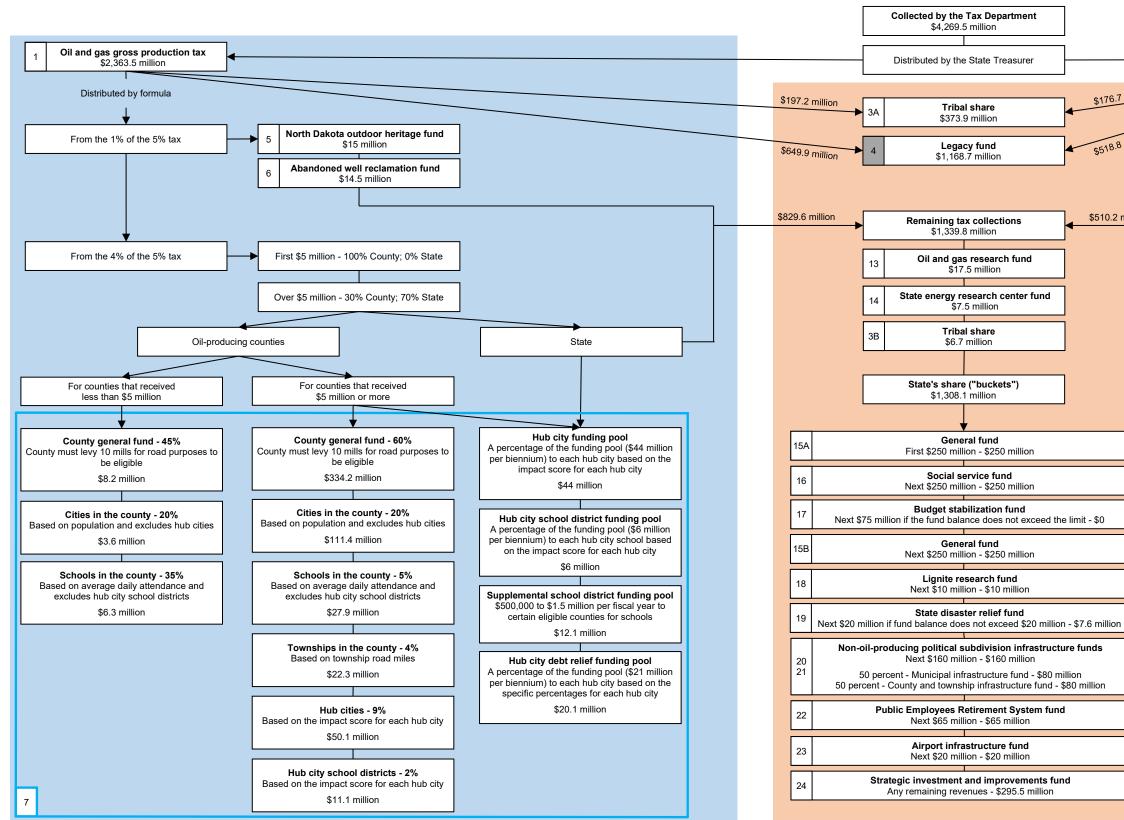
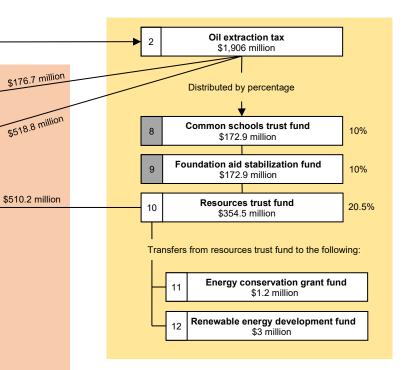
OIL AND GAS TAX REVENUE ALLOCATION FLOWCHART - 2025-27 BIENNIUM

This memorandum provides information on the estimated allocation of oil and gas tax collections for the 2025-27 biennium based on the 2025 legislative revenue forecast, which reflects oil prices decreasing from \$59 per barrel (1st year) to \$57 per barrel (2nd year) during the biennium and oil production decreasing from 1.15 million barrels per day (1st year) to 1.1 million barrels per day (2nd year) during the biennium. A description of each of the funds is included on the second page.



