**2025 SENATE JUDICIARY** 

SB 2382

### 2025 SENATE STANDING COMMITTEE MINUTES

### **Judiciary Committee**

Peace Garden Room, State Capitol

SB 2382 2/11/2025

Relating to vexatious litigation; and to provide a penalty.

10:00 a.m. Chair Larson opened the hearing.

### Members present:

Chair Larson, Vice Chairman Paulson, Senators: Castaneda, Cory, Luick, Braunberger. Senator Myrdal absent.

### **Discussion Topics:**

- Misuse of litigation process
- Limit actions of litigants
- Notify federal courts
- Balanced legal process
- Existing statutes
- Adoption of rules into code

10:01 a.m. Senator Sickler, District 17, introduced the bill and submitted testimony in favor #36919 and #36920.

- 10:23 a.m. Sally Holewa, State Court Administrator, testified as neutral.
- 10:20 a.m. Chair Larson closed the hearing.
- 10:21 a.m. Senator Luick moved to adopt amendment LC# 25.0666.01001.
- 10:21 a.m. Senator Paulson seconded.
- 10:21 a.m. Voice Vote Motion Passed.
- 10:21 a.m. Senator Luick moved a Do Pass as Amended.
- 10:22 a.m. Senator Paulson seconded the motion.

Senators	Vote
Senator Diane Larson	Υ
Senator Bob Paulson	Υ
Senator Ryan Braunberger	Υ
Senator Jose L. Casteneda	Υ
Senator Claire Cory	Υ
Senator Larry Luick	Υ
Senator Janne Myrdal	Α

Motion Passed 6-0-1.

Senate Judiciary Committee SB 2382 2/11/2025 Page 2

10:27 a.m. Senator Luick will carry the bill.

10:28 a.m. Chair Larson closed the hearing.

Kendra McCann, Committee Clerk

25.0666.01001 Title.02000

Adopted by the Judiciary Committee

February 11, 2025

Sixty-ninth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

### PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO

JM 1065

### SENATE BILL NO. 2382

Introduced by

Senators Sickler, Hoque

Representative Lefor

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new chapter to title 28 of the North Dakota Century
- 2 Code, relating to vexatious litigation; and to provide a penalty.

#### 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 4 SECTION 1. A new chapter to title 28 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and
- 5 enacted as follows:
- 6 Definitions.
- 7 As used in this chapter:
- 8 "Litigation" means any civil or disciplinary action or proceeding, small claims action, 1.
- 9 appeal from an administrative agency, review of a referee order by the district court, or
- 10 appeal to the supreme court. The term does not include criminal actions.
- 11 2. "Vexatious conduct" means conduct that:
- 12 Serves primarily to harass or maliciously injure another party in litigation; <u>a.</u>
- 13 Is not warranted under existing law and cannot be supported by a good faith <u>b.</u>
- 14 argument for an extension, modification, or reversal of existing law;
- 15 Is imposed solely for delay: C.
- 16 Hinders the effective administration of justice; d.
- 17 Imposes an unacceptable burden on judicial personnel and resources; or <u>e</u>.
- 18 Impedes the normal and essential functioning of the judicial process. f.
- 19 "Vexatious litigant" means a litigant, either self-represented or represented by an <u>3.</u> 20 attorney, who:

Ja, 2085

1		<u>a.</u>	Has commenced, prosecuted, or maintained at least two litigations involving		
2			vexatious conduct, which were finally determined adversely to the litigant in the		
3			past seven years;		
4		<u>b.</u>	After litigation has been finally determined, relitigates or attempts to relitigate:		
5			(1) The validity of the determination against the same party or the party's		
6			immediate family member as to whom the litigation was finally determined	<u>l;</u>	
7			<u>or</u>		
8			(2) The cause of action, claim, controversy, or any of the issues of fact or law,		
9			determined or concluded by the final determination against the same party	У	
10			or the party's immediate family member as to whom the litigation was final	lly	
11			determined;		
12		<u>C.</u>	Repeatedly files unmeritorious motions, pleadings, or other papers, conducts		
13			unnecessary discovery, or engages in any other tactics frivolous or intended to		
14			cause unnecessary burden, expense, or delay; or		
15		<u>d.</u>	Has previously been declared a vexatious litigant by any state or federal court of	<u>of</u>	
16			record in any action or proceeding.		
17	Pro	cedu	e - Vexatious litigant.		
18	<u>1.</u>	<u>A p</u>	A presiding judge may designate a vexatious litigant upon motion by the court or at the		
19		<u>req</u>	est of a party.		
20	<u>2.</u>	<u>If th</u>	presiding judge finds there is a basis to conclude an individual is a vexatious		
21		<u>litig</u>	nt and determines a prefiling order should be issued, the presiding judge shall		
22		issu	e a proposed prefiling order and proposed findings in support of the order.		
23	<u>3.</u>	<u>An</u>	ndividual determined by the presiding judge to be a vexatious litigant has fourtee	<u>en</u>	
24		day	to file a written response to the proposed order.		
25	<u>4.</u>	<u>lf a</u>	esponse is filed, the presiding judge may grant a hearing on the proposed order	<u>r. If</u>	
26		no	esponse is filed within fourteen days, or if the presiding judge concludes, following	ng	
27		a re	sponse or any subsequent hearings, and there is a basis for issuing the order, th	<u>1e</u>	
28		pre	iding judge may issue the prefiling order.		
29	<u>Pre</u>	filing	order - Contents - Penalty.		
30	1. 3	The p	efiling order may:		

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31



- 1 Prohibit the vexatious litigant from filing any new litigation or any new documents 2 in existing litigation in this state without first obtaining leave of a judge of the court 3 where the litigation is proposed to be filed. b. Require the vexatious litigant to furnish security to assure payment of the moving 4 5
  - party's reasonable expenses, costs, and attorney fees incurred in a pending action.
  - Require the vexatious litigant to take any other action reasonably necessary.
  - A prefiling order must contain an exception to allow the subject of the order to file an application seeking leave to file.
  - 3. Failure to comply with the terms of a prefiling order may be punished as a contempt of court.
    - 4. If a vexatious litigant subject to a prefiling order files any new litigation without first obtaining the leave of the court, the court may summarily dismiss the action without notice.

