25.1038.01001 Title.

Prepared by the Legislative Council staff for Representative D. Anderson February 5, 2025

Sixty-ninth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO

HOUSE BILL NO. 1459

Introduced by

Representatives D. Anderson, Berg, Bosch, Mitskog, Novak, O'Brien, J. Olson, Porter, Lefor Senators Hoque, Marcellais, Patten

- A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new chapter to title 38 of the North Dakota Century 1
- 2 Code, relating to regulations, development, and production of critical minerals and rare earth
- 3 elements; to amend and reenact sections 38-12-02 and 47-10-24 of the North Dakota
- Century Code, relating to the authority of the industrial commission and descriptions and 4
- 5 definitions of minerals in leases and conveyances; and to provide a penalty.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA: 6

- 7 SECTION 1. A new chapter to title 38 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and 8
- 9 Definitions.
- As used in this chapter: 10

enacted as follows:

- 11 "Commission" means the public service industrial commission. 1.
- 12 "Critical minerals" means a nonfuel mineral or mineral material essential to the 2.
- economic or national security of the United States and which has a supply chain 13
- 14 vulnerable to disruption. The term includes aluminum, antimony, arsenic, barite,
- 15 bauxite, beryllium, bismuth, cesium, chromium, cobalt, fluorspar, gallium, germanium,
- graphite, hafnium, helium, indium, lithium, magnesium, manganese, niobium, platinum 16
- 17 group metals, potash, the rare earth elements group, rhenium, rubidium, scandium,
- strontium, tantalum, tellurium, tin, titanium, tungsten, uranium, vanadium, and 18
- 19 zirconium, which are embedded, commingled, included, contained within, or in any
- 20 way associated with any coal seam or coal deposit.

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minerals and rare earth elements are fundamental to the economy, competitiveness, and security of the United States. Many critical minerals and rare earth elements are broadly disseminated and can only be recovered when produced as part of another extractive activity of a host mineral which for purposes of this chapter is coal. To the maximum extent practicable, the critical minerals and rare earth elements needs of the United States should be satisfied by the vital natural resources responsibly produced in the United States. The legislative assembly finds it necessary to declare that the mining of coal in this state, and a lease of coal in this state whenever granted must include the right to mine all critical minerals and rare earth elements, unless specifically excluded by the lease.

Jurisdiction of commission.

The commission has jurisdiction and authority necessary to enforce this chapter. This section does not apply to a surface coal mining operation providing coal to a processing facility under the jurisdiction and authority of the public service commission under chapter 38-14.1. The commission may conduct investigations to determine whether facts exist which justify action by the commission. The commission may:

Require an operator to:

- a. Furnish a reasonable bond with good and sufficient surety, conditioned upon the full compliance with this chapter, and the rules and orders of the commission governing the exploration, development, and production of critical minerals or rare earth elements on state and private lands within the state. The person required to furnish the bond may elect to deposit a collateral bond, self-bond, cash, or any alternative form of security approved by the commission, by which a permittee assures faithful performance of all requirements of this chapter and the rules and orders of the industrial commission. If a permit is issued for the extraction of critical minerals or rare earth elements, in conjunction with a surface coal mining permit issued under chapter 38-14.1, the bond for the surface coal mining permit may be used to satisfy the bond required under this chapter.
- b. File production reports in the manner prescribed by the commission.
- c. Conduct all exploration, development, and production operations an extraction process in a manner as to prevent pollution of freshwater supplies, and to provide

1		for the protection of the environment and public safety, and to ensure the
2		optimum recovery of the mineral resource.
3		d. Reclaim all land distributed by operations required by this chapter to a condition
4		consistent with prior land use and productive capacity.
5	<u>2.</u>	Regulate the the drilling and abandonment of exploration test holes and producing
6		wells and all other exploration, development, production, and reclamation operations.
7	<u>3.</u>	Adopt and enforce rules and orders to effectuate this chapter, including rules requiring
8		an operator under permit with the commission to provide to the state geologist
9		reasonable amounts of data collected during the extraction process for critical
0		minerals or rare earth elements, and data necessary to evaluate the ongoing attributes
11		of critical mineral or rare earth extraction in the state.
12	<u>4.3.</u>	Inspect all exploration, development, and production sites processing facilities. The
13		commission must have access to all exploration, development, or production
14		installationsprocessing facilities for purposes of inspection and may require the
15		operator's aid if necessary and requested.
16	<u>5.</u>	At the request of an operator, approve the commingling of production for any
17		extraction facility processing facility on land with diverse ownership. The commission
18		shall establish a method to measure production from each parcel of land with diverse
19		ownership.
20	<u>Per</u>	mit required.
21	<u>1.</u>	A person may not commence an operation for the exploration, development, or
22		production of critical minerals or rare earth elements without first obtaining a permit
23	i	from the commission and paying the permit fee set by the commission.
24	<u>2.</u>	An operator may obtain a permit in conjunction with a A surface coal mining permit
25		issued under chapter 38-14.1 is sufficient to meet the permit requirements under this
26		section.
27	<u>3.</u>	An operator shall pay any applicable owners, according to each owner's respective
28		undivided ownership within the applicable permit area, a royalty of two and one-half
29	ř	percent of the net profits from all critical minerals and rare earth elements mined.
30		removed, and sold during a coal mining operation the extraction process. For purposes
31		of this section, "net profits" means the gross receipts received by an operator from any