ESTIMATED 2025-27 BIENNIUM ALLOCATIONS - 2025 LEGISLATIVE REVENUE FORECAST

NOTE: The amounts reflected in these schedules are estimates for August 2025 through July 2027 for illustration purposes only. The actual amounts allocated for the 2025-27 biennium may differ significantly from these amounts based on actual oil production.



Summary of Estimated 2025-27 Biennium Allocations			
		Total	
3	Tribal share	\$380,600,000	
4	Legacy fund	1,168,690,000	
5	North Dakota outdoor heritage fund	15,000,000	
6	Abandoned well reclamation fund 14,480,00		
7	Political subdivisions 657,280,00		
8	Common schools trust fund 17		
9	Foundation aid stabilization fund	172,930,00	
10	Resources trust fund (net deposits)	350,310,00	
11	Energy conservation grant fund	1,200,00	
12	Renewable energy development fund	3,000,00	
13	Oil and gas research fund	17,500,00	
14	State energy research center fund 7,500,0		
15	General fund 500,000,0		
16	Social service fund	rvice fund 250,000,000	
17	Budget stabilization fund		
18	Lignite research fund	10,000,00	
19	State disaster relief fund	7,560,00	
20	Municipal infrastructure fund	80,000,00	
21	County and township infrastructure fund	80,000,00	
22	Public Employees Retirement System fund	65,000,00	
23	Airport infrastructure fund	20,000,00	
24	Strategic investment and improvements fund	295,530,00	
	Total	\$4,269,510,00	

Shading in number boxes represents constitutional allocations

The schedule below provides a brief description of the taxes and funds included in the flowchart on the previous page. Changes approved by the 2025 Legislative Assembly are shown in boldface.