### Procedure - New litigation and subsequent filings.

- 1. A vexatious litigant shall file an application for leave to file using the form approved by the state court administrator before filing new litigation or documents into existing litigation.
  - 2. A court may permit the filing of new litigation or documentation into existing litigation only if it appears the litigation or document has merit and has not been filed for the purpose of harassment or delay.
  - If the court issues an order granting leave to file a new litigation or a document into 3. existing litigation, a party's time to answer or respond will begin to run when the party is served with the order of the court and a copy of the new litigation or document.
  - The clerk may not file any litigation presented by the vexatious litigant subject to a 4. prefiling order unless the vexatious litigant first obtains an order permitting the filing. If the clerk mistakenly files the litigation without the order, any party may file a notice stating the plaintiff or complaining party in a disciplinary proceeding is a vexatious litigant subject to a prefiling order. The filing of the notice automatically stays the litigation. The litigation must be dismissed or denied unless the plaintiff or complainant, within ten days of the filing of the notice, obtains an order permitting the litigation to

Ally 425

- proceed. If a party is served with a new litigation but the action is not filed with the

  clerk, the party served is not required to respond to the new litigation unless the

  vexatious litigant obtains an order allowing the litigation to be filed and files and serves

  the new litigation.
- 5 <u>Upon receiving an application for leave to file, or upon notice from any party named in</u>
  the litigation, the court shall rule on the application before ruling on the merits of any
  proposed filing.
- 8 <u>6. The court may award reasonable attorney's fees and costs to the party filing the notice</u> 9 <u>under subsection 4.</u>
- 7. An order granting leave to file is not required for an application for indigent defense
   services.

### 12 Appeals.

16

19

20

21

22

23

- A prefiling order entered by a presiding judge designating an individual as a vexatious
   litigant may be appealed to the supreme court under section 28-27-02 and rule 4 of
   the North Dakota Rules of Appellate Procedure.
  - 2. A prefiling order entered by the supreme court is not appealable.
- 3. An order denying the application for leave to file by a vexatious litigant is not
   appealable.

### Supreme court order.

- 1. The supreme court may, by motion of the court or of any party to an appeal, enter a prefiling order prohibiting a vexatious litigant from filing any new litigation in the courts of this state as a self-represented party without first obtaining leave of a judge of the court where the litigation is proposed to be filed.
- If the supreme court finds there is a basis to conclude an individual is a vexatious
   litigant and determines a prefiling order should be issued, the supreme court shall
   issue a proposed prefling order and proposed findings in support of the order.
- 27 3. An individual determined by the supreme court to be a vexatious litigant has fourteen
   28 days to file a written response to the proposed order.
- 4. If a response is filed, the supreme court may grant a hearing on the proposed order. If
   no response is filed within fourteen days, or if the supreme court concludes, following

8 hy 5095

1	a response or any subsequent hearing there is a basis for issuing the order, the
2	supreme court may issue the prefiling order.
3	Electronic filing.
4	A self-represented party who has been declared a vexatious litigant may not file documents
5	electronically and may not be provided a user identification and password to access the state
6	court electronic filing system. A self-represented vexatious litigant shall file all documents in
7	paper format in compliance with all other rules of the court.
8	Roster.
9	The clerk of court shall provide a copy of any prefiling orders issued under this chapter to
10	the state court administrator and each United States district court in the state. The state court
11	administrator shall maintain a list of vexatious litigants subject to prefiling orders.
12	Effect of prefiling order.
13	A prefiling order entered under this chapter supersedes any other order limiting or enjoining
14	an individual's ability to file or serve papers or pleadings in any North Dakota state court
15	litigation.

Module ID: s\_stcomrep\_24\_005 Carrier: Luick Insert LC: 25.0666.01001 Title: 02000

REPORT OF STANDING COMMITTEE SB 2382

# Judiciary Committee (Sen. Larson, Chairman) recommends AMENDMENTS (25.0666.01001) and when so amended, recommends DO PASS (6 YEAS, 0 NAYS, 1 ABSENT AND NOT VOTING). SB 2382 was placed on the Sixth order on the calendar. This



### North Dakota Senate

STATE CAPITOL 600 EAST BOULEVARD BISMARCK, ND 58505-0360



**Senator Jonathan Sickler** 

District 17 152 Christian Drive Grand Forks, ND 58201-9304 ilsickler@ndlegis.gov

### **COMMITTEES:**

Appropriations Appropriations - Government Operations Division

# TESTIMONY IN SUPPORT OF SB 2382 Senate Judiciary Committee February 11, 2025

SB 2382 is an attempt to strike a more appropriate balance between an individual's right to seek redress in the courts for alleged harm weighed against protecting others from harassing or malicious litigation brought without a good faith basis in the law. The content of SB 2382 is largely similar to the version of N.D. Sup. Ct. Admin. R. 58, "Vexatious Litigation", that will take effect on March 1, 2025, with two proposed differences.