1		sale of critical minerals or rare earth elements less costs incurred or expenditures	
2		attributed, including any expenditures related to the extraction, processing, milling,	
3		smelting, refining, and transportation of the critical minerals or rare earth elements.	
4	<u>4.</u>	This section does not apply to any net profits, costs incurred, or expenditures relating	
5		the extraction, processing, milling, smelting, refining, and transportation of coal.	
6	Pro	cedure.	
7	<u>1.</u>	The adoption of rules or or the issuance of orders by the commission under this	
8		chapter must be in accordance with the provisions of chapter 49-2238-08 governing	
9		the procedure in the siting of energy conversion and transmission	
10		facilities administration of the Oil and Gas Conservation Act.	
11	<u>2.</u>	An operator may elect to use the administrative procedures under chapter 38-14.1 for	
12		the purpose of obtaining a permit under this chapter in conjunction with a surface coal-	
13		mining permitA surface coal mine permit must be issued under chapter 38-14.1.	
14	<u>3.</u>	If an emergency is found to exist by the commission which in the judgment of the	
15		commission requires the making, revoking, changing, amending, modifying, altering,	
16		enlarging, renewal, or extension of a rule or order without first having a hearing, an	
17		emergency rule or order has the same validity as if a hearing had been held after due	
18		notice.	
19	<u>4.</u>	An emergency rule or order permitted by this section may remain in force no longer	
20		than fifteen days from its effective date, or when the rule or order made after due	
21		notice and hearing with respect to the subject matter of the emergency rule or order	
22		becomes effective, whichever occurs first.	
23	Per	nalty - Revocation - Provisions applicable.	
24	Sec	ctions 49-22-2038-08-16 and 49-22-2138-08-17 are applicable to the provisions of this	
25	chapter	and to the rules and orders of the commission adopted under this chapter.	
26	SE	CTION 2. AMENDMENT. Section 38-12-02 of the North Dakota Century Code is	
27	amended and reenacted as follows:		
28	38-12-02. Jurisdiction of commission.		
29	The	e commission has jurisdiction and authority over all persons and property, public and	
30	private, necessary to enforce effectively the provisions of this chapter. Subject to the provisions		
31	of section 38-08-21, the director of mineral resources shall act as a supervisor charged with the		

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- (2) Sample logs, radioactivity logs, resistivity logs, or other types of electrical or mechanical logs.
- (3) Elevation and location information on the data collection points.

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- (4) Other pertinent information as may be requested by the state geologist.

 The data so submitted is confidential for a period of one year when so requested by the operator and such period may be further extended upon approval by the commission.
- c. The filing of monthly production reports in the manner prescribed by the commission and any other reports deemed necessary by the commission.
- The conducting of all exploration, development, and production operations in such a manner as to prevent pollution of freshwater supplies, to provide for the

- protection of the environment and public safety, and to ensure the optimum recovery of the mineral resource.
- e. The reclamation of all land disturbed by operations regulated by this chapter to a condition consistent with prior land use and productive capacity.
- To regulate the drilling and abandonment of exploration test holes and producing wells and all other exploration, development, production, and reclamation operations.
- To promulgate and to enforce rules, regulations, and orders to effectuate the purposes and the intent of this chapter.
- 4. To inspect all exploration, development, and production sites. For the purposes of this subsection, the director of mineral resources or the director's representative shall have access to all exploration, development, or production installations for purposes of inspection and shall have the authority to require the operator's aid if it is necessary and is requested.
- To regulate the exploration of critical minerals embedded, commingled, included, contained within, or in any way associated with a coal seam or coal deposit located outside of any surface coal mine permit boundary approved by the public service commission.

SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Section 47-10-24 of the North Dakota Century Code is amended and reenacted as follows:

47-10-24. Description and definition of minerals in leases and conveyances.

- 1. All conveyances of mineral rights or royalties in real property in this state, excluding leases, shallmust be construed to grant or convey to the grantee thereof all minerals of any nature whatsoever except those minerals specifically excluded by name in the deed, grant, or conveyance, and their compounds and byproducts, but shallmay not be construed to grant or convey to the grantee any interest in any gravel, clay, or scoria unless specifically included by name in the deed, grant, or conveyance.
- No2. Except as provided in subsection 3 regarding a lease for coal, a lease of mineral rights in this state shallmay not be construed as passing any interest to any minerals except those minerals specifically included and set forth by name in the lease. For the purposes of this paragraphsection, the naming of either a specific metalliferous element, or nonmetalliferous element, and if so stated in lease, shall be is

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1		include all of its compounds and byproducts, and in the case of oil and gas, all
2		associated hydrocarbons produced in a liquid or gaseous form so named $\frac{\text{shall}}{\text{must}}$ be
3		deemed to be included in the mineral named. The Except as provided in subsection 3
4		$\underline{\text{regarding a lease for coal, the}} \text{ use of the words "all other minerals" or similar words of}$
5		an all-inclusive nature in any lease $\frac{1}{2}$ shall may not be construed as leasing any minerals
6		except those minerals specifically named in the lease and their compounds and
7		byproducts.
8	<u>3.</u>	As provided under section 1 of this Act, a lease of coal in this state when granted is
9		deemed to include all critical minerals and rare earth elements embedded.
10		commingled, included, contained within, or in any way associated with any coal seam
11		or deposit, unless specifically excluded from the lease of coal.