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Box	Tax/Fund	Description
1	Oil and gas gross production tax	North Dakota Century Code Section 57-51-02 provides for a tax of 5 percent of the gross value at the well of oil produced in North Dakota un adjustment for each fiscal year as calculated by the Tax Department. Senate Bill No. 2397 (2025) expands an exemption for gas used at the we oil recovery project.
2	Oil extraction tax	Section 57-51.1-02, as amended by House Bill No. 1476 (2015), provides for a tax of 5 percent of the gross value at the well on the extraction of was 6.5 percent. Senate Bill No. 2328 (2021) provides an oil extraction tax credit for the use of an onsite flare mitigation system. House Bill No. 400 outside the Bakken and Three Forks Formations. Senate Bill No. 2397 (2025) creates an oil extraction tax exemption for the first 250,00 incentive well.
3A, 3B	Tribal share	Chapter 57-51.2 provides the requirements for allocating oil and gas tax related to the oil production within the Fort Berthold Reservation. The oil a to the Three Affiliated Tribes of the Fort Berthold Reservation. Senate Bill No. 2319 (2021) provided an allocation to the Three Affiliated Tribes fro
4	Legacy fund	Section 26 of Article X of the Constitution of North Dakota provides for a deposit to the legacy fund of 30 percent of total revenue derived from tax
5	North Dakota outdoor heritage fund	House Bill No. 1278 (2013) created the North Dakota outdoor heritage fund to preserve natural areas and public lands. House Bill No. 1176 (201 first 1 percent of the oil and gas gross production tax, up to \$20 million per fiscal year, be deposited in the fund. Senate Bill No. 2323 (2025) biennium, the same as the 2023-25 biennium.
6	Abandoned oil and gas well plugging and site reclamation fund	House Bill No. 1333 (2013) and House Bill No. 1032 (2015) amended Section 57-51-15 to increase the allocations to the abandoned oil and gas of the first 1 percent of oil and gas gross production tax is allocated to the fund not to exceed \$7.5 million per fiscal year and not in an amount that No. 1014 (2019) decreased the maximum fund balance by \$50 million, from \$100 million to \$50 million. Senate Bill No. 2059 (2023) increased the biennium.
7	Political subdivisions	Oil and gas gross production taxes are distributed to political subdivisions under Section 57-51-15 as amended by Senate Bill No. 2013 (2017). H to hub cities, hub city school districts, and school districts for supplemental payments, and the bill also adjusts the allocation percentages for the dis (2025) provides an additional allocation for hub city debt relief.
8	Common schools trust fund	Section 1 of Article IX of the Constitution of North Dakota provides for a common schools trust fund to be used to support the common schools provides for a distribution of 10 percent of oil extraction taxes to the common schools trust fund to become part of the principal of the fund. The No. 2362 (2019) changed the method of allocating oil extraction tax revenue related to the state's share of revenue associated with production on
9	Foundation aid stabilization fund	Section 24 of Article X of the Constitution of North Dakota provides for a distribution of 10 percent of oil extraction taxes to the foundation aid stab No. 4003 (2015) and approved by the voters, restricts a portion of the fund to offset state school aid payments due to a revenue shortfall and allows (2019) changed the method of allocating oil extraction tax revenue related to the state's share of revenue associated with production on tribal land
10	Resources trust fund	Section 57-51.1-07 provides for a distribution of 20 percent of oil extraction taxes to the resources trust fund. Section 22 of Article X of the Constitut appropriation, for constructing water-related projects, including rural water systems, and funding of programs for energy conservation. Senate I revenue related to the state's share of revenue associated with production on tribal lands and provided an additional .5 percent allocation to the r which result in an increase in the allocations to the fund.
11	Energy conservation grant fund	Senate Bill No. 2014 (2013) amended Section 57-51.1-07 to provide for a transfer of .5 of 1 percent of the amount credited to the resources trust fu up to \$1.2 million per biennium.
12	Renewable energy development fund	Senate Bill No. 2014 (2013) amended Section 57-51.1-07 to provide for a transfer of 5 percent of the amount credited to the resources trust fun fund, up to \$3 million per biennium. House Bill No. 1020 (2017) decreased the percentage transferred from 5 to 3 percent.
13	Oil and gas research fund	Section 57-51.1-07.3 (Senate Bill No. 2311 (2003)) established the oil and gas research fund for the Oil and Gas Research Council to provide gran 2 percent of the state's share of the oil and gas tax revenues, up to \$10 million per biennium, is to be deposited into the oil and gas research fund. from \$10 million to \$17.5 million, for the 2025-27 biennium, the same as the 2023-25 biennium.
14	State energy research center fund	Senate Bill No. 2249 (2019) created a state energy research center fund and allocates 1 percent of the state's share of oil and gas tax revenues, u contract with the Energy and Environmental Research Center for research projects. Senate Bill No. 2161 (2023) increased the allocation to provide
15A, 15B	General fund	The general fund is the chief operating fund of the state. Section 57-51.1-07.5, as amended by House Bill No. 1152 (2017), provided for an allocar general fund for the 2017-19 biennium and an allocation of \$300 million after the 2017-19 biennium. House Bill No. 1066 (2019) increased the allocar from \$400 million to \$460 million. Senate Bill No. 2323 (2025) increases the allocation from \$460 million to \$500 million.
16	Social service fund	House Bill No. 1152 (2017) amended Section 57-51.1-07.5 to provide for the allocation of \$200 million of the state's share of oil and gas tax rev renamed the tax relief fund the social service fund and increased the allocation from \$200 million to \$250 million.
17	Budget stabilization fund	The budget stabilization fund is established under Section 54-27.2-01. The Governor may order a transfer from the budget stabilization fund to revenue shortfall. House Bill No. 1152 (2017) amended Section 57-51.1-07.5 to provide for an allocation of up to \$75 million from the state's share
18	Lignite research fund	The lignite research fund is established under Section 57-61-01.6 for research, development projects, and marketing activities related to the lignite provide for an allocation of up to \$3 million from the state's share of oil and gas tax revenues. House Bill No. 1066 (2019) increased the allocation
19	State disaster relief fund	Section 37-17.1-27 provides for the state disaster relief fund to be used for the required state share of funding for expenses associated with presi Bill No. 1152 (2017), provided for the distribution of up to \$20 million of oil tax revenues to the state disaster relief fund each biennium, but not in an Senate Bill No. 2016 (2019) decreased the allocation to provide up to \$15 million of allocations, but not in an amount that would bring the balance Senate Bill No. 2249 (2021) increased the allocation limit by \$5 million, from \$15 million to \$20 million.
20	Municipal infrastructure fund	House Bill No. 1066 (2019) created a municipal infrastructure fund and allocates up to \$115 million per biennium for grants to non-oil-producing citie the allocations to the municipal infrastructure fund and the county and township infrastructure fund to provide allocations to the two funds at t improvements fund. Senate Bill No. 2012 (2025) amends the state's share of oil and gas tax revenues to allocate funding to the muni Retirement System fund and to decrease the allocations to the fund by \$35 million, from \$115 million to \$80 million.
21	County and township infrastructure fund	House Bill No. 1066 (2019) created a county and township infrastructure fund and allocates up to \$115 million per biennium for grants to non- projects. House Bill No. 1015 (2021) aligned the allocations to the municipal infrastructure fund and the county and township infrastructure fund allocation to the strategic investment and improvements fund. Senate Bill No. 2012 (2025) amends the state's share of oil and gas tax rever fund before the allocation to the Public Employees Retirement System fund and to decrease the allocations to the fund by \$35 million, f
22	Public Employees Retirement System fund	House Bill No. 1040 (2023) added an allocation of \$65 million per biennium to the Public Employees Retirement System fund for the main retirem
23	Airport infrastructure fund	House Bill No. 1066 (2019) created an airport infrastructure fund and allocates up to \$20 million per biennium for airport infrastructure projects, su
24	Strategic investment and improvements fund	Section 15-08.1-08 provides for the strategic investment and improvements fund. The fund is to be used for one-time expenditures to improve state of state government. Section 57-51.1-07.5 provides for the allocation of certain oil tax revenues to the strategic investment and improvements fund tax revenues to remove an allocation of \$400 million to the strategic investment and improvements fund.