The first change at page 1, line 21 would decrease the number of required prior litigations involving vexatious conduct and determined adversely against the litigant from three to two. This change would further limit misuse of the litigation process and lessen costs incurred by individuals who must defend against multiple instances of vexatious litigation. This change would move the vexatious litigant standard closer to at least one other similar statutory requirement regarding misuse of the judicial system. Under NDCC 14-07.6, specific to intimate partner relationships, only one prior action may be sufficient to meet the definition of "abusive litigation".

The second change at page 5, line 8 would direct the state district clerk of court to send a copy of prefiling orders issued under this standard to federal courts seated in North Dakota. This communication would provide federal courts with additional information to potentially limit actions of litigants who file claims in federal courts similar to those state court claims that were the basis for the vexatious litigation determination. 25.0666.01000

Sixty-ninth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

#### **SENATE BILL NO. 2382**

Introduced by

Senators Sickler, Hogue

Representative Lefor

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new chapter to title 28 of the North Dakota Century
- 2 Code, relating to vexatious litigation; and to provide a penalty.

### 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 4 **SECTION 1.** A new chapter to title 28 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and 5 enacted as follows:
- 6 **Definitions.**
- 7 As used in this chapter:
- 8 <u>1. "Litigation" means any civil or disciplinary action or proceeding, small claims action,</u>
- 9 <u>appeal from an administrative agency, review of a referee order by the district court, or</u>
- appeal to the supreme court. The term does not include criminal actions.
- 11 <u>2. "Vexatious conduct" means conduct that:</u>
- 12 <u>a. Serves primarily to harass or maliciously injure another party in litigation;</u>
- b. <u>Is not warranted under existing law and cannot be supported by a good faith</u>
   argument for an extension, modification, or reversal of existing law;
- 15 <u>c.</u> <u>Is imposed solely for delay;</u>
- 16 <u>d. Hinders the effective administration of justice;</u>
- 17 <u>e. Imposes an unacceptable burden on judicial personnel and resources; or </u>
- 18 <u>f. Impedes the normal and essential functioning of the judicial process.</u>
- 19 <u>3. "Vexatious litigant" means a litigant, either self-represented or represented by an</u>
- 20 <u>attorney, who:</u>
- 21 <u>a. Has commenced, prosecuted, or maintained at least two litigations involving</u>
- 22 <u>vexatious conduct, which were finally determined adversely to the litigant in the</u>
- 23 <u>past seven years:</u>
- b. After litigation has been finally determined, relitigates or attempts to relitigate:

1			<u>(1)</u>	The validity of the determination against the same party or the party's
2				immediate family member as to whom the litigation was finally determined;
3				<u>or</u>
4			<u>(2)</u>	The cause of action, claim, controversy, or any of the issues of fact or law,
5				determined or concluded by the final determination against the same party
6				or the party's immediate family member as to whom the litigation was finally
7				<u>determined;</u>
8		<u>C.</u>	Rep	eatedly files unmeritorious motions, pleadings, or other papers, conducts
9			unne	ecessary discovery, or engages in any other tactics frivolous or intended to
10			caus	se unnecessary burden, expense, or delay; or
11		<u>d.</u>	<u>Has</u>	previously been declared a vexatious litigant by any state or federal court of
12			reco	ord in any action or proceeding.
13	Pro	<u>cedu</u>	<u>re - V</u>	<u>/exatious litigant.</u>
14	<u>1.</u>	A pr	<u>esidir</u>	ng judge may designate a vexatious litigant upon motion by the court or at the
15		<u>req</u> ı	uest c	of a party.
16	<u>2.</u>	<u>lf th</u>	e pre	siding judge finds there is a basis to conclude an individual is a vexatious
17		<u>litiga</u>	ant ar	nd determines a prefiling order should be issued, the presiding judge shall
18		<u>issu</u>	еар	roposed prefiling order and proposed findings in support of the order.
19	<u>3.</u>	<u>An i</u>	ndivid	dual determined by the presiding judge to be a vexatious litigant has fourteen
20		day	s to fi	le a written response to the proposed order.
21	<u>4.</u>	<u>lf a</u>	respo	onse is filed, the presiding judge may grant a hearing on the proposed order. If
22		no r	espoi	nse is filed within fourteen days, or if the presiding judge concludes, following
23		<u>a re</u>	spons	se or any subsequent hearings, and there is a basis for issuing the order, the
24		pres	siding	judge may issue the prefiling order.
25	<u>Pref</u>	filing	orde	er - Contents - Penalty.
26	<u>1.</u> <u>1</u>	Γhe p	<u>refilin</u>	g order may:
27		<u>a.</u>	<u>Prol</u>	nibit the vexatious litigant from filing any new litigation or any new documents
28			<u>in e</u>	xisting litigation in this state without first obtaining leave of a judge of the court
29			whe	ere the litigation is proposed to be filed.

