## ANALYSIS OF THE STATE AID DISTRIBUTION FUND FOR THE 2007-09 BIENNIUM

	2007-09 E	2007-09 Biennium	
Beginning balance - July 1, 2007		\$0	
Add estimated revenues Sales, use, and motor vehicle excise taxes (based on 4/10 of 1%)	\$94,948,859		
Total available		\$94,948,859	
Less estimated expenditures and transfers Payments to political subdivisions County share (53.7%) City share (46.3%)	\$50,987,537 43,961,322		
Total estimated expenditures and transfers		94,948,859	
Estimated ending balance - June 30, 2009		\$0	

**NOTE:** Through April 2008 state aid distribution fund receipts have exceeded estimates made at the end of the 2007 Legislative Assembly by approximately \$4,279,331 due to higher than anticipated sales and motor vehicle excise tax collections. The total estimated revenues and payments to political subdivisions shown above reflect the 2007-09 revenue forecast as approved by the 2007 Legislative Assembly of \$90,669,528 adjusted by the additional revenues received through April 2008.

## **FUND HISTORY**

North Dakota Century Code (NDCC) Section 57-39.2-26.1 provided, prior to January 1999, for a portion of sales, use, and motor vehicle excise tax collections equal to 60 percent of an equivalent one-cent sales tax to be deposited by the State Treasurer in the state aid distribution fund. The Tax Commissioner certified to the State Treasurer the portion of sales, use, and motor vehicle excise tax net revenues that were deposited in the state aid distribution fund. The state aid distribution fund had historically been allocated, subject to legislative appropriation, with 50 percent of revenues for state revenue sharing and 50 percent for personal property tax replacement.

The 1997 Legislative Assembly amended NDCC Section 57-39.2-26.1 to provide that, effective January 1, 1999, deposits into the state aid distribution fund are based on an amount equal to 40 percent of an equivalent one-cent sales tax instead of an amount equal to 60 percent of an equivalent one-cent sales tax. In addition, a continuing appropriation was added which appropriates all revenues deposited in the state aid distribution fund for payments to political subdivisions.

The 1997 Legislative Assembly also changed the allocation of the state aid distribution fund from 50 percent for personal property tax replacement and 50 percent for revenue sharing to 53.7 percent for counties and 46.3 percent for cities. The allocation for each county includes townships, rural fire protection districts, rural ambulance districts, soil conservation districts, county recreation service districts, county hospital districts, the Garrison Diversion Conservancy District, the Southwest Water Authority, and other taxing districts within the county, excluding school districts, cities, and taxing districts within the city, excluding school districts. The county allocation to townships must be based on the same percentage allocation that a township received in calendar year 1996.

House Bill No. 1025 (2003), which became effective on August 1, 2003, revised the state aid distribution formula for cities and counties to account for population changes resulting from the 2000 federal census. The bill provides for total distribution percentages to cities and counties to remain at 53.7 percent to counties and 46.3 percent to cities: however, the allocation formula to specific counties and cities is:

Population Category			
Counties	Percentage	Cities (Based on Population)	Percentage
17 counties with the largest population (allocated equally)	20.48%	80,000 or more	19.4%
17 counties with the largest population (allocated based on population)	43.52%	20,000 or more but less than 80,000	34.5%
Remaining counties (allocated equally)	14.40%	10,000 or more but less than 20,000	16.0%
Remaining counties (allocated based on population)	21.60%	5,000 or more but less than 10,000	4.9%
		1,000 or more but less than 5,000	13.1%
		500 or more but less than 1,000	6.1%
		200 or more but less than 500	3.4%
		Less than 200	2.6%
Total	100.00%		100.0%