unless exempted, and a tax on gas of four cents times the gas base rate vell site and creates an exemption for gas produced from an enhanced

of oil unless exempted. Prior to January 1, 2016, the oil extraction tax rate **. 1483 (2025) expands an oil extraction tax exemption for wells drilled 000 barrels of oil produced in the first 36 months from a development**

I and gas tax revenues are allocated 50 percent to the state and 50 percent rom wells that cross into a reservation.

axes on oil and gas production and extraction.

015) amended Section 57-51-15 to provide 8 percent of revenues from the **5) limits the allocations to \$7.5 million per fiscal year for the 2025-27**

is well plugging and site reclamation fund. Based on current law, 4 percent at would bring the balance of the fund to more than \$100 million. House Bill the fund balance limit from \$50 million to \$100 million through the 2025-27

House Bill No. 1066 (2019) changed the funding source for the allocations istributions to townships and hub city school districts. **Senate Bill No. 2323**

ols of the state. Section 24 of Article X of the Constitution of North Dakota he earnings are distributed through state school aid payments. Senate Bill on tribal lands, increasing the allocation to the common schools trust fund. abilization fund. Section 24, as amended by Senate Concurrent Resolution ws the remainder to be used for educational purposes. Senate Bill No. 2362 nds, increasing the allocation to the foundation aid stabilization fund.

tution of North Dakota provides the fund may be used, subject to legislative Bill No. 2362 (2019) changed the method of allocating oil extraction tax resources trust fund as an adjustment for prior period allocations, both of

fund from the resources trust fund into the energy conservation grant fund,

und from the resources trust fund into the renewable energy development

ants. Senate Bill No. 2014 (2013) amended Section 57-51.1-07.3 to provide d. Senate Bill No. 2323 (2025) increases the allocations by \$7.5 million,

, up to \$5 million per biennium, to the fund for the Industrial Commission to ride up to \$7.5 million per biennium through the 2027-29 biennium. cation of \$400 million of the state's share of oil and gas tax revenues to the

ocation to \$400 million. Senate Bill No. 2367 (2023) increased the allocation

evenues to the tax relief fund each biennium. Senate Bill No. 2367 (2023)

to the general fund when certain criteria are met to offset a general fund are of oil and gas tax revenues.

nite industry. House Bill No. 1152 (2017) amended Section 57-51.1-07.5 to on to \$10 million.

esidential-declared disasters. Section 57-51.1-07.5, as amended by House an amount that would bring the balance of the fund to more than \$20 million. ance of the fund to more than \$15 million. House Bill No. 1015 (2021) and

ties for essential infrastructure projects. House Bill No. 1015 (2021) aligned t the same time after the initial allocation to the strategic investment and **nicipal infrastructure before the allocation to the Public Employees**

n-oil-producing counties and townships for road and bridge infrastructure nd to provide allocations to the two funds at the same time after the initial renues to allocate funding to the county and township infrastructure a, from \$115 million to \$80 million.

ment plan.

subject to legislative appropriation.

state infrastructure or initiatives to improve the efficiency and effectiveness nd. Senate Bill No. 2012 (2025) amends the state's share of oil and gas