26

27

28

29

30

1 Require the vexatious litigant to furnish security to assure payment of the moving 2 party's reasonable expenses, costs, and attorney fees incurred in a pending 3 action. 4 Require the vexatious litigant to take any other action reasonably necessary. C. 5 <u>2.</u> A prefiling order must contain an exception to allow the subject of the order to file an 6 application seeking leave to file. 7 Failure to comply with the terms of a prefiling order may be punished as a contempt of 3. 8 court. 9 If a vexatious litigant subject to a prefiling order files any new litigation without first <u>4.</u> 10 obtaining the leave of the court, the court may summarily dismiss the action without 11 notice. 12 **Procedure - New litigation and subsequent filings.** 13 A vexatious litigant shall file an application for leave to file using the form approved by 14 the state court administrator before filing new litigation or documents into existing 15 <u>litigation.</u> 16 <u>2.</u> A court may permit the filing of new litigation or documentation into existing litigation 17 only if it appears the litigation or document has merit and has not been filed for the 18 purpose of harassment or delay. 19 If the court issues an order granting leave to file a new litigation or a document into <u>3.</u> 20 existing litigation, a party's time to answer or respond will begin to run when the party 21 is served with the order of the court and a copy of the new litigation or document. 22 The clerk may not file any litigation presented by the vexatious litigant subject to a 4. 23 prefiling order unless the vexatious litigant first obtains an order permitting the filing. If 24 the clerk mistakenly files the litigation without the order, any party may file a notice 25 stating the plaintiff or complaining party in a disciplinary proceeding is a vexatious

litigant subject to a prefiling order. The filing of the notice automatically stays the

litigation. The litigation must be dismissed or denied unless the plaintiff or complainant,

within ten days of the filing of the notice, obtains an order permitting the litigation to

proceed. If a party is served with a new litigation but the action is not filed with the

clerk, the party served is not required to respond to the new litigation unless the

- vexatious litigant obtains an order allowing the litigation to be filed and files and serves
   the new litigation.
- 5. Upon receiving an application for leave to file, or upon notice from any party named in
   the litigation, the court shall rule on the application before ruling on the merits of any
   proposed filing.
- 6. The court may award reasonable attorney's fees and costs to the party filing the notice
   7 under subsection 4.
- 8 7. An order granting leave to file is not required for an application for indigent defense services.

### 10 **Appeals.**

11

12

13

14

17

18

19

20

21

- A prefiling order entered by a presiding judge designating an individual as a vexatious litigant may be appealed to the supreme court under section 28-27-02 and rule 4 of the North Dakota Rules of Appellate Procedure.
  - 2. A prefiling order entered by the supreme court is not appealable.
- 3. An order denying the application for leave to file by a vexatious litigant is not
   appealable.

### Supreme court order.

- 1. The supreme court may, by motion of the court or of any party to an appeal, enter a prefiling order prohibiting a vexatious litigant from filing any new litigation in the courts of this state as a self-represented party without first obtaining leave of a judge of the court where the litigation is proposed to be filed.
- If the supreme court finds there is a basis to conclude an individual is a vexatious
   litigant and determines a prefiling order should be issued, the supreme court shall
   issue a proposed prefling order and proposed findings in support of the order.
- 25 3. An individual determined by the supreme court to be a vexatious litigant has fourteen
   26 days to file a written response to the proposed order.
- 4. If a response is filed, the supreme court may grant a hearing on the proposed order. If
   no response is filed within fourteen days, or if the supreme court concludes, following
   a response or any subsequent hearing there is a basis for issuing the order, the
   supreme court may issue the prefiling order.

### 1 <u>Electronic filing.</u>

- 2 <u>A self-represented party who has been declared a vexatious litigant may not file documents</u>
- 3 <u>electronically and may not be provided a user identification and password to access the state</u>
- 4 <u>court electronic filing system. A self-represented vexatious litigant shall file all documents in</u>
- 5 paper format in compliance with all other rules of the court.
- 6 Roster.
- 7 The clerk of court shall provide a copy of any prefiling orders issued under this chapter to
- 8 the state court administrator and each United States district court in the state. The state court
- 9 <u>administrator shall maintain a list of vexatious litigants subject to prefiling orders.</u>
- 10 <u>Effect of prefiling order.</u>
- 11 <u>A prefiling order entered under this chapter supersedes any other order limiting or enjoining</u>
- 12 <u>an individual's ability to file or serve papers or pleadings in any North Dakota state court</u>
- 13 <u>litigation</u>.

**2025 HOUSE JUDICIARY** 

SB 2382

### 2025 HOUSE STANDING COMMITTEE MINUTES

## Judiciary Committee Room JW327B, State Capitol

SB 2382 3/5/2025

A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new chapter to title 28 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to vexatious litigation; and to provide a penalty.

10:05 a.m. Chairman Klemin opened the hearing.

Members Present: Chairman Klemin, Vice-Chairman Karls, Vice-Chairman Vetter, Representatives Christianson, Henderson, Hoverson, McLeod, S. Olson, Satrom, Tveit, VanWinkle, Wolff, Schneider

Members Absent: Representative Johnston

### **Discussion Topics:**

- Misuse of North Dakota judicial systems
- Legal definition of vexatious
- North Dakota list of vexatious litigants

10:05 a.m. Senator Jonathan Sickler, North Dakota Senator for District 17, introduced the bill and provided testimony #38810.

10:21 a.m. Sara Behrens, Staff Attorney at the North Dakota Supreme Court, testified in opposition.

10:33 a.m. Chairman Klemin closed the hearing.

Wyatt Armstrong, Committee Clerk



### North Dakota Senate

STATE CAPITOL 600 EAST BOULEVARD BISMARCK, ND 58505-0360



**Senator Jonathan Sickler** 

District 17 152 Christian Drive Grand Forks, ND 58201-9304 ilsickler@ndlegis.gov

### **COMMITTEES:**

Appropriations Appropriations - Government Operations Division

# TESTIMONY IN SUPPORT OF SB 2382 House Judiciary Committee March 5, 2025

SB 2382 is an attempt to strike a more appropriate balance between an individual's right to seek redress in the courts for alleged harm weighed against protecting others from harassing or malicious litigation brought without a good faith basis in the law. The content of SB 2382 is largely similar to the version of N.D. Sup. Ct. Admin. R. 58, "Vexatious Litigation", that took effect on March 1, 2025, with two proposed differences.

