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# NORTH DAKOTA UNIVERSITY SYSTEM

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

The North Dakota University System consists of 11 higher education institutions under the control of the State Board of Higher Education. Of the 11 institutions, 2 are doctoral-granting institutions, 4 are primarily regional universities that offer master's and baccalaureate degrees, and 5 are primarily colleges that offer associate and technical degrees. Bismarck State College received authority to transition into a polytechnic institution that offers baccalaureate degrees in technical fields and Dickinson State University received authority to transition into a dual-mission institution that offers associate degrees and certificates. The University System budget also includes funding for the University of North Dakota (UND) School of Medicine and Health Sciences and the North Dakota Forest Service. The North Dakota State University Extension Service and Agricultural Experiment Station receive separate appropriations from the University System and are controlled and administered by the State Board of Agricultural Research and Education and the President of North Dakota State University.

The University System is appropriated funding from the general fund and special funds. Special fund sources include tuition, fees, donations, grants, sales, and other revenues. The Legislative Assembly appropriates funding to the University System office, each of the 11 institutions, the UND School of Medicine and Health Sciences, and the Forest Service. State funding for the University System office is used for bond payments for certain University System institution capital projects, research, systemwide information technology, student financial assistance programs, University System governance, and other systemwide grants and programs. State funding for the 11 institutions, including the UND School of Medicine and Health Sciences, is primarily determined using a funding formula.

#### STUDENT FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

Legislative appropriations for the 2023-25 biennium for student financial assistance programs are as follows:

Program	Description	Award Amount	2023-25 Biennium Appropriations
Student financial assistance grants (general fund)	Needs-based grants awarded to students based on free application for federal student aid information	5	\$29,917,306
Scholars program (general fund)	Scholarships awarded to the top-ranked high school graduates based on ACT Aspire scores	Full amount of tuition	\$1,807,115
Academic and career and technical education scholarship program (general fund)	Scholarships awarded to resident students who achieve certain academic standards in high school	\$750 per semester	\$17,216,749
Native American scholarship program (general fund)	Merit- or needs-based scholarships awarded to students who are enrolled members of a federally recognized Indian tribe		\$1,000,000
Professional student exchange program (general fund)	Secures admission opportunities and reduces tuition costs for North Dakota students who enroll in veterinary medicine, dentistry, and optometry programs at certain out-of-state institutions		\$3,699,342

Program	Description	Award Amount	2023-25 Biennium Appropriations
Dual-credit tuition scholarship (Bank of North Dakota profits)	This program incentivizes completion of dual-credit courses in high school	Maximum lifetime award of \$750	\$1,500,000
Career builders scholarship and loan repayment (Bank of North Dakota profits)	Workforce development program requiring private sector matching funds	Maximum lifetime award of \$17,000	\$6,800,000

## ADJUSTED STUDENT CREDIT-HOUR FUNDING METHOD

The Legislative Assembly, through Senate Bill No. 2200 (2013), adopted a funding formula beginning with the 2013-15 biennium based on an adjusted student credit-hour calculation. The calculation involves multiplying a base amount per student credit-hour by an adjusted student credit-hour calculation for each institution.

The adjusted student credit-hour amount for an institution is determined as follows:

- 1. Completed student credit-hours are determined for each institution. A completed credit-hour is one for which a student met all institutional requirements and obtained a passing grade.
- 2. A weighted completed student credit-hour calculation is determined by multiplying each institution's completed student credit-hours by an instructional program classification factor. The factor amount for each program classification is based upon historical costs of instruction in each program.
- 3. The weighted completed student credit-hour amount for each institution is then adjusted for a credit completion factor which is based on total credits completed at an institution. Institutions that have a lower credit-hour output receive a greater weighting factor.
- 4. The adjusted student credit-hours are then multiplied by a base per credit amount which varies based on institution type. The doctoral-granting institutions receive \$73.15, the regional universities receive \$103.76, and the colleges receive \$110.38 per adjusted student credit-hour.

Funding for major capital projects is appropriated separately from the formula. In addition to appropriating funding for specific capital projects, the 2019 Legislative Assembly established a capital building fund program for the 2019-21 biennium. The program has continued and the 2023 Legislative Assembly provided \$24 million from the strategic investment and improvements fund (SIIF) for the program for the 2023-25 biennium.

## CAPITAL BUILDING FUND PROGRAM

The Legislative Assembly continued the capital building fund program for the 2023-25 biennium in Sections 11, 12, 33, and 40 of House Bill No. 1003 (2023), including transfers of \$24 million from SIIF which are to be matched by other institutional funds as follows:

	Tier II		Tier III	
	SIIF	Institution Match (\$1 to \$1)	SIIF	Institution Match (\$2 to \$1)
Bismarck State College	\$638,540	\$638,540	\$500,000	\$1,000,000
Dakota College at Bottineau	159,096	159,096	500,000	1,000,000
Lake Region State College	266,062	266,062	500,000	1,000,000
State College of Science	751,042	751,042	500,000	1,000,000
Williston State College	206,920	206,920	500,000	1,000,000
Dickinson State University	403,293	403,293	500,000	1,000,000
Mayville State University	360,044	360,044	500,000	1,000,000
Minot State University	859,202	859,202	500,000	1,000,000
Valley City State University	463,705	463,705	500,000	1,000,000
North Dakota State University	4,349,394	4,349,394	2,250,000	4,500,000
University of North Dakota	6,542,702	6,542,702	2,250,000	4,500,000
Total	\$15,000,000	\$15,000,000	\$9,000,000	\$18,000,000

The funding in Tiers II and III of the capital building fund program was transferred from SIIF to the University System capital building fund, from which the campuses have continuing appropriation authority. An additional \$11.1 million from the general fund, which must be matched by each institution with \$1 of matching funds from operations or other sources, excluding North Dakota State University and UND, which must provide \$2 of matching funds from operations or other sources, was appropriated in the capital assets line item of each institution for

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extraordinary repairs. This amount is from each institution's funding formula allocation and is considered Tier I of the capital building fund program.

### SUMMARY OF THE 2023-25 BIENNIUM UNIVERSITY SYSTEM BUDGET

Legislative appropriations for the 2023-25 biennium for higher education institutions, Forest Service, and the University System office total \$3,318,989,269, of which \$868,522,227 is from the general fund. In addition, Section 3 of House Bill No. 1003 (2023) appropriates all funds received by the State Board of Higher Education and the institutions and entities under the board's control that the Legislative Assembly has not indicated the intent to reject.

The following is a summary of ongoing and one-time general fund appropriations for the University System since the 2007-09 biennium:

General Fund Appropriations					
Biennium	Ongoing Appropriations	One-Time Appropriations	Total		
2007-09	\$443,654,169	\$28,382,068	\$472,036,237		
2009-11	\$534,062,895	\$59,292,152	\$593,355,047		
2011-13	\$606,525,437	\$51,313,102	\$657,838,539		
2013-15	\$679,271,846	\$231,360,648	\$910,632,494		
2015-17	\$681,876,059	\$155,973,153	\$837,849,212		
2017-19	\$613,242,154	\$66,196,476 <sup>1</sup>	\$679,438,630		
2019-21	\$648,667,805	\$11,850,000	\$660,517,805		
2021-23	\$686,328,526	\$17,124,768	\$703,453,294		
2023-25	\$811,682,526	\$56,839,701	\$868,522,227		
<sup>1</sup> The 2017-19 biennium one-time amount includes \$53.6 million of supplemental funding appropriated by the 2019 Legislative Assembly.					

The next topic in the Budget Basics series will review the Department of Health and Human Services.