Sixty-eighth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4013

Introduced by

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Senators Myrdal, Hogue

Representatives Cory, Lefor

A concurrent resolution to amend and reenact sections 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 9 of article III of the Constitution of North Dakota, relating to the required number of signatures needed to place a measure on the ballot, the process for approving initiated constitutional amendments measures, the requirement of a single subject for each petition and measure, the individuals able to circulate a petition, and the requirement that all ballot measures must be voted on at the general election.

STATEMENT OF INTENT

This measure would restrict circulation of petitions for an initiated constitutional amendment to qualified electors who have resided in the state for at least one hundred twenty days, prohibit petition circulators from receiving money or items of value for circulating a petition, require signatures from qualified electors equal in number to five percent of the population of the state before a petition may be submitted to the secretary of state, require all petitions and measures to be limited to a single subject, and require approval by sixty-seven percent of the voters for the measure to become effective all initiated measures under article III be voted on at the general election.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE OF NORTH DAKOTA, THE HOUSE OF

REPRESENTATIVES CONCURRING THEREIN:

That the following proposed amendment amendments to section sections 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 9 of article III of the Constitution of North Dakota is are agreed to and must be submitted to the qualified electors of North Dakota at the primarygeneral election to be held in June November of 2024, in accordance with section 16 of article IV of the Constitution of North Dakota.

SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 2 of article III of the Constitution of North Dakota is amended and reenacted as follows:

Section 2. An initiated measure may not embrace or be comprised of more than one subject. A petition to initiate or to refer a measure must be presented to the secretary of state for approval as to form and compliance with the single subject requirement. A request for approval must be presented over the names and signatures of twenty-five or more qualified electors as sponsors, one of whom must be designated as chairman of the sponsoring committee. The secretary of state shall approve the petition for circulation if it is in proper form and contains the names and addresses of the sponsors and the full text of the measure.

The legislative assembly may provide by law for a procedure through which the legislative council may establish an appropriate method for determining the fiscal impact of an initiative measure and for making the information regarding the fiscal impact of the measure available to the public.

SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 3 of article III of the Constitution of North Dakota is amended and reenacted as follows:

Section 3. The petition shall may be circulated only by qualified electors. TheyAn individual circulating a petition shall swear thereon that the qualified electors who have signed the petition did so in their presence. Each qualified elector signing a petition also shall also write in the date of signing and histhe qualified elector's post-office address. NoA law shallmay not be enacted limiting the number of copies of a petition. The copies shallmust become part of the original petition when filed.

SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Section 4 of article III of the Constitution of North Dakota is amended and reenacted as follows:

Section 4. The petition may be submitted to the secretary of state if signed by <u>qualified</u> electors equal in number to two percent of the resident population of the state at the last federal decennial census.

SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Section 5 of article III of the Constitution of North Dakota is amended and reenacted as follows:

Section 5. An initiative petition shallmust be submitted not less than one hundred twenty days before the statewidegeneral election at which the measure is to be voted upon. A referendum petition may be submitted only within ninety days after the filing of the measure with the secretary of state. The submission of a petition shall suspendsuspends the operation of any measure enacted by the legislative assembly except emergency measures and appropriation measures for the support and maintenance of state departments and institutions. The submission of a petition against one or more itemsitem or partspart of any measure shalldoes

not prevent the remainder from going into effect. A referred measure may be voted upon at a statewide election or at a special election called by the governor.

SECTION 5. AMENDMENT. Section 6 of article III of the Constitution of North Dakota is amended and reenacted as follows:

Section 6. The secretary of state shall pass upon each petition, and if the secretary of state

finds it insufficient, the secretary of state shall notify the "committee for the petitioners" and allow twenty days for correction. All decisions of the secretary of state in regard to any petition are subject to review by the supreme court. But if the sufficiency of the petition is being reviewed at the time the ballot is prepared, the secretary of state shall place the measure on the ballot and no subsequent decision shall may invalidate the measure if it is at the election approved by a majority of the votes cast thereonon the measure. If proceedings are brought against any petition upon any ground, the burden of proof is upon the party attacking itthe petition and the proceedings must be filed with the supreme court no later than seventy-five days before the date of the applicable statewide election at which the measure is to be voted upon.

SECTION 6. AMENDMENT. Section 7 of article III of the Constitution of North Dakota is amended and reenacted as follows:

Section 7. All decisions of the secretary of state in the petition process are subject to review by the supreme court in the exercise of original jurisdiction. A proceeding to review a decision of the secretary of state must be filed with the supreme court no later than seventy-five days before the date of the applicable statewide election at which the measure is to be voted upon. If the decision of the secretary of state is being reviewed at the time the ballot is prepared, the secretary of state shall place the measure on the ballot and no court action shallmay invalidate the measure if ithe measure is approved at the election by a majority of the votes cast thereonon the measure.

SECTION 7. AMENDMENT. Section 9 of article III of the Constitution of North Dakota is amended and reenacted as follows:

Section 9. A constitutional amendment may be proposed by initiative petition. The petition may be circulated only by electors who have resided in the state for at least one hundred twenty days before the first signature is collected. An individual circulating a petition may not accept any money or an in-kind item of value for circulating a petitionThe proposed amendment may

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not embrace or be comprised of more than one subject, and the secretary of state may not
approve the initiative petition for circulation if the proposed amendment comprises more than
one subject. If signed by qualified electors equal in number to fourfive percent of the resident
population of the state at the last federal decennial census, the petition may be submitted to the
secretary of state. If the secretary of state finds the petition is valid, the secretary of state shall
place the measure on the ballot at the next general election. If the measure is approved by at
least sixty-seven percent of the voters, the measure becomes effective thirty days after the
election. All other provisions relating to initiative measures apply heretoto initiative measures for
constitutional amendments.