The first change at page 1, line 21 would decrease the number of required prior litigations involving vexatious conduct and determined adversely against the litigant from three to two. This change would further limit misuse of the litigation process and lessen costs incurred by individuals who must defend against multiple instances of vexatious litigation. This change would move the vexatious litigant standard closer to at least one other similar statutory requirement regarding misuse of the judicial system. Under NDCC 14-07.6, specific to intimate partner relationships, only one prior action may be sufficient to meet the definition of "abusive litigation".

The second change at page 5, line 8 would direct the state district clerk of court to send a copy of prefiling orders issued under this standard to federal courts seated in North Dakota. This communication would provide federal courts with additional information to potentially limit actions of litigants who file claims in federal courts similar to those state court claims that were the basis for the vexatious litigation determination.

### 2025 HOUSE STANDING COMMITTEE MINUTES

## Judiciary Committee Room JW327B, State Capitol

SB 2382 3/5/2025

A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new chapter to title 28 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to vexatious litigation; and to provide a penalty.

1:25 p.m. Chairman Klemin opened the hearing.

Members Present: Chairman Klemin, Vice-Chairman Karls, Representatives Henderson, Johnston, McLeod, S. Olson, Satrom, Tveit, VanWinkle, Wolff, Schneider

Members Absent: Vice-Chairman Vetter, Representatives Christianson, Hoverson

### **Discussion Topics:**

- Number of vexatious litigants in North Dakota
- Committee action

1:32 p.m. Representative Wolff moved a Do Not Pass.

1:32 p.m. Representative VanWinkle seconded the motion.

Representatives	Vote
Representative Lawrence R. Klemin	Υ
Representative Karen Karls	N
Representative Steve Vetter	Α
Representative Nels Christianson	Α
Representative Donna Henderson	Υ
Representative Jeff Hoverson	Α
Representative Daniel Johnston	Υ
Representative Carrie McLeod	N
Representative SuAnn Olson	Υ
Representative Bernie Satrom	N
Representative Mary Schneider	N
Representative Bill Tveit	Υ
Representative Lori VanWinkle	Υ
Representative Christina Wolff	Υ

- 1:35 p.m. Motion passed 7-4-3
- 1:35 p.m. Representative Wolff will carry the bill.
- 1:35 p.m. Chairman Klemin closed the hearing.

Wyatt Armstrong, Committee Clerk

### 2025 HOUSE STANDING COMMITTEE MINUTES

## Judiciary Committee Room JW327B, State Capitol

SB 2382 3/17/2025

A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new chapter to title 28 of the North Dakota Century Code, relating to vexatious litigation; and to provide a penalty.

2:38 p.m. Chairman Klemin opened the hearing.

Members Present: Chairman Klemin, Vice-Chairman Karls, Vice-Chairman Vetter, Representatives Christianson, Henderson, Hoverson, Johnston, McLeod, S. Olson, Satrom, VanWinkle, Wolff, Schneider

Members Absent: Representative Tveit

### **Discussion Topics:**

- Rules of civil procedure
- Actions that constitute vexatious litigation

2:39 p.m. Chairman Klemin proposed Amendment LC: 25.0666.02001, testimony #42487.

2:45 p.m. Representative S. Olson moved to Reconsider.

2:42 p.m. Representative Vetter seconded the motion.

Representatives	Vote
Representative Lawrence R. Klemin	Υ
Representative Karen Karls	Υ
Representative Steve Vetter	Υ
Representative Nels Christianson	N
Representative Donna Henderson	N
Representative Jeff Hoverson	N
Representative Daniel Johnston	N
Representative Carrie McLeod	Υ
Representative SuAnn Olson	Υ
Representative Bernie Satrom	Υ
Representative Mary Schneider	Υ
Representative Bill Tveit	Α
Representative Lori VanWinkle	N
Representative Christina Wolff	N

2:55 p.m. Motion passed 7-6-1.

2:56 p.m. Representative Vetter moved to adopt Amendments LC: 25.0666.02001, testimony #42487.

2:56 p.m. Representative Satrom seconded the motion.

Representatives	Vote
Representative Lawrence R. Klemin	Υ
Representative Karen Karls	Υ
Representative Steve Vetter	Υ
Representative Nels Christianson	Υ
Representative Donna Henderson	N
Representative Jeff Hoverson	Υ
Representative Daniel Johnston	Υ
Representative Carrie McLeod	Υ
Representative SuAnn Olson	Υ
Representative Bernie Satrom	Υ
Representative Mary Schneider	Υ
Representative Bill Tveit	Α
Representative Lori VanWinkle	N
Representative Christina Wolff	Υ

2:57 p.m. Motion passed 11-2-1.

2:58 p.m. Representative Vetter moved a Do Pass as Amended.

2:58 p.m. Representative Satrom seconded the motion.

Representatives	Vote
Representative Lawrence R. Klemin	Υ
Representative Karen Karls	Υ
Representative Steve Vetter	Υ
Representative Nels Christianson	N
Representative Donna Henderson	N
Representative Jeff Hoverson	N
Representative Daniel Johnston	N
Representative Carrie McLeod	Υ
Representative SuAnn Olson	Υ
Representative Bernie Satrom	Υ
Representative Mary Schneider	Υ
Representative Bill Tveit	Α
Representative Lori VanWinkle	N
Representative Christina Wolff	N

2:59 p.m. Motion passed 7-6-1.

2:59 p.m. Representative Karls will carry the bill.

