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Sixty-ninth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

# PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO

### **SENATE BILL NO. 2364**

Introduced by

Senators Enget, Boehm, Paulson, Clemens Representatives Hendrix, S. Olson

A BILL for an Act to amend and reenact section 41-08-10, subsection 1 of section 41-08-43,
section 41-08-51, and subsection 1 of section 41-09-25 of the North Dakota Century Code,
relating to choice of law, the property interest in a financial asset held by a securities
intermediary, priority among security interests and entitlement holders, and the law governing
perfection and priority of security interests in investment property for an Act to provide for a

6 legislative management study relating to the property rights of entitlement holders in Uniform

7 Commercial Code transactions.

# 8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

9	SECTION 1. AMENDMENT. Section 41-08-10 of the North Dakota Century Code is
10	amended and reenacted as follows:
11	— 41-08-10. (8-110) Applicability - Choice of law.
12	— 1. The local law of the issuer's jurisdiction, as specified in subsection 4, governs:
13	————a. The validity of a security;
14	<ul> <li>b. The rights and duties of the issuer with respect to registration of transfer;</li> </ul>
15	e. The effectiveness of registration of transfer by the issuer;
16	d. Whether the issuer owes any duties to an adverse claimant to a security; and
17	e. Whether an adverse claim can be asserted against a person to whom transfer of
18	a certificated or uncertificated security is registered or a person who obtains
19	control of an uncertificated security.

1	2. The local law of the securities intermediary's jurisdiction, as specified in
2	subsection 5, law of this state governs:
3	<ul> <li>Acquisition of a security entitlement from the securities intermediary;</li> </ul>
4	b. The rights and duties of the securities intermediary and entitlement holder arising
5	out of a security entitlement;
6	c. Whether the securities intermediary owes any duties to an adverse claimant to a
7	security entitlement; and
8	d. Whether an adverse claim can be asserted against a person who acquires a
9	security entitlement from the securities intermediary or a person who purchases a
10	security entitlement or interest therein from an entitlement holder.
11	3. The local law of the jurisdiction in which a security certificate is located at the time of
12	delivery governs whether an adverse claim can be asserted against a person to whom-
13	the security certificate is delivered.
14	4. "Issuer's jurisdiction" means the jurisdiction under which the issuer of the security is
15	organized or, if permitted by the law of that jurisdiction, the law of another jurisdiction
16	specified by the issuer. An issuer organized under the law of this state may specify the
17	law of another jurisdiction as the law governing the matters specified in subdivisions b
18	through e of subsection 1.
19	5. The following rules determine a "securities intermediary's jurisdiction" for purposes of
20	this section:
21	a. If an agreement between the securities intermediary and its entitlement holder
22	governing the securities account expressly provides that a particular jurisdiction
23	is the securities intermediary's jurisdiction for purposes of this part, this chapter,
24	or this title, that jurisdiction is the securities intermediary's jurisdiction.
25	b. If subdivision a does not apply and an agreement between the securities
26	intermediary and its entitlement holder governing the securities account
27	expressly provides that the agreement is governed by the law of a particular
28	jurisdiction, that jurisdiction is the securities intermediary's jurisdiction.
29	c. If neither subdivision a nor b applies and an agreement between the securities
30	intermediary and its entitlement holder governing the securities account

