary benefits to an employee who is considered retired; however, the employee remains eligible for medical benefits, permanent partial impairment benefits, and the additional benefit payable under section 65-05-09.4.
- 3. The organization retains liability for disability benefits, rehabilitation benefits, permanent partial impairment benefits, and medical benefits for an injured employee who is receiving social security retirement benefits or other retirement benefits in lieu of social security retirement benefits or who attains retirement age for social security retirement benefits, unless the employee is not eligible to receive social security retirement benefits or other benefits in lieu of social security retirement benefits, and who is gainfully employed and who suffers an injury arising out of and in the course of that employment. The organization may not pay disability or rehabilitation benefits under this subsection for more than three years, subject to section 65-05-09.2, for injuries occurring after August 1, 1997.
- 4. If an employee is injured within the two years preceding the employee's presumed retirement date, the organization shall pay disability benefits, rehabilitation benefits, or a combination of both benefits for no more than two years. If the duration of disability

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additional benefits payable statutes, and the three-year cap on benefits without retroactive
application; an assessment of the potential fiscal impact of repealing the retirement presumption
with retroactive application; and an examination of the number of individuals impacted by
repealing the retirement presumption retroactively. The study may include input and the
assistance of workforce safety and insurance. The legislative management shall report its
findings and recommendations, together with any legislation necessary to implement the
recommendations, to the sixty-ninth legislative assembly.