3:00 p.m. Chairman Klemin closed the hearing.

Wyatt Armstrong, Committee Clerk

25.0666.02001 Title.03000

Sixty-ninth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

Prepared by the Legislative Council staff for Representative Klemin March 7, 2025 vc 3 17 25

### PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO FIRST ENGROSSMENT

### **ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 2382**

Introduced by	ı	n	tro	odi	JC	ed	by
---------------	---	---	-----	-----	----	----	----

Senators Sickler, Hogue

Representative Lefor

- A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new chapter to title 28 of the North Dakota Century 1
- 2 Code, relating to vexatious litigation; and to provide a penalty declare an emergency.

#### 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 4 SECTION 1. A new chapter to title 28 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and
- 5 enacted as follows:
- 6 Definitions.
- 7 As used in this chapter:
- 8 1. "Litigation" means any civil or disciplinary action or proceeding, small claims action,
- 9 appeal from an administrative agency, review of a referee order by the district court, or
- 10 appeal to the supreme court. The term does not include criminal actions.
- "Vexatious conduct" means conduct that: 11
- 12 Serves primarily to harass or maliciously injure another party in litigation: a.
- Is not warranted under existing law and cannot be supported by a good faith 13 b.
- argument for an extension, modification, or reversal of existing law; 14
- 15 Is imposed solely for delay: C.
- Hinders the effective administration of justice; 16 d.
- 17 Imposes an unacceptable burden on judicial personnel and resources; or <u>e.</u>
- 18 f. Impedes the normal and essential functioning of the judicial process.
- "Vexatious litigant" means a litigant, either self-represented or represented by an 19 3.
- 20 attorney, who:

		<u>a.</u>	Has	s commenced, prosecuted, or maintained at least two litigations involving
2			<u>vex</u>	atious conduct, which were finally determined adversely to the litigant in the
3			pas	st seven years;
4		<u>b.</u>	Afte	er litigation has been finally determined, relitigates or attempts to relitigate:
5			<u>(1)</u>	The validity of the determination against the same party as to whom the
6				litigation was finally determined; or
7			<u>(2)</u>	The cause of action, claim, controversy, or any of the issues of fact or law,
8				determined or concluded by the final determination against the same party
9				as to whom the litigation was finally determined;
10		<u>c.</u>	Rep	peatedly files unmeritorious motions, pleadings, or other papers, conducts
11			<u>unn</u>	ecessary discovery, or engages in any other tactics frivolous or intended to
12			<u>cau</u>	se unnecessary burden, expense, or delay; or
13	1	<u>d.</u>	Has	s previously been declared a vexatious litigant by any state or federal court of
14			reco	ord in any action or proceeding.
15	- Pro	cedu	re - \	/exatious litigant.
16	<del>-1.</del>	A pı	residi	ng judge may designate a vexatious litigant upon motion by the court or at the
17		requ	uest (	<del>of a party.</del>
18	<u>2.</u>	If th	e pre	siding judge finds there is a basis to conclude an individual is a vexatious
19		litiga	ant a	nd determines a prefiling order should be issued, the presiding judge shall
20	<u>.</u>	<u>issu</u>	e a p	proposed prefiling order and proposed findings in support of the order.
21	<u> 3.</u>	<u>An i</u>	ndivi	dual determined by the presiding judge to be a vexatious litigant has fourteen
22		day	s to f	ile a written response to the proposed order.
23	<u>4.</u>	<u>lf a</u>	respo	onse is filed, the presiding judge may grant a hearing on the proposed order. It
24		no r	espo	nse is filed within fourteen days, or if the presiding judge concludes, following
25		a re	spon	se or any subsequent hearings, and there is a basis for issuing the order, the
26		pres	siding	<u> judge may issue the prefiling order.</u>
27	- Pref	iling	orde	er - Contents - Penalty.
28	<u>-1. I</u>	he p	refilin	g order may:
29	1 11 111	<u>a.</u>	Prol	hibit the vexatious litigant from filing any new litigation or any new documents
30			in e	xisting litigation in this state without first obtaining leave of a judge of the court
31			whe	ere the litigation is proposed to be filed.

1		b. Require the vexatious litigant to furnish security to assure payment of the moving
2		party's reasonable expenses, costs, and attorney fees incurred in a pending
3		action.
4		c. Require the vexatious litigant to take any other action reasonably necessary.
5	<u> 2.</u>	A prefiling order must contain an exception to allow the subject of the order to file an
6	1	application seeking leave to file.
7	<u> 3.</u>	Failure to comply with the terms of a prefiling order may be punished as a contempt of
8	1	court.
9	<u>4.</u>	If a vexatious litigant subject to a prefiling order files any new litigation without first
0	1	obtaining the leave of the court, the court may summarily dismiss the action without
11	1	notice.
2	Proce	edure - New litigation and subsequent filings.
3	<u>1.</u>	A vexatious litigant shall file an application for leave to file using the form approved by
4		the state court administrator before filing new litigation or documents into existing
5	1	litigation.
16	<u> 2.</u>	A court may permit the filing of new litigation or documentation into existing litigation
17		only if it appears the litigation or document has merit and has not been filed for the
8	1	purpose of harassment or delay.
19	<u> 3.</u>	If the court issues an order granting leave to file a new litigation or a document into
20		existing litigation, a party's time to answer or respond will begin to run when the party
21	16	is served with the order of the court and a copy of the new litigation or document.
22	4.	The clerk may not file any litigation presented by the vexatious litigant subject to a
23		prefiling order unless the vexatious litigant first obtains an order permitting the filing. If
24	3	the clerk mistakenly files the litigation without the order, any party may file a notice
25		stating the plaintiff or complaining party in a disciplinary proceeding is a vexatious
26		litigant subject to a prefiling order. The filing of the notice automatically stays the
27	73	litigation. The litigation must be dismissed or denied unless the plaintiff or complainant,
28		within ten days of the filing of the notice, obtains an order permitting the litigation to
29		proceed. If a party is served with a new litigation but the action is not filed with the
30		clerk, the party served is not required to respond to the new litigation unless the

