

§ 1725. NAME AND OBJECTS.] That the institution known as the Industrial School and School for Manual Training, located at Ellendale, Dickey County, North Dakota, be henceforth designated the State Normal and Industrial School, the object of such school being to provide instruction in a comprehensive way in wood and iron work and the various other branches of manual training, cooking, sewing, modeling, art work, and the various other branches of domestic economy as a co-ordinate branch of education, together with mathematics, drawing and other necessary school studies, and to prepare teachers in the science of education and the art of teaching in the public schools, with special reference to manual training; provided that the Board of Administration and the faculty of such school may grant the BACHELOR OF SCIENCE DEGREE IN INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION and issue diplomas of appropriate grade to all persons completing any of the courses of study relating thereto, known to possess good moral character and having met all other requirements made by the Board and faculty. All diplomas and degrees issued by this institution shall be accredited in this state as teachers' licenses, according to the provisions of the certification law of the State for diplomas and degrees of even grade.

Approved March 10, 1925.

PISTOLS AND REVOLVERS

CHAPTER 174

(H. B. No. 67—Carr.)

POSSESSION PISTOLS AND REVOLVERS WHEN COMMITTING CRIME

An Act To Amend and Re-enact Section 2 of Chapter 266 of the Session Laws of 1923 Relating to the Possession of Pistols and Revolvers and Declaring an Emergency.

Be It Enacted by The Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota:

§ 1. AMENDMENT.] That Section 2, of Chapter 266 of the Session Laws of 1923 is hereby amended and re-enacted to read as follows:

§ 2. COMMITTING CRIME WHEN ARMED.] If any person shall commit, or attempt to commit, a crime when armed with a pistol or revolver, and has no permit to carry the same, he may be pun-

ished by imprisonment for not more than ten years, in addition to the punishment provided for the crime. Such imprisonment, if not exceeding one year, to be in the County jail, and if exceeding one year to be in the State Penitentiary.

§ 3. EMERGENCY.] This Act is declared to be an Emergency measure and shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and approval.

Approved February 24, 1925.

PROHIBITION

CHAPTER 175

(H. B. No. 180—Carr and Starke.)

DEFINING INTOXICATING LIQUORS

An Act To Amend and Re-enact Section 1 of Chapter 97 of the Session Laws of 1921, As Amended and Re-enacted by Section 1, of Chapter 268 of the Session Laws of 1923, Defining Intoxicating Liquors.

Be It Enacted by The Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota:

§ 1. That Section 1 of Chapter 268 of the 1923 Session Laws, is hereby amended and re-enacted to read as follows:

§ 1. DEFINING INTOXICATING LIQUORS.] The following liquors are hereby declared to be intoxicating and their intoxicating quality shall, by the Courts, be presumed, viz: alcohol, brandy, whisky, rum, gin, beer, ale, porter and wine and in addition thereto any spirituous, vinous, malt or fermented liquor, liquids and compounds, whether medicated, proprietary, patented or not, and by whatever name called, containing one-half of 1 per centum or more of alcohol by volume which are fit or intended for use for beverage purposes; Provided, that the foregoing definition shall not extend to sweet fruit juices or dealcoholized wine nor to any beverage or liquid produced by the process by which beer, ale, porter or wine is produced if it contains less than one-half of 1 per centum of alcohol by volume and is otherwise denominated than as beer, ale, or porter.

Approved March 10, 1925.