1	expressly provides that the securities account is maintained at an office in a
2	particular jurisdiction, that jurisdiction is the securities intermediary's jurisdiction.
3	d. If none of the preceding subdivisions applies, the securities intermediary's
4	jurisdiction is the jurisdiction in which the office identified in an account statement
5	as the office serving the entitlement holder's account is located.
6	e. If none of the preceding subdivisions applies, the securities intermediary's
7	jurisdiction is the jurisdiction in which the chief executive office of the securities
8	intermediary is located.
9	6. A securities intermediary's jurisdiction is not determined by the physical location of
10	eertificates representing financial assets, or by the jurisdiction in which is organized
11	the issuer of the financial asset with respect to which an entitlement holder has a
12	security entitlement, or by the location of facilities for data processing or other-
13	recordkeeping concerning the account.
14	7. The local law of the issuer's jurisdiction or the securities intermediary's jurisdiction
15	governs a matter or transaction specified in subsection 1 or 2 even if the matter or
16	transaction does not bear any relation to the jurisdiction.
17	SECTION 2. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 41-08-43 of the North Dakota Century
18	Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
19	1. To the extent necessary for a securities intermediary to satisfy all security entitlements
20	with respect to a particular financial asset, all interests in that financial asset held by
21	the securities intermediary are held by the securities intermediary for the entitlement-
22	holders, are not property of the securities intermediary, and are not subject to claims of
23	ereditors of the securities intermediary, except as otherwise provided in section-
24	<del>41-08-51.</del>
25	— SECTION 3. AMENDMENT. Section 41-08-51 of the North Dakota Century Code is
26	amended and reenacted as follows:
27	— 41-08-51. (8-511) Priority among security interests and entitlement holders.
28	1. Except as otherwise provided in subsections 2 and 3, if If a securities intermediary does
29	not have sufficient interests in a particular financial asset to satisfy both its obligations to
30	entitlement holders who have security entitlements to that financial asset and its obligation to a

1	creditor of the securities intermediary who has a security interest in that financial asset, the
2	claims of entitlement holders, other than the creditor, have priority over the claim of the creditor.
3	2. A claim of a creditor of a securities intermediary who has a security interest in a
4	financial asset held by a securities intermediary has priority over claims of the
5	securities intermediary's entitlement holders who have security entitlements with
6	respect to that financial asset if the creditor has control over the financial asset.
7	3. If a clearing corporation does not have sufficient financial assets to satisfy both its
8	obligations to entitlement holders who have security entitlements with respect to a
9	financial asset and its obligation to a creditor of the clearing corporation who has a
0	security interest in that financial asset, the claim of the creditor has priority over the
11	claims of entitlement holders.
12	SECTION 4. AMENDMENT. Subsection 1 of section 41-09-25 of the North Dakota Century
13	Code is amended and reenacted as follows:
14	1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, the following rules apply:
15	a. While a security certificate is located in a jurisdiction, the local law of that
16	jurisdiction governs perfection, the effect of perfection or nonperfection, and the
17	priority of a security interest in the certificated security represented thereby.
18	b. The local law of the issuer's jurisdiction as specified in subsection 4 of section
19	41-08-10 governs perfection, the effect of perfection or nonperfection, and the
20	priority of a security interest in an uncertificated security.
21	e. The local law of the securities intermediary's jurisdiction as specified in
22	subsection 5 of section 41-08-10this state governs perfection, the effect of
23	perfection or nonperfection, and the priority of a security interest in a security
24	entitlement or securities account.
25	d. The local law of the commodity intermediary's jurisdiction governs perfection, the
26	effect of perfection or nonperfection, and the priority of a security interest in a
27	commodity contract or commodity account.
28	e. Subdivisions b, c, and d apply even if the transaction does not bear any relation
29	to the jurisdiction.
30	SECTION 1. LEGISLATIVE MANAGEMENT STUDY - UNIFORM COMMERCIAL CODE
31	PROPERTY RIGHTS. During the 2025-26 interim, the legislative management shall consider

1 studying the property rights of entitlement holders in Uniform Commercial Code transactions, 2 along with the jurisdiction for disputes between entitlement holders and securities 3 intermediaries. The study must review the provisions of the Uniform Commercial Code, including a review of article 8, in relation to state law, federal law, and the law's interaction as it 4 5 relates to ownership of personal property. The study must seek input from relevant stakeholders, including securities intermediaries. The legislative management shall report its 6 findings and recommendations, together with any legislation necessary to implement the 7 8 recommendations, to the seventieth legislative assembly.