1		vexatious litigant obtains an order allowing the litigation to be filed and files and serves
2		the new litigation.
3	<u>5.</u>	Upon receiving an application for leave to file, or upon notice from any party named in
4		the litigation, the court shall rule on the application before ruling on the merits of any
5		proposed filing.
6	<u>— 6.</u>	The court may award reasonable attorney's fees and costs to the party filing the notice
7	,	under subsection 4.
.8	<del></del>	An order granting leave to file is not required for an application for indigent defense
9		services.
10	— <u>App</u>	<del>peals.</del>
11	<u>-1.</u>	A prefiling order entered by a presiding judge designating an individual as a vexatious
12		litigant may be appealed to the supreme court under section 28-27-02 and rule 4 of
13		the North Dakota Rules of Appellate Procedure.
14	<u>2.</u>	A prefiling order entered by the supreme court is not appealable.
15	<u> 3.</u>	An order denying the application for leave to file by a vexatious litigant is not
16		appealable.
17	- Sup	reme court order.
18	<u>1.</u>	The supreme court may, by motion of the court or of any party to an appeal, enter a
19		prefiling order prohibiting a vexatious litigant from filing any new litigation in the courts
20		of this state as a self-represented party without first obtaining leave of a judge of the
21		court where the litigation is proposed to be filed.
22	<u> 2.</u>	If the supreme court finds there is a basis to conclude an individual is a vexatious
23		litigant and determines a prefiling order should be issued, the supreme court shall
24		issue a proposed prefling order and proposed findings in support of the order.
25	<u> 3.</u>	An individual determined by the supreme court to be a vexatious litigant has fourteen
26		days to file a written response to the proposed order.
27	<u>4.</u>	If a response is filed, the supreme court may grant a hearing on the proposed order. If
28		no response is filed within fourteen days, or if the supreme court concludes, following
29		a response or any subsequent hearing there is a basis for issuing the order, the
30		supreme court may issue the prefiling order.

1	Electronic filing.		
2	A self-represented party who has been declared a vexatious litigant may not file documents		
3	electronically and may not be provided a user identification and password to access the state		
4	court electronic filing system. A self-represented vexatious litigant shall file all documents in		
5	paper format in compliance with all other rules of the court.		
6	Burden of proof - Entry of order restricting vexatious litigation.		
7	1. If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence an individual is a vexatious		
8	litigant, the court shall enter a prefiling order restricting the vexatious litigant from filing		
9	new litigation or filing documents within existing litigation without prior approval of the		
10	court.		
11	2. A prefiling order must:		
12	a. Impose all costs of the vexatious litigation against the filing party; and		
13	b. Award the opposing party reasonable attorney fees and costs associated with		
14	responding to the vexatious litigant, including the cost of seeking the prefiling		
15	order.		
16	Roster.		
17	The clerk of court shall provide a copy of any prefiling orders issued under this chapter to		
18	the state court administrator and each United States district court in the state. The state court		
9	administrator shall maintain a list of vexatious litigants subject to prefiling orders. Prefiling		
20	orders in effect under supreme court rule before August 1, 2025, remain in effect.		
21	Effect of prefiling order.		
22	A prefiling order entered under this chapter supersedes any other order limiting or enjoining		
23	an individual's ability to file or serve papers or pleadings in any North Dakota state court		
24	<u>litigation.</u>		
25	Rules - Authority.		
26	The supreme court shall adopt rules to implement this chapter.		
27	SECTION 2. EMERGENCY. This Act is declared to be an emergency measure.		

Module ID: h\_stcomrep\_41\_013 Carrier: Karls Insert LC: 25.0666.02001 Title: 03000

### REPORT OF STANDING COMMITTEE ENGROSSED SB 2382

Judiciary Committee (Rep. Klemin, Chairman) recommends AMENDMENTS (25.0666.02001) and when so amended, recommends DO PASS (7 YEAS, 6 NAYS, 1 ABSENT OR EXCUSED AND NOT VOTING). SB 2382 was placed on the Sixth order on the calendar.

25.0666.02001 Title. Prepared by the Legislative Council staff for Representative Klemin March 7, 2025

Sixty-ninth Legislative Assembly of North Dakota

# PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO FIRST ENGROSSMENT

### **ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 2382**

Introduced by

Senators Sickler, Hogue

Representative Lefor

- 1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new chapter to title 28 of the North Dakota Century
- 2 Code, relating to vexatious litigation; and to provide a penalty; and to declare an emergency.

### 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:

- 4 **SECTION 1.** A new chapter to title 28 of the North Dakota Century Code is created and enacted as follows:
- 6 Definitions.
- 7 As used in this chapter:
- 8 1. "Litigation" means any civil or disciplinary action or proceeding, small claims action,
   9 appeal from an administrative agency, review of a referee order by the district court, or
   10 appeal to the supreme court. The term does not include criminal actions.
- 11 <u>2.</u> "Vexatious conduct" means conduct that:
- 12 a. Serves primarily to harass or maliciously injure another party in litigation;
- b. Is not warranted under existing law and cannot be supported by a good faith
- 14 <u>argument for an extension, modification, or reversal of existing law;</u>
- 15 c. Is imposed solely for delay;
- d. <u>Hinders the effective administration of justice</u>;
- e. Imposes an unacceptable burden on judicial personnel and resources; or
- Impedes the normal and essential functioning of the judicial process.
- 19 3. "Vexatious litigant" means a litigant, either self-represented or represented by an attorney, who:

1	<u>a.</u>	Has commenced, prosecuted, or maintained at least two litigations involving	
2		vexatious conduct, which were finally determined adversely to the litigant in the	
3		past seven years;	
4	<u>b.</u>	After litigation has been finally determined, relitigates or attempts to relitigate:	
5		(1) The validity of the determination against the same party as to whom the	
6		litigation was finally determined; or	
7		(2) The cause of action, claim, controversy, or any of the issues of fact or law,	
8		determined or concluded by the final determination against the same party	
9		as to whom the litigation was finally determined;	
10	<u>C.</u>	Repeatedly files unmeritorious motions, pleadings, or other papers, conducts	
11		unnecessary discovery, or engages in any other tactics frivolous or intended to	
12		cause unnecessary burden, expense, or delay; or	
13	<u>d.</u>	Has previously been declared a vexatious litigant by any state or federal court of	
14		record in any action or proceeding.	
15	Procedure - Vexatious litigant.		
16	1. A pr	esiding judge may designate a vexatious litigant upon motion by the court or at the	
17	requ	uest of a party.	
18	2. If the presiding judge finds there is a basis to conclude an individual is a vexatious		
19	litige	ant and determines a prefiling order should be issued, the presiding judge shall	
20	issu	e a proposed prefiling order and proposed findings in support of the order.	
21	<u>3. An i</u>	ndividual determined by the presiding judge to be a vexatious litigant has fourteen	
22	day	s to file a written response to the proposed order.	
23	<u>4. If a</u>	response is filed, the presiding judge may grant a hearing on the proposed order. I	
24	<del>no r</del>	esponse is filed within fourteen days, or if the presiding judge concludes, following	
25	a response or any subsequent hearings, and there is a basis for issuing the order, the		
26	presiding judge may issue the prefiling order.		
27	Prefiling order - Contents - Penalty.		
28	- 1. The prefiling order may:		
29	a. Prohibit the vexatious litigant from filing any new litigation or any new documents		
30		in existing litigation in this state without first obtaining leave of a judge of the cour	
31	The state of the s	where the litigation is proposed to be filed.	

- b. Require the vexatious litigant to furnish security to assure payment of the moving party's reasonable expenses, costs, and attorney fees incurred in a pending action.
- c. Require the vexatious litigant to take any other action reasonably necessary.
- 2. A prefiling order must contain an exception to allow the subject of the order to file an application seeking leave to file.
- 3. Failure to comply with the terms of a prefiling order may be punished as a contempt of court.
- 4. If a vexatious litigant subject to a prefiling order files any new litigation without first obtaining the leave of the court, the court may summarily dismiss the action without notice.

### Procedure - New litigation and subsequent filings.

- 1. A vexatious litigant shall file an application for leave to file using the form approved by the state court administrator before filing new litigation or documents into existing litigation.
- 2. A court may permit the filing of new litigation or documentation into existing litigation only if it appears the litigation or document has merit and has not been filed for the purpose of harassment or delay.
- 3. If the court issues an order granting leave to file a new litigation or a document into existing litigation, a party's time to answer or respond will begin to run when the party is served with the order of the court and a copy of the new litigation or document.
  - 4. The clerk may not file any litigation presented by the vexatious litigant subject to a prefiling order unless the vexatious litigant first obtains an order permitting the filing. If the clerk mistakenly files the litigation without the order, any party may file a notice stating the plaintiff or complaining party in a disciplinary proceeding is a vexatious litigant subject to a prefiling order. The filing of the notice automatically stays the litigation. The litigation must be dismissed or denied unless the plaintiff or complainant, within ten days of the filing of the notice, obtains an order permitting the litigation to proceed. If a party is served with a new litigation but the action is not filed with the clerk, the party served is not required to respond to the new litigation unless the

5

8

10 11

12 13

14

16 17

15

18 19

20 21

22 23

24

litigation.

25

26 27

### Electronic filing.

A self-represented party who has been declared a vexatious litigant may not file documents electronically and may not be provided a user identification and password to access the state court electronic filing system. A self-represented vexatious litigant shall file all documents in paper format in compliance with all other rules of the court.

### Burden of proof - Entry of order restricting vexatious litigation.

- If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence an individual is a vexatious
   litigant, the court shall enter a prefiling order restricting the vexatious litigant from filing
   new litigation or filing documents within existing litigation without prior approval of the
   court.
- A prefiling order must:
  - a. Impose all costs of the vexatious litigation against the filing party; and
  - Award the opposing party reasonable attorney's fees and costs associated with responding to the vexatious litigant, including the cost of seeking the prefiling order.

### Roster.

The clerk of court shall provide a copy of any prefiling orders issued under this chapter to the state court administrator and each United States district court in the state. The state court administrator shall maintain a list of vexatious litigants subject to prefiling orders. Prefiling orders in effect under supreme court rule before August 1, 2025, remain in effect.

### Effect of prefiling order.

A prefiling order entered under this chapter supersedes any other order limiting or enjoining an individual's ability to file or serve papers or pleadings in any North Dakota state court

### Rules - Authority.

The supreme court shall adopt rules to implement this chapter.

SECTION 2. EMERGENCY. This Act is declared to be